INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

VOL. XXIV NO. 214 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 9 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Council Disapproves Govt.'s Famine Policy

Inadequate Measures For Relief

Rs. 50 LAKHS NEEDED TO MEET SITUATION

Adjournment Motion Carried Without Division

POONA, September 8.

An adjournment motion to discuss the Government's "unsatisfactory and inadequate" measures to relieve famine conditions in parts of the Presidency was carried without a division in the Bombay Legislative Council this afternoon.

Premature!

Khan Bahadur D. B. Coopet, Revenue Member, opposing declared that the motion was premature. Referring to the Government communique on the drought situation, he pointed out that Government had taken necessary steps to relieve the situation. Government were watching the position and every possible timely relief would be given.

No More "Wait & See"

Speakers supporting the motion criticised the "wait and see policy" and declared that relief should be immediately given. They urged Government to open relief centres. The two lakhs of rupees which had been allotted was not enough to meet the situation fully. At least fifty lakhs was necessary.

Motion Carried

Closure was applied and the motion was put to vote and carried amid applause, Government not challenging a division.

The Council then adjourned till to-morrow.

Details On Page 8

GREETINGS TO Sr. CABELLERO

Indian Labour Leaders Wish Him Success In Crisis

SIMLA, Sept. 8.

On behalf of the Indian workers, Messrs. N. M. Joshi, V. V. Giri, M.L.A.'s. and Shiva Rao have sent a cablegram congratulating M. Cabellero, who has been appointed Premier of Spain. They wish him success in the present crisis.

COLLEAGUE AT GENEVA

M. Cabellero was for several years a member of the Workers' Group at the International Labour Conferences at Geneva and invariably sided with the Indian workers' delegates.—United Press.

Visit Of Avenol And Polish Official Gives Rise To Press Speculations

PARIS, Sept. 8.

The press is centring interest on Italy where there are two visits of international importance to-day. M. Avenol, the Secretary-General of the League, is visiting the Foreign Office, and the Polish Inspector-General, Rydssmigly is visiting Venice. The press foreshadows that these events signal the return of Italy to international co-operation whereby particularly is meant co-operation with France.—Reuter.

Senor Largo Caballero (centre, the present Socialist Premier of Spain.

Govt. 'Putsch' Leads To Rebel Retreat

MADRID MASTER OF HUESCA

Caballero Explains Attitude Towards "Humanising"

MADRID, September 8.

A communique claims that Government forces are masters of a great part of Huesca and that the insurgents have withdrawn to the centre of the town, where they are organising resistance in the largest of modern buildings.

Storming Buildings

Government artillery is completing the destruction of certain buildings of the Military College and Towers in Alcazar and Toledo, where the cadets are beseiged.

Bombardment Of Towers

Twelve large bombs were dropped yesterday and two 9x-inch guns are bombarding the Towers, two of which have collapsed and the front Tower is on the verge of destruction.—Reuter.

MOVE TO HUMANISE WAR

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, Sept. 8.

The Spanish Government's attitude with regard to the question of "humanising war" is stated to be due to the fact that the Burgos' Junta has not yet appointed a representative to continue negotiations, while Senor Caballero is understood to desire the return of the Diplomatic Corps to Madrid.

The Diplomatic Conference is at present marking time until Madrid is ready to resume the talks.—Reuter.

EXCHANGE OF SHOTS BY LISBON FORT

LONDON, Sept. 8.

Exchange of shots between a warship, whose nationality is not stated, and the Lisbon Fortress is reported in messages to private circles in London. Shells are stated to have been falling in Lisbon harbour.

Telephonic communication between London and Lisbon has been interrupted.—Reuter

LISBON TAKES PRECAUTIONS

LISBON, Sept. 8.

A state of precaution has been formally proclaimed. Troops are confined to barracks, strategic points are occupied and police are guarding Ministries and public buildings.

Six persons have been killed and nine wounded in the morning's bombardment.—Reuter.

PORTUGUESE SAILORS MUTINY

But Govt. Acts Quickly And Arrests Mutineers

LISBON, Sept. 8.

A portion of the crews of the Portuguese sloop "Alfonso Albuquerque" and the destroyer "Dao" mutinied this morning. Government who was informed acted quickly and ordered the shore batteries to open fire. The warships replied but were damaged and were subsequently towed into shallow water in Tagus. The mutineers were arrested. Other precautions taken in Lisbon proved unnecessary and all is now reported quiet throughout the country. Tourists on the British steamers "Asturias" and "Strathmore" had a thrilling view of the bombardment. The "Strathmore" which was entering Tagus when the bombardment opened manoeuvred rapidly and fullsteamed from Tagus Bar.—Reuter.

SAN SEBASTIAN TO SURRENDER

ST. JEAN DE'LUZE, Sept. 8.

There is a strong suggestion that the Governor of San Sebastian is prepared to surrender the town if the insurgents guarantee an amnesty. Refugees reaching St. Jean De Luze state that Basque Nationalists are alarmed at the prospect of the town being burned.—Reuter.

Earlier Cables

"HUMANISING" OF CIVIL WAR

ST. JEAN DELUZ, Sept. 8.

It is understood that the work of the diplomatic conference, which is striving to "humanise" the Civil War, is hampered by the attitude of Madrid Government, whose representative is still here, but is apparently disallowed by Signor Francisco Largo, Caballero's new Cabinet.

It is reported that Madrid is at present unwilling to reach an agreement, and the latest suggestions of the diplomatic corps have met with emphatic refusal.—Reuter.

REBELS' AIR-RAIDS RECURRING

MADRID, Sept. 8.

The rebels' air-raids are recurring, causing the authorities to take extensive measure to meet the danger.

Street lamps are painted black and blue.

Air-raid shelters have been provided at various points.

Under-ground stations are open throughout the night and food shortage is assuming serious proportions, while the British-American club has been forced to close down owing to the greatly reduced membership.—Reuter.

CLASSIFICATION MUST GO

Immediate Demands For Political Prisoners' Day

WARDHAGANJ, Sept. 8.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Political Prisoners' Conference held in Lucknow, has issued the following statement regarding the observance of the Prisoners' Day fixed for September 13 by the Congress President:

"The Congress President has fixed Sunday, September 13, to be observed as an All-India Political Prisoners' Day. We know how the struggle for improving the treatment to political prisoners has been going on and how Sjt. Jatindra Das gave up his life for the cause. Some months ago Sjt. Jogesh Chatterji undertook a protracted hunger-strike and was persuaded to give it up on the promise that the public would take up the cause.

In my statement issued some time ago I pointed out four main points on which attention can be concentrated at present. I hope at the public meetings to be held in pursuance of the Congress President's appeal resolutions will be passed embodying the four main points viz.

(1) Abolition of classification of political prisoners into "A," "B" and "C" classes and their being placed in one class of political prisoners:

(2) The right of political prisoners to associate with one another in jail and for that purpose their concentration in one or more jails with liberty to meet one another;

(3) Supply of books and daily newspapers to political prisoners of all classes;

(4) Abolition of the Andamans or at any rate stoppage of political prisoners being sent there without their consent.

Arrangement is being made to establish a library at Lucknow from which books would be sent to political prisoners wherever needed. I trust the "Day" may be utilized for collecting books for the purpose from the public. The cause is just and people owe it to themselves to create such overwhelming public opinion for ameliorating their condition that Government may not ignore it.

I hope and trust the President's appeal will meet with the response it so rightly deserves.—United Press.

American Cotton Bureau Report

Bullish Effect On World Markets

NEW YORK, September 8.

Cotton displayed considerable steadiness to-day in anticipation of a lower crop estimate which induced a fairly good trade, and foreign buying with very little hedging pressure.

Fresh Strength

After the release of Government Bureau figures the market gathered fresh strength due to the very bullish nature of the report, resulting in a continued stream of buying orders both from trade and foreign interests as a result of which prices rose sharply and maintained a continued upward tendency.

Prices Advanced

Operations in October commenced at 11.62, that is, 11 points higher than the previous closing. Prices advanced on trade and foreign buying coupled with steadier Liverpool cables, while on the publication of the Government report estimating production at 11,121,000 bales the market took on a very bright appearance, causing October to soar spectacularly to 12.20.

Hedge-Selling

But the higher level attracted some hedge selling and liquidation which resulted in October falling back gradually to 12.11. But the undertone kept steady.. The market finally closed at 12.14 with a rise of 63 points.

The Bureau Figures

The figures published by the Bureau Report were as under:—

	To-day's Report	Previous Report.
Crop Bales	11,121000	12,481,000
Condition	59.1	72.3
Yield per acre	179.2	199.7
Ginning	1374000	41170

EFFECT ON LOCAL MARKET

BOMBAY, September 8.

Prices registered a sharp rise in the local market on the publication of the Bureau Report. Broach cotton for April/May delivery which had advanced to Rs. 214-12 from Rs. 213-8 before the report, soared up to Rs. 221 after the announcement of Bureau figures. There was considerable profit-taking at the advance, resulting in the price going down to Rs. 218-12. Renewed fresh buying on continued strength in the New York market caused a rally to Rs. 221-8. The rate at midnight was Rs. 220-8.

LIVERPOOL COTTON FIRM

Liverpool cotton was also firm and closed with a rise of 30 points.

HANDS OFF ELECTIONS

Assam Govt.'s Stringent Orders To Its Officials

SHILLONG, Sept. 8.

The Assam Government has issued a circular prohibiting Government Officers from taking any part in the coming elections except casting their own votes or acting as Polling or Presiding Officers.

Anyone found doing otherwise would be suspended or dismissed.—United Press.

TRANSPORT STRIKE IN BENARES

"Ekka" And "Tonga" Drivers' Protest Against Police

BENARES, Sept. 8.

An almost complete hartal was observed to-day by 'ekka' and 'tonga' drivers in protest against grievances regarding the police. They intend to continue the hartal till their grievances are redressed. Motor buses, however did not participate in the strike and reaped a rich harvest.—A.P.

TRAGEDY IN GANGES

BENARES, Sept. 8.

An unconfirmed report says that a boat sank in the Ganges near the village Chatauni, Benares District, yesterday and seven women and two men were drowned.—A.P.

Evacuation Of Women And Children

HENDAYE, September 8.

Women and children are rapidly evacuating San Sebastian. Hundreds have already embarked while ships are ready to carry many more to different Spanish Ports. The authorities have apparently been successful in preventing Anarchists and other extremists from sacking the shops and burning buildings.—Reuter.

St. Leger Final Callover

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Sept. 8

St. Leger final callover:—5/4 Rhodes Scholar, 7/2 Mahmoud taken and offered, 100/7 Fearless Fox and Thankerton offered both, 15/1 taken; 15/1 Raeburn offered, 16/1 taken; 18/1 His Grace; 20/1 Boswell; 22/1 Esquemeling taken and offered; 40/1 Columcille offered 45/1 taken; 66/1 Foxfield taken and offered; 66/1 Magnet. 100/1 Haulfryn, Fizarro and Plastercast offered.

PREPARING CASE FOR WAGE-CUT

Ahmedabad Millowners And Labour Representatives Confer

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 8.

An informal conference between the Committee of the Millowners Association and Secretaries of the Labour Association was held today to consider the question of a wage-cut in Ahmedabad cotton mills.

It is understood that the Committee of the Millowners Association will prepare its case for a wage-cut for the Labour Association's consideration.—A. P

NEW PORT FOR GUJARAT

DHOLERA, September 8.

Considerable expansion of trade in Gujarat is expected with the opening next month of the Dholera Port, which is very near to Ahmedabad.

According to a correspondent, a deputation of Dholera and Dhandaka merchants led by Mr. Iswarlal Vyas interviewed the Collector of customs and discussed with him the arrangements at the new port. The new port is very near to the open sea.—A.P.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR PALESTINE

LONDON, September 8.

Gen. Dill, accompanied by Col. H. J. Simson as Chief of Staff, will command the forces in Palestine consisting of 11 infantry battalions and two cavalry regiments in addition to tanks and engineers.

The re-inforcements will consist of twelve infantry battalions plus engineers etc., commanded by Maj.-Gen. Armitage who is taking the whole of the Headquarters Staff of the First Division. The first re-inforcements will sail on Saturday.—Reuter.

Wartime German General Dead

HAMBURG, Sept 8.

Death has occurred of Gen. Victor Franke aged 70 commander of the German forces in South West Africa in wartime.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

LEAGUE FOOTBALL RESULTS.

LONDON, Sept. 8.

The following are the League Football results:—

FIRST DIVISION

Grimsby 3, Chelsea 0.

THIRD DIVISION (NORTHERN SECTION)

Southport 2, Carlisle 1.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE

FIRST DIVISION

Falkirk 5, Queens of South 2.

Partick 5, Queen's Park 1.

St Mirren 2, St. Johnstone 1.

—Reuter.

RAINFALL

There has been a regular downpour of rain since 12 midnight upto 3 a.m. to-day. As we go to press the rainfall is continuing. Reports of flooded roads in the low lying areas of the city were received. Though no official figures were available, it is estimated that there must have been at least 3 inches of rain from 8 A.M. on Tuesday to 3 A.M. on Wednesday.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

A Young Professor wants to marry lady with considerable means. Any community. Correspondence confidential. Write fully to Box 6900, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Clerk, Accountant, Motor-mechanic driver, Draughtsman, Sub-Asst. Surgeon and M.B.B.S. Doctor, on Rs. 60. Apply Goldwyn (India) Co., Mahendra Mansion, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (6908).

Wanted—Stenographers, Clerks, Accountants, Engineers, Spinning-Weaving Masters, Teachers, Doctors, Nurses, consult Royal Service Agency, 14, Hamam Street, 2nd floor, Fort, Bombay. (6907).

Wanted Cashier immediately for business house. Apply stating salary. Security in cash Rs. 500 essential. Box No. 6898, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted unemployed persons of all grades and qualifications to consult for appointments with Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri Road, Delhi. (6902).

Wanted Safe Deposit Vault Expert to layout, erect and work in up-country. Apply Box No. 6899, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Graduate Clerk, preferably in Mathematics. Starting pay Rs. 60. On confirmation Rs. 60-3-90 with Provident Fund benefits. Must be under 25 years. Apply in own handwriting with full particulars to Post Box No. 1002, Bombay. (3896).

Wanted Assistant Spinning Masters for an Upcountry Cotton Mill. Apply with copies of testimonials and salary excepted to Box No. 6889, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted one Christian Graduate on handsome salary to work as an Organiser of one old Life Office. Influential and Respectable persons need only apply Box No. 6853, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Manager for a period of one year in the first instance on a salary upto Rs. 250 per mensem according to qualification. Only those who had held high posts in leading Banks need apply. Retired men preferred. Decent security may be required. Applications with testimonials will be received upto the end of September, 1936. Secretary, the Vysya Bank, Ltd., Sri Krishnarajendra Road, Bangalore City. (6905).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

For Sugar Factories: Sugar Technologist with foreign qualification and long experience of big Indian Factories is just free to take charge of Manufacturing as well as Engineering Dept. of one or more factories conveniently situated. Can also arrange entire staff. For terms apply to Box No. 6810, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

To let a commodious Bungalow with servants' quarters and garage on the Nepean Sea Road. Apply Box No. 6906, "Bombay Chronicle."

To let first and ground floor of two Bungalows in Paruck Wadi, Vithalbhai Patel Road. Only recently vacated after many years. Spacious accommodation. For Hindus only. (6886).

Available for Hindus, well-ventilated rooms, blocks. Rent moderate. Apply Ambalal Parikh, Advocate, Mathuradas Building, Jambulwadi, Kalbadevi. (6868).

To let Godown, 1st October. Bake House Lane, off Forbes Street, Fort, Apply Doongursee and Sons, C|o Messrs David Sassoon and Co., 59 Forbes Street, Fort. (6834).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping and Accountancy. Princess Street corner. Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (6880).

"Desai's Coaching Classes" for Senior Cambridge, Matriculation, and University Examinations at Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao. Bombay. (6883).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

For Sale—Homoeo. Books, Second-hand Allen-Encyclopaedia of pure Materia Medica. 10 vols. 150|-; Baehr-Science of Therapeutics 2 Vols. 22|-; Gentry-Concordance Repertory. 6 Vols. 50|-; Goodno-Practice of Medicine. 2 Vols. 20|-; King History of Homoeopathy. 4 Vols. 16|-; Ludlam-Diseases of Women, pages 1029. 15|-; Raue-Pathology. 1st Ed. pages 644. 5|-; Small-Practice of Medicine, pages 900. 12|-; Wood-Text Book of Gynecology, 1st Ed. pages 858, 6|-; C. Ringer & Co., 23 Lall Bazar Street, Calcutta. (3708)

68. PARTNERSHIPS.

Wanted Lodging Partner for Charcoal and General Business in Suburbs. Apply Box 6885, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Respectable Youngman as Partner. Cash Investment Rs. 300 essential. Very Paying Business. Apply Box 6891, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Partner in the Managing Agency of Progressive Life Insurance Company. (Rs. 35,000 already deposited with Govt.) Also Underwriter to sell shares. Communicate Box 6892, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted—Influencial Youngmen as Chief Agents and organisers. Handsome terms. Up-to-date schemes. Distinguished directorate. Security deposited with Government Rs. 35,000. Apply:—Agency organiser, Central Popular Assurance Ltd., Post Restante, Bombay. (6890)

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Gandhi Predictions.—State your time and date of birth or writing or any flower. One year reading with character Re. 1. Five years Rs. 2-8-0. Extensive Rs. 8. Testimonials highest from world. Prof. Sanjivarao (Predictor of Gandhiji's release). The Great Indian Astrological Hall, Kasimkota, Vizag. District (S. India.) (6807).

136. SILK-COTTON-WOOL.

Novelty in Sarie Borders—Brocade Sarie borders in silk, half-fine, and real gold and silver thread in various registered patterns and colours recently introduced by the Swadeshi Silk & Ribbon Mills Co., Benares, can be had from Messrs. Kanti Lal & Co., Mulji Jetha Market, Chandra Chawk, Bombay 2. (6806).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Gelotube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (6836).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Ample scope to earn, with less trouble, for enthusiastic and intelligent people, Apply Box No. 6881, 'Bombay Chronicle".

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per column inch Per insertion.

1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

We, the undersigned Dalal Jadavji Hathising, Dalal Jesukhlal Jadavji and Dalal Rasiklal Jadavji do hereby inform the public that from first Bhaderwa sud first s.y. 1992, we are willingly separated from each other and as we three do our own business separately, each one is responsible for his own dealings. I, Dalal Jadavji Hathising further beg to inform that as mentioned above I have separated my two sons Dalal Jesukhlal Jadavji and Dalal Rasikhlal Jadavji from me and I am not responsible for their dealings with any one who deals with them.

Bombay, dated this 3rd day of September, 1936.

3895

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Public Notices.

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

1. SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the following works for the Proposed New Club House for the Cricket Club of India, Ltd. on Plot No. 22, Backbay Reclamation, Block No. II, Bombay.
(a) General Building Work.
(b) Sanitary Work.

2. Tender forms can be obtained from the Offices of the Chartered Architects, Messrs. Gregson, Batley & King, Chartered Bank Building, Bombay on payment of Rs. 10 for each copy.

3. Tenders must reach the Offices of the Architects on or before noon MONDAY, the 21st instant with a cash deposit of Rs. 5,000 for the General Building Work and a cash deposit of Rs. 1,000 for the Sanitary work.

4. The Managing Committee of the Cricket Club of India, Ltd. do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender. The Committee will not enter into any correspondence regarding tenders.

"By Order of the Committee,
A. S. DE MELLO,
Honorary Secretary."
3893.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Sub-Section 7 of Section 19 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as modified up to date, notice is hereby given that the list of persons appearing to be entitled to be enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll as voters of Wards has been published in every Municipal Office as required by Sub-Section 6 of the aforesaid Section.

Copies of the list may be obtained on payment of a fee of Rs. 21 per complete copy, or Rs. 3 per copy of an individual ward list, at the Electoral Department, City Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road.

(1) Any person whose name has been omitted and who claims to have his/her name inserted in the said list (which can only be done in any one ward), or who (his/her own name being entered in the list) objects to any other person as not being entitled to have his/her name retained therein, or who desires to declare his/her choice of the ward in which he/she wishes to vote, or to apply that his/her name be entered in the list as a representative of an undivided family, association or body of individuals, should send in his/her claim, objection or applications as the case may be,

And

(2) Any firm or Company, other than a Joint Stock Company, desiring to have the name of its partner authorised to vote at the election (a person other than a partner of the Firm or Company concerned cannot be so authorised) inserted in the Roll, or to alter the name of the representative appearing in the List, should apply to the Election Officer at the Address above stated on or before the 1st October, 1936. Communications received after 5 p.m. (Bombay Time) on that date will not be accepted.

Every objector should specify the ground on which he/she denies the right of any person to be entered in the Roll, the evidence which he/she intends to lead, the address of the person objected to, and his/her number in the Ward List.

All claims for enrolment should be supported by the production of rent bills for April, 1936.

I. H. TAUNTON,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices
Bombay, 31st August, 1936.

3877.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF GOODWILL OF ROYAL FURNISHING AND DECORATING CO., AND ABDULLA D. HASAM & CO.

By order of Ardeshar Shapurji Narielwalla, Esq., the Mortgagee, and on account and risk of the Mortgagors Abdulla D. Hasam & Co., and Royal Furnishing and Decorating Co. (at present insolvents) traded in Chakla Street, as Decorators, Furnishers and Contractors, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO. will sell by Public Auction above Goodwill on MONDAY, 14th September, 1936, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. BAPUJI DORABJI DARUWALLA of Bombay, has agreed with my client for the absolute sale to him of the piece of land admeasuring 2,348 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Bandivli, Taluka South Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, bearing Survey Number 17, Pot Numbers 3 and 4 (parts), together with the structures, standing thereon, free from all incumbrances whatsoever. The said piece of land is bounded on the North by the property of the Purchaser, on the South by the property of Mr. K. B. Pardeshi, on the East by the property of B. B. and C I. Railway, and on the West by the Ghodbunder Road.

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest or estate, in the said piece of land or any portion thereof or the structures standing thereon, by way of bequest, charge, charity, exchange, inheritance, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, occupation, share, trust, Decree, attachmcnt, sale, wahiwat, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, Advocate for the Purchaser, at his office in "Vasant Niwas" Building at Andheri, Bombay Suburban District, within fourteen days from the date hereof. Otherwise the sale will be completed at the expiry of the said period, without any reference to any such claim or claims, and the same, if any, will be deemed and considered to have been knowingly waived.

Dated the 8th of September, 1936.

GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL,
B.A., LL.B.,
Advocate, High Court.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

GRAND AUCTION SALE of complete bungalow furniture made by well-known makers, radio, piano, gramophone, refrigerator, marble figures, electric lights and fans, Godrej safe, garden plants such as Roses, Dahlias, etc., at "Polo View." No. 11, Staunton Road, Poona.

Under instruction from Mrs. K. B. Dastur, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on Sunday, the 13th September, 1936, from 10 a.m. to 1 noon and from 3 to 5 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the above mentioned place very valuable and handsome household furniture made by Benjamin, Wimbridge, Devji Canji and others such as sliding dining-table, sideboards, chairs, rich cut glassware, one open-carved screen, modern style Chesterfield suites, carpets, cabinets, marble and terracota figures, sweet-toned cottage piano by Schiedmayer and Sohane, in very good condition, Zenith Radio, His Master's Voice full size cabinet gramophone, wooden beds, mirror and panel door almyrahs, dressing chests of drawers, lady's triple-mirrored modern style dressing tables, roll top-writing table, revolving chair, water filter, etc.

The property is on view.

BENNETT & CO.,

Legal Notices.

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. SHAPURJI A. BANKER, Administrator of the Estate of the deceased HORMUSJI ARDESHIR BANKER has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance lease residence, use, maintenance, charge or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with all messuages tenements and appurtenances situate, lying and being in the Bombay Suburban District and the Registration Sub-District of Bandra at the foot of Palli Hill, Bandra, near New Kantwadi Scheme and registered in the Books of the Collector under Old Survey No. 244, Pot No. 8 and New Survey No. 244, Hissa No. 10, admeasuring in area according to latest Collector's plan 2875 square yards and bounded, on or towards the North by the property of Mr. Kambatta, South by the property of the Salsette Catholic Housing Society and partly by the new Road, East by the property of Salsette Catholic Housing Society bearing Survey No. 244, Hissa No. 9 and West by the property of the late David Gonsalves, bearing Survey No. 245, Hissa No. 2.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, being portions or parts of plots Nos. 175 and 176 in the Society's Estate Plan No. 1 and containing by admeasurement in all 540 square yards or thereabouts, situate, lying and being at Danda in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, in the Bombay Suburban District and bounded as follows:—i.e. to say, on or towards the North partly by the property of the Society and partly by the property of Hormusji Ardeshir Banker, on or towards the South by the new extensions of St. Paul's Road, on or towards the East partly by the property of the Society, being the remaining portion of plot No. 175 and partly by St. Andrew's Road, and on or towards the West by the property of Hormusji Ardeshir Banker.

Dated this 8th day of September, 1936.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

LAUREL
and
HARDY
in 90 mad merry moments
"BOHEMIAN GIRL"
A Metro-Goldwyn full length latest comedy at
PLAZA
TO-NIGHT 6-30 & 10 p.m.

ROXY
New Queens Rd.
5-15, 8 and 10-45 p. m.
Matinee at 2-45 p.m. on Friday (KHURDAD SAL HOLIDAY)
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Achhut Kanya
Starring:
DEVIKA RANI
ASHOK KUMAR
Moving Tale of a Harijan girl's romance and sacrifice
8th WEEK

CHANDRAMOHAN'S
Personal Appearance on the Stage at
KRISHNA
if it takes place will surprise his admirers to find him absolutely different from "Rajguru". "Mahant" from "Amritmanthan" and "Dharmatma" respectively.
"AMAR JYOTI"
PRABHAT'S Great Sea-Picture splendidly shows out his abilities in his role of "Durjay," the one-legged villain.
Directed by V. SHANTARAM
the great picture in its
10TH GLORIOUS WEEK
at
KRISHNA
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and holidays.

YOU MUST SEE
SAVKARI PASH
SHALINI CINETONE'S
great musical rural super
praised by
PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU, SIR RAHEMTULLA CHINOY, ACHARYA KIRPALANI, and other celebrties.
The picture that depicts in truest colours the woes and pleasures (?) of Indian Peasant life
Directed by
BABURAO PAINTER
It's now in its
4TH GLORIOUS WEEK
at
MAJESTIC
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and holidays.

Coming!
Next Saturday
Like a thunderbolt in Indian Movie-land.
SEE MASTER
CHANDRARAO KADAM
INDIAN TARZAN
in
Bharat-ka-Lal
OR
Hot Blood
COMING NEXT SATURDAY TO
MINERVA
TALKIES Lamington Road
Harishchandra Rao
ARTS Cinetone
presents
with
Miss PHIROZA,
Comedian
BHAGWAT
Miss KHATUN
S. NAVAZ
SADIK

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Coroner's Jury delivered a verdict of death due to Intestinal Tuberculosis in the case of Gangaram Narasanna who died on 23rd August, after complaining of stomach ache.

It was suspected that some poison was administered in his food. But no poison was detected during medical examination.

A labourer who was admitted into the J. J. Hospital on 22nd August for opium poisoning, later developed Tuberculosis of the lungs and died yesterday.

The Coroners jury to-day delivered a verdict of death due to Tubercle lungs (natural cause).

The R. M. O of the hospital was of opinion that death was due to the aforesaid cause as the man survived for 16 days after opium poisoning.

The order for 5,000 tolas weight of silver articles placed by Mrs. Birla with a firm of silver merchants, the rejection of certain articles and the theft from the firm of some of the articles were mentioned at the Girgaum Court to-day.

The Manager of the firm, at Bholwada, executed the order for silver articles placed with them.

When they were taken to the bungalow, articles of the weight of about 1,500 tolas were rejected as they were not to her satisfaction.

These articles were kept by the firm. All of them bore the trade mark 'T-100.'

When the articles were looked for some days later, some of them were missing.

Enquiries were instituted, a Marwari was traced, and on an entry in his book, one Natwarlal Manilal, was arrested.

Natwarlal's bail application was rejected by Mr. I. N. Mehta at the Girgaum Court to-day.

Pending further investigations, a remand for 14 days in Police custody was ordered.

How a Parsi lady and her two daughters were disturbed in their slumber at 1 a.m. to-day and frightened by the presence of a night-intruder, was related at the Mazagaon Court to-day.

The stealthy meanderings of the intruder in the flat of the Parsi family, on the 2nd floor of a building at Nawab Tank Bridge, were the immediate cause of the disturbance.

The complainant on noticing the accused, Mahomed Shakoor Khudabux, raised an alarm whereupon it was alleged he escaped from the building holding the inmates at bay with a pointed knife.

Two constables of the Byculla section however responded to the alarm and arrested the accused.

Pending enquiries about the antecedents of the accused, he was remanded into police custody till the 15th instant.

The discovery of a bazaar bag on the ground floor of a building at Tardeo Road furnished the clue to the absence of a domestic servant for considerable time.

Vincent Coutinho, the servant, had asked for some money to purchase things from the bazaar. The lady of the house gave him three rupees. Thereupon, he left with the bag and did not return.

Later the bag was found on the ground floor of the house and it was notice that the accused had taken away his belongings by a back door.

The servant is implicated by the complainant in the theft of Rs. 30 four days before the incident.

Vincent was remanded at the Girgaum Court to-day.

Ahasmal Haq Inamul Haq, a domestic servant, who it is alleged stob Rs. 300 and some clothing belonging to his employer and was arrested at Jhansi was produced before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day, and remanded in custody.

The story of how three persons ran amok and stabbed two persons one after another in the same buildings, was narrated at the Mazagoan Court to-day.

It was alleged that one Baddha Mansur proceeded to the first floor of B. T. T. Chawl No. 14, St. Mary's Road and stabbed in the back one Parma Jewa with a knofe while he was sitting on a cot in the verandah of the chawl.

It was further alleged that the accused Baddha went down where his companions Lakhoo Lala and Vishram Mansur joined him and all of them proceeded together to the room of one Jetta Govind and called him out, but, he refused to come out, whereupon Baddha again went in and stabbed him too in the back while he was lying on the floor.

Both the injured persons were removed to the J. J. Hospital where they are being treated. The condition of Jetta is reported to be serious.

All the three accused, arrested by the Byculla Police yesterday and this morning, were remanded till the 22nd instant.

So far no causes have come to light in regard to these stabbings.

GUJERATI DRAMAS FOR PATETI WEEK

"Slaves Of Fashion" Staged At Ripon Theatre

The popularity of cinema films in Bombay has practically ousted from the field Indian dramas composed in Urdu or Gujerati, and staged principally by Parsis. Gone are the halcyon days of the latter half of the last century (and even the first decade of the present century) when the names of the Parsi giants—Balliwala, Khatao, Ogra and Appoo, to mention only a few—were household words for their wonderful acting, and or singing, which drew crowded houses repeatedly. Perhaps we shall never see those days back. We all have to submit to Time's inexorable decree.

It is still a comforting thought that there are still a number of dramatists and playwrights among the Parsis who keep alive the tradition, in their humble ways. In this festive season of the New Year they staged a few dramas which were much appreciated and which prove that given proper encouragement something like a return to the old proud days is not an impossibility. One of these dramas was "Fashionna Ghulam" ("Slaves of Fashion"), written in Gujerati, by the well-known playwright, Mr. R. F. Sethna and staged on Saturday, at Ripon Theatre, Bombay, by the "Parsi Dramatists", under the able direction of the veteran Mr. Munchersha Pochkhanawala the moral of the drama is to stress the rack and ruin and dishonour which follow the track of the mad devotees of Goddess Fashion who stake their all for satisfying their sartorial and decorative tastes, at all costs. The plot is well laid, its denouement realistic, and the tragic inevitable sequel, instructive. The comic part of the play is exhilarating, showing incidentally that the mundane life is a strange combination of tragedy and comedy. All the players, amateurs all, who would do credit to any band of professionals acquitted themselves well, Pochkhanawala, Falli Master, H. Hathiram, Minoo Mukadam (in the role of "Mehelli," the Gay Lothario of the piece) S. Hathiram, B. Shroff, and D. Tata (another Gay Lothario) distinguishing themselves. The play was repeated on the New Year Day (Sunday) and will again be performed on Khordad Sal Day (Friday next).

Another successful play entitled "Chasam Chore" written by a lady, Mrs. Zini Paymaster—a welcome sign of the times—was staged at Victoria Theatre, also on Saturday and Sunday. There were some more special shows, which together made a really enjoyable Pateti week.

Mr. Chimanlal Desai, proprietor, Sagar Film Co., Sabita Devi, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mrs. Munshi photographed on the occasion of the "Zenana Show" at the Imperial yesterday.

Film Star Speaks Of Her Art

The Imperial Cinema had a special "Zenana Show" of the Sagar film "Jivan Lata" on Monday, when more than 900 ladies were present. Prominent among those present were the Secretaries of Bhatia Women Association, Gujarati Stree Mandal, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mrs. Jayshree Rayajee, Mrs. Hansa Mehta and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi.

During the interval the star of the film, Sabita Devi, came on the stage accompanied by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi.

Mrs. Munshi said that there is no necessity of introducing Sabita Devi, because all of them had seen her pictures.

Miss Sabita, the speaker continued, had the great ambition of improving the Indian film industry and was striving for that with her heart and soul. The pictures given by her through Sagar up till now proved her ability.

The Sagar Movietone was really proud for possessing an artiste like Sabita Devi.

Sabita Speaks.

Amidst loud cheers Sabita Devi spoke a few words saying that she was much pleased with her own sister's appreciation of her art.

She said that she received numerous letters asking how she acts in different roles and what effect it produces on her heart.

"I tell you to-day that as long as we do not mix our soul with the character given to us, we cannot give full justice to it. The artificial powder and modern make-up does not serve the fulfilment of highest art. And I tell you that one good picture creates an eternal influence on the mind of people which ten to fifteen years of reading and experience would fail to produce."

She said she would like to see educated girls of high families throwing away curtains of orthodoxy and to take to Indian art. Film line was in no way degrading when one's heart was pure.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu praised the highest form of art displayed by Sabita Devi and congratulated her for her achievement. She wished the star all success.

As several ladies were unable to witness this "Zenana Show" on account of the rush for seats, another "Zenana Show" has been arranged for Monday next when Sabita Devi will again make a personal appearance.

What Leads To Mediocre Film Production

(Continued from Page 9.)

of domestic details such as toilet etc., are not few. The princesses and the queens are almost invariably the girls and the women of the 20th century, in most cases awkwardly disfigured by certain grotesque costumes, and other crude kinds of ornaments. The producers have evolved certain laborious traditions in "preparing" these mythological heroes and heroines, and the traditions which are gaining firmer ground day after day, are surely holding in background the originality and the realistic imagination, that may emancipate the mighty figures from the 'clitche' of an outworn convention.

APING THE WEST.

If the make up in the case of the mythological pictures is spoiled by an incoherent mixture of the past and the present, those in the case of the social ones suffer from an enthusiasm to go to the other extreme. Imitation of the West under circumstances which by no means can justify such imitation has led so many producers to select make ups and costumes which hardly produce any convincing impression of the life that is lived from day to day. The fashionable is rendered hyperfashionable, and the vagaries of modern taste are exaggerated to an absurd extent. The first aim of the producer must, therefore be to create an impression of life, and the make ups and costumes must be such as are adapted to the general plan, and suited to strengthen the original impression.

If film production in India is to proceed on proper lines, as an expression of the cultural and the national life of the country, if it has got to leave to posterity a cultural heritage, it must ere long put itself in the proper channels, take every lesson from the best that is wherever found and strive to give to men the drama of their lives, as is lived from day to day, with all the loves and the joys, the cares and the oppressions, incorporating in them, as many hints to humanity towards a more proper and a more intense conduct of life.

"MANZIL" OR 'GIRI-DAHA'

(Continued from Page 9.)

having all the intensity that very 'life' can breathe.

"Manzil's" direction is utterly faultless, and I can see that Barua has laboured hard to compose the whole of 300 pages book of Sarat Babu into a brilliantly written script for the screen. You see the story smoothly running before your eyes, perhaps in more fascinating sequences, perhaps in more illuminating style—all the glories of camera and technique that intelligent director can offer.

Sarat Babu's characters in "Manzil", Mahim, Achala, Suresh and Mrinyal breathe in this brilliant production that only New Theatres Limited has the capacity to produce. You will see Jamuna as Achala, P. Barua as Mahim, Prithviraj as Suresh and Molina as Mrinal.

There are also K. C. Dey and famous Radio Queen, Harmati Devi.

This great social hit will be released at Roxy Talkies after "Achhut Kanya" through All-India Distributors.

"Manzil" or "Grihadah" is really an outstanding achievement that Indian screen-art can offer.

Passenger Pulls Alarm Chain As Child Was Left On Platform

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

A railway passenger who was prosecuted on a charge of pulling the chain because his 3-year-old son was left behind on the platform, was acquitted by a Bench of Honorary Magistrates at the Girgaum Court this morning.

The prosecution stated that Mr. Gaunbhirlal Jesraj Vora, of Princess Street, boarded the express at Ahmedabad on May 22 last.

Pulled Chain

He pulled the chain when the train had left the station, because his 3-year-old son was left behind.

The police charged him under section 108 of the Indian Railway Act.

At Ahmedabad, the accused stated, he took his son to the water-tap. While he was collecting water in a pot, his son had disappeared. He believed that the boy had gone to the compartment. He went to the compartment when the train whistled.

His wife asked him about the boy and he pulled the chain. The boy was found on the platform.

Mr. B. S. Thurkud, the Honorary Magistrate observed acquitting the accused: "I am positively of opinion that the excuse for pulling the emergency chain as given by the accused and admitted by the prosecution witnesses is a reasonable and sufficient cause.

Gift Of Offence

"It is argued that the child was left behind owing to accused's negligence. The gist of the offence is not accused's negligence but whether the accused had sufficient and reasonable cause to pull the chain.

"Any person knowing human nature, when placed in the circumstances of the accused, leaving a child of 3 years behind on an intermediate station, would do the same."

He held that the accused had done nothing wrong and acquitted him.

He said in conclusion: "I might observe that the Railway Company should have considered this incident more sympathetically and would not have brought it before a Court."

ACHPAL MUSIC CLASS.

On Saturday last Mrs. Sarojini Naidu visited Achpal Music Class when Khan Saheb Buniad Husein Khan, the principal of the class, who is also a music director in Minerva Film Co., entertained the guest with vocal and instrumental music. Mrs. Naidu as well as other visitors were unanimous in their praise of his performance.

ACCESSION OF KING GHAZI

Consul-General's Party

To celebrate the Accession Day of His Majesty King Ghazi, the acting Royal Consul General for Iraq gave a tea party at the Royal Consulate General for Iraq, Admiralty House, Colaba on Tuesday. A large number of prominent citizens attended the party.

CHIKITSAK SAMOOHA

The Honorary Secretaries, Chikitsak Samooha, inform us that Messrs. Wagle Bros. have offered the Samooha a munificient donation of Rs. 21,000 for the purpose of erecting a spacious hall on the top floor of the building of the Samooha, at present under erection, for the Samooha's schools, in the name of their father, the late Mr. Dinanath Raghunath Wagle, J. P. The offer in question has been accepted by the Managing Committee with grateful thanks.

IMPORTANCE OF CULTURAL OUTLOOK

3 Arts Good-Bye Party To Atiya Begum On Departure For West

(From A Correspondent.)

3 Arts Good-bye Tea Party to meet Atiya Begum at Watsons on Sunday was largely patronized.

Atiya Begum after offering best wishes for the New Year and paying a high tribute to the chair, proceeded to explain the importance of a cultural outlook for removing the smallnesses of man which were the true hindrances to real affections and progress. The 3 Arts Academy would contribute to such a noble aim, and she hoped to see it an established fact soon.

She announced the council who would act during her absence, and reported connections established in London and America amidst acclamations.

Dr. Kumarappa, in the chair, laid stress upon the magnificent work of women which never failed and gave glowing instances of America's interest in India's cultures and arts, and the importance of intellectual world co-operation.

He was confident that the 3 Arts Academy would be founded and would achieve its noble purpose. He promised to contribute his bit.

The function broke up at a late hour amidst high enthusiasm.

FUNDS FOR MATCH FACTORY STRIKERS

Mr. N. V. Phadke writes:

The Strikers of the Western India Match Factory at Ambernath are firm in their resolve to stick to their demands.

Jwari and rice was distributed among the workers on Sunday. The Managing Committee of the Workers' Union is confident that with the help of the generous public they will be able to distribute grain among the workers, if necessary, for several weeks regularly.

Help for strikers' relief is coming in from all parts of India.

Contributions for strikers' relief now total Rs. 104.

The generous public is earnestly requested to contribute to the "strike relief fund" and support the just cause of the workers.

Bears'
HONEYDEW
CIGARETTES
There is only one reason for the great popularity of "Honeydew" and that is REAL TOBACCO VALUE OF CONSISTENT QUALITY. Many of your friends have been smoking "Honeydew" for years. Just try a packet and see for yourself how good they are.
BEARS'
HONEYDEW
CIGARETTES
PUSH THIS END
2½ annas per packet of 10

Parker
VACUMATIC
Hold pen to light and see when to refill.
Holds 102% more ink without increase in size.
Quink—the ink that cleans as it writes. Secret solvent dissolves sediment. No clogging. Perfect in all pens.
IMITATED BUT NEVER EQUALED . . . PARKER, THE MECHANICALLY PERFECT PEN
EVER since fountain pens were invented, the world has wanted a pen which would hold twice as much ink—show the level of ink at all times—and which would not run dry in the midst of writing.
The marvelous Parker Vacumatic at last brings you these longed-for improvements in a pen guaranteed mechanically perfect!
Working parts of the patented filling device are never touched by ink—hence cannot corrode and get out of order.
And only the Parker Vacumatic has the scratch-proof, two-way writing point of precious platinum combined with solid gold! It never drags, never pulls. Another feature that places the Vacumatic years ahead!
Don't be misled by attempts to imitate the World's Favorite Pen. You want only a Parker Vacumatic.
PRICES: Rs. 33; 25; 16-8.
At All Better Dealers.
Factory Sales Representatives:—
DODGE & SEYMOUR, LTD., 3, Wittet Road, BOMBAY.

Attack On Elementary Citizenship Rights

B. P. C. C. CONDEMNS BAN ON MASANI

No Congress Ticket To G. N. Desai; But Appeal To Support His Candidature

A resolution emphatically condemning the action of the Punjab Government in serving an order on Mr. M. R. Masani, (a member of the B.P.C.C.) asking him to leave Punjab within 24 hours, and considering such an action, as an attack on the most elementary rights of citizenship, was passed at a meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, held on Tuesday, at the Congress House, Bombay.

AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION

The B.P.C.C. considered the report of the Constitution Sub-Committee containing proposals for amendments to the Constitution of the B.P.C.C., consequent to the amendments of the Congress constitution adopted at the Lucknow session of the Indian National Congress, at a special meeting held earlier in the evening.

"C" WARD BYE-ELECTION

The President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee was authorised to issue an appeal to the electorate of the C (Bhuleshwar) Ward, to support the candidature of Mr. Ganpatishankar N. Desai, in the bye-election to the Bombay Corporation.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the B.P.C.C., was in the chair.

Co-option Of Members

Mr. P. R. Lele moved the various amendments to the constitution of the B.P.C.C. which were seconded by Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary, and were approved at the special meeting.

One important amendment related to the co-option of members of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

The amendment stated: "Delete the entire clause 1 (a) of Article IV, and substitute therefore the following clauses:

'At the meeting of the delegates for the City held under Article VII of the Constitution, in addition to the business referred to in the said Article, the delegates shall co-opt such number of members as will, with the delegates, be thirty.

'If there are more candidates than the number of members to be co-opted under the foregoing sub-rule, each delegate shall have as many votes as the members to be co-opted but shall not give more than one vote to one candidate.

'The delegates and the co-opted members shall, as early as may be, meet to elect from among themselves the President of the Committee, a Vice-President, two General Secretaries and a Treasurer by the process of elimination' "

According to another amendment, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will meet once in a month or oftener if found necessary, provided that it shall not be necessary to call a meeting during the month of May.

Special meetings of the Committee shall be called on a requisition in writing signed by not less than six (as against the five formerly), members of the Committee and specifying the object for which the meeting has been convened.

The quorum for a meeting of the Committee would be, hereafter, ten instead of seven hitherto.

NOTICE OF MEETINGS

Another modification is that "the notice of each meeting (of the B.P.C.C.) shall be issued ten clear days before the day of the meeting to the Secretaries of each District Council who shall in their turn issue the same to the appropriate members. The notice shall also be published by the Committee through the daily papers of the City."

This provision, it was stated, would do away with the need of circulating the notice of meeting, directly to the members, by the General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C.

It was decided that the Joint Sessions of the B. P. C. C., and the various District Councils in the city should be held in March, July and October, instead of in January, April (or June) and September, as formerly.

Mr. P. R. Lele then moved the amendment that "any duly qualified member on the rolls of the District Congress Committee concerned may be nominated for the office of a member of the Council".

After a brief discussion, the amendment was carried.

BYE-ELECTION TO CORPORATION

Immediately after the special meeting, the ordinary monthly meeting was held, with Mr. K. F. Nariman in the chair.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji moved a resolution recommending Congress ticket to Mr. G. M. Desai for the bye-election to the Bombay Municipality.

Mr. S. K. Patil explained that in the past, it was the usual practice that the B. P. C. C., issued appeals to the electorate to support only Congressmen as the B. P. C. C. did not officially decide on contesting the elections to the Corporation. In the case of Mr. Ganpatishankar, he wanted to say in fairness to Mr. Ganpatisankar, the matter was considered previously by the Secretaries of the B. P. C. C., and Mr. Ganpatishankar was opposed to the idea of bringing the question before the B. P. C. C. But as notice of resolution was given by a member of the B. P. C. C., it could not be held back from the members.

Mr. Patil moved an amendment that the President of the B. P. C. C., be authorised to issue an appeal requesting the electorate to support the candidature of Mr. Ganpatishankar Desai. The amendment was accepted.

BOMBAY'S QUOTA

A letter from the Congress Working Committee expressing the view that the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee should pay its quota of Rs. 1,000 per year, which could not be reduced, was read at the meeting, for the information of the members of the B. P. C. C. The Working Committee, however, stated that the amount could be paid in three instalments, which would facilitate payment.

An amount of Rs. 2,700 was sanctioned towards the purchase of a car for the B. P. C. C.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted without any speeches: "This meeting of the B. P. C. C., emphatically condemns the action of the Punjab Government, in serving an order on Mr. M. R. Masani (a member of the B. P. C. C.), asking him to leave the Punjab in 24 hours and considers it as an attack on the most elementary rights of citizenship."

WE RECOMMEND HEPILEX...

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Small Bottle Rs. 3.
Big Bottle Rs. 5-8.
Packing and Postage Extra.

HEPILEX is the world-recognised organic treatment for all forms of anaemias, Pernicious, Nutritional, Chlorotic and Toxic Infective.

HEPILEX Builds blood, increases the power of resistance to all infectious and contagious diseases and is the most effective tonic, known to the medical world, in convalescence and to regenerate new red blood cells. A week's use is enough to show a marked increase in weight and a positive improvement of the blood picture.

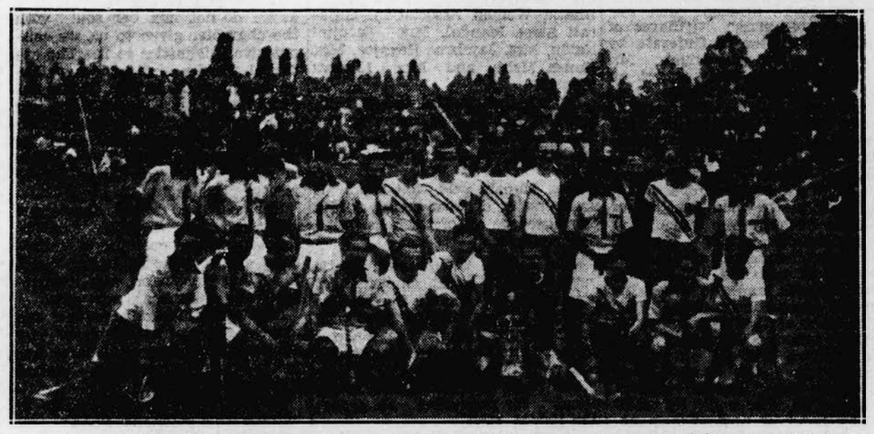
It is palatable and pleasant to take.

SOLD by all CHEMISTS.

LAXMIDAS DAHYABHAI & CO

The person who has lost a five-rupee note inside a restaurant in Medows Street area can get it from the manager or see M. Natarajan, 134 Medows Street, 2nd floor.

Members of the Indian Students' Association, Berlin, enthusiastically welcomed the Indian Olympic players at the railway station on their arrival at Berlin. The Indian national flag was honoured by the Berlin Indians by prominent display on the occasion.



INDIAN AND AMERICAN HOCKEY TEAMS, WHICH COMPETED AT THE BERLIN OLYMPIAD.

All-India players visited Horlick's factory at Slough last month and presented an autographed hat to the works' club. In the group are (left to right): S. J. Bannerjee, Sir Peter Horlick, L. Amar Singh, Major C. K. Nayudu, D. D. Hindlekar and W. R. Bowden, captain of Horlick's cricket team.

SHAMDASANI OVERRULED

Magistrate Upholds Validity Of Bank's Notice

Arguments whether the notice serviced on Mr. P. D. Shamdasani was bad in law were heard by Mr. I. S. Haji at the Mazagaon Court on Monday, at the resumed hearing of the case, in which Cir Hugh Cocke and three other Auditors of the Central Bank are charged with issuing a false balance-sheet.

The Magistrate ruled that the notice served on Mr. Shamdasani on September 4 last was not bad in law.

He also stayed his previous order giving the complainant liberty to inspect relevant accounts, more particularly, the Miscellaneous Adjustment Accounts, from the "Sundry Ledgers" of the Bank.

At the last hearing of the case, Mr. Shamdasani had stated that he had not received intimation of the Defence Councel's intention to pray for a stay of the order giving the complainant liberty to inspect the relevant accounts.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar, stated on Monday that a notice had been served on Mr. Shamdasani on September 4. He read out the notice and put in the notice and the acknowledgment.

Mr. Shamdasani said that the notice was bad in law. He said that the application was dated the 3rd instant while the notice was dated the 4th instant. The notice, he complained, referred to the petition made prior to the issue of the notice.

The order that the Court had made was for the purpose of inspection. Under Sec. 94 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the books which were held to be relevant and which contained evidence for the prosecution could be inspected by the prosecution. The Court could allow them to be looked into. The inspection would be of all the entries of all the books.

To be a good notice, Mr. Shamdasani continued, it should succeed the application and not precede it. Either the application was competent or incompetent. He submitted that it was 'incompetent'. A subsequent notice would be of no use. That would be depriving him of the fruits of his labour.

The writer of the notice, Mr. Shamdasani said, was confused in the mind when he drafted it. The notice was in respect of a bad application and the defence wanted to take their stand on a bad application.

"It is very paining to see," he added, "that the draftsman should have betrayed complete ignorance of the law. They can't blow hot and cold at the same time."

Mr. S. G. Velinkar, replying to Mr. Shamdasani's contentions stated that the application of Mr. Shamdasani was under section 6 of the Bankers' Book Evidence Act. The application was not under section 94 of the Criminal Procedure Code or under any other act.

Continuing, Mr. Velinkar said that the argument that the notice should precede the application was entirely wrong. So far as the arugment on Septeimber 3 last was concerned, he understood that Mr. Shamdasani had wanted notice. The matter was started obsolutely 'de novo.'

The Magistrate observed that he had read the provisions under the sections of the Bankers Books Evidence Act and the notice served on Mr. Shamdasani. He held that the notice could not be held to be bad in law.

Mr. Shamdasani appeared in person while Mr. Velinkar defended the accused.

Afghan Olympic Hockey Team Beaten

LONDON, Sept. 8.

The Cambridge Hockey Association beat Afghan Olympic team by five goals to one.—Reuter.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL RESULTS

LONDON, Sept. 7.

The following are the results of football matches played in League to-day:—

First Division:—Bolton 0, Preston 0; Charlton 2, Stoke 0.

Second Division:—Aston Villa 1, Nottingham Forest 1; Burnley 0, Fulham 2; Southampton 1, Doncaster 0; Swansea 2, Coventry 0.

Third Division (Southern Division)—Luton 2, Walsall 0; Notts County0, Crystal Palace 1.

Third Division (Northern Section)—Crewe 1, Chester 1; Halifax 2, Barrow 1; Oldham 1, Lincoln 0; Port Vale 3, New Brighton 1; Rotherham 9, Hull 0; Stockport 4, Gateshead 2; Tranmere 0, York 0.—Reuter.

FACILITIES FOR BACKWARD CLASSES

Kambli On Govt's. Educational Policy

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 8.

At question time in the Bombay Council to-day, replying to the question of Mr. Hanmantrao Desai the Finance Member said that the present rate of interest on 'tagavi loans was 7.8 per cent for loans under Land Improvement Loans Act and 7.3 per cent for those under Agriculturist Loans Act and that the Bombay Government had not raised any loan in the open market since 1921.

Replying to Dr. Gulider's question Sir Alimahomed Khan Dehlavi stated that 85 deaths from enteric fever were reported from the Bombay Suburban District in 1935. It was further stated that the Director of Public Health had requested the municipalities concerned to include enteric fever among the notifiable diseases to facilitate prompt report of cases.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee inquired if it were a fact that the Ratnagiri District School Board passed a resolution that for students of Muslim and "Backward" communities only 40 per cent marks in the Entrance Examination should be sufficient for entrance in the Primary Teachers Training College and whether it was not that same percentage was 55 in respect of advanced classes.

Dewan Bahadur Kambli replying said, that a higher percentage of marks has been fixed for advanced classes as the number selected for training from those classes is only 25 per cent of the total number of teachers admitted for training. A lower percentage of marks has been fixed for "intermediate" and "backward" classes as it is not always easy to secure from these classes the requisite number of teachers who have obtained the higher percentage of marks fixed for advanced classes. These percentages have been tentatively fixed and are subject to revision in the light of the experience gained.

Jenkins' Records

LONDON, Sept. 8.

Jenkins has established the following records officially:—

200 miles at 162 miles per hour.
500 kilos:—162 point 73.
500 miles:—159 point 03.
1000 kilos:—159 point 41.
1000 miles.—156 point 47.
2000 kilos:—157 point 18.
Three hours:—158 point 93.
Six hours:—157 point 33.
Twelve hours:—152 point 84.

He covered 1,942 miles in a little over 12 hours when the clutch burned out, and the attempt was abandoned.—Reuter.

SALT LAKE CITY, Sept. 7

The American A. B. Jenkins driving a Duesenberg - Jenkins Special is attacking Capt. Eyston's 24 and 48 hour record on the Bonnville Salt Flats. He has beaten Eyston's figures for 200 500 and 1,000 kilometres 500 miles; and for 3 hours and 6 hours. Also his own for 200 miles lapping approximately 160 miles per hour.—Reuter.

Our Cairo Letter

EGYPT AND LEAGUE MEMBERSHIP

Great Britain Bound To Support Her Application

(From Our Correspondent)

Cairo. (By Air Mail)

Application for membership to the League of Nations, has been made by the Prime Minister, Nahas Pasha, officially, before he sailed for London to sign the New Anglo-Egyptian Treaty.

It is reported Nahas Pasha will be the first representative of the Egyptian Government in the League during its next session.

According to a section of the new Treaty it might be remembered that Great Britain will assist Egypt in becoming a member of the League.

ABYSSINIAN CROWN PRINCE

The Crown Prince of Abyssinia arrived safe in Jerusalem.

Acting on the instructions of a foreigner one person in the guise of an Egyptian was found to be following the Prince from the Suez Canal.

The Police arrested the man on suspicion. It is said that he was asked to watch the movements of the Crown Prince.

FOR LUNATIC ASYLUM

The Police authorities of Egypt have arrested one Egyptian named Mahamud Darwish Mustapha, aged 40, who volunteered into the Police Station with news about Nahas Pasha.

When the Police pressed him to give out the news the old man requested them to take him to Alexandria so that in the absence of Nahas Pasha he might inform any member of the Royal Family.

Accordingly the poor man was taken to Alexandria accompanied by policemen. On his way Mahamud Darwish divulged that a big conspiracy is being made by a foreigner to kill Nahas Pasha when he goes to Geneva to attend the League of Nations.

After consideration the Police thought fit to accommodate him in the Lunatic Asylum.

PERRY PLAYS INSPIRED TENNIS

FOREST HILLS (Long Island), Sept. 7.

Perry thrilled a crowd of 10,000 by his inspired display, when he advanced to the quarter finals of the American Tennis Championship by disposing of Gene Mako, the American Davis Cup player, 6—0, 6—3, 3—6, 6—2.

He won the first set in eight minutes. Mako was helpless against a stream of brilliant volleys.

Miss K. Stammers reached the quarter finals of the Women's Singles by beating Mrs. Van Ryn 6—2, 6—4.—Reuter.

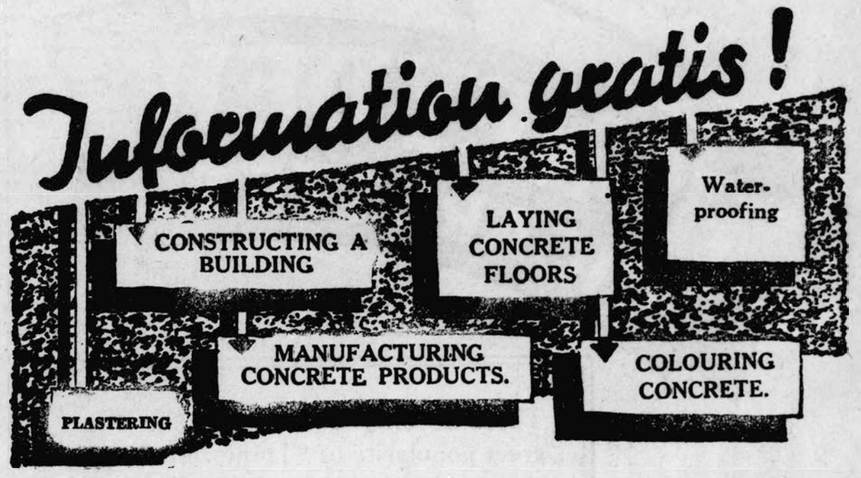
CHATTERJEE SETS UP NEW RECORD

LAHORE, Sept. 8.

Robin Chatterjee recaptured the world's manacled endurance swimming record when he completed 72 hours, 25 minutes beating P. K. Ghoshe's record established recently at Calcutta by 77 minutes. He entered the Rattanchand Tank at 7-35 a.m. on Saturday and came out at 8 a.m. this morning.

Robin's condition is quite satisfactory.—A. P.

Information gratis!



Free Offer

If you are interested in any of the following publications, put a cross against those you require and forward this section with your name and address to:

P. O. Box No. 397, BOMBAY.

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32. Reinforced Concrete—Simple Design Tables.
33. Concrete Tennis Court Designs.
34. Concrete Masonry Construction.
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Profession (if Student, state where conducting studies)
.....

B.C.

CAPITOL
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
You'll go wild about ITS NEW SONGS!..
SHOW BOAT
ITS NAME in every home!
ITS SONGS on every lip!
ITS STORY in every heart!

REGAL.
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P M.
The first dancing musical in 100% TECHNICOLOR
DANCING PIRATE
With CHARLES COLLINS
The screen's new dancing star.
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Also
LATEST NEWS!
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If you were thrilled by 'G MEN'
Don't miss this one!
OPERA HOUSE
LAST TWO DAYS
3-30 6-30 & 10 p. m.
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BULLETS OR BALLOTS
WITH
JOAN BLONDELL
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OPERA HOUSE
FRIDAY, 11TH SEPT.
KARLOFF
as the man who returned from the dead ..to avenge his own murder!
"THE WALKING DEAD"
A Warner Bros. Picture with
RICARDO CORTEZ
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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 8, 1992
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akkar 22, 1355
Parsi: Farvandin 4, 1306
Hightide: 6-34 18-19
Lowtide: 13-18
Sunrise: 6h. 25m.
Sunset: 6h. 47m.

SANGAT SABHA

Prof. V. N. Naik will deliver his address to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p. m. on "Religion of Man" in the Prarthana Samaj, Bombay.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Argun Maru' left Colombo on September 5 and is due to arrive in Bombay on September 9.

BHARAT MITRA MANDAL

A meeting of the members of the Working Committee of the above named Mandal will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. at the office of the above Mandal at Gulalwadi.

KARNATAK SANGH, BOMBAY

Under the auspices of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay, Syt. Alur Venkata Rao, the well-known literary writer and scholar of Karnatak, will deliver an address on "Vijayanagara Empire" to-day (Wednesday) in the hall of the Sangh, Girgaum at 6-30 p.m.

DADAR CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

Under the auspices of the Dadar Co-operative Institute, Mr. Bapat of the Provincial Co-operative Institute will deliver a lecture on "Co-operation" to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hindusthan Mills, Mahaluxmi, for the operatives of the Mills.

BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Association, Prof. S. B. Ranade will deliver his second public lecture on "Vegetation and Man" at the Secondary Training College Demonstration Hall, Cruickshank Road, Bombay, to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. Dr. A. S. Kalapesi will preside.

NATIONAL STUDENTS' LEAGUE

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the National Students' League, Bombay, on Friday, the 11th instant at 7 p.m. (S.T.) at the Blavatsky Lodge, Chowpatty, when Dr. Olsvanger of Jerusalem, will deliver a lecture on "Art! Individual and Collective." Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside.

LIBERAL ELECTION MEETING

Under the auspices of the Western India National Liberal Association, a public meeting will be held at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, Chaupatty, today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) when Messrs. M. D. Altekar and S. M. Varde will speak on "Liberals and the Elections". Mr. A. D. Shroff will preside.

BOMBAY HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Homoeopathic Medical Association, Dr. N. C. Bose, Professor, Durham College of Homoeopathy, Calcutta, and Editor of "Medical Message", will deliver a public lecture on "State of Homoeopathy to-day" (Wednesday) at 8 p.m (S.T.) in the Association's premises, Setna Building, Princess Street.

MEETING IN MAYOR'S ROOM

A meeting of the Committee appointed at the public meeting held in the Corporation Hall on 4th September 1936 to take necessary steps to raise funds for affording relief and assistance to the people who have been affected in the several districts in the Bombay Presidency and the Indian States, etc., will be held in the Mayor's Room today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.)

IN AID OF BENGALI PRIMARY SCHOOL

A theatrical performance was given by the Bengali Association (Pydhownie) at the Princess Theatre, Bhangwadi, Kalbadevi Road last night, in aid of the Bengali Primary School (Pydhownie) established in 1934 and recognised by the Bombay Municipality.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed registered mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per s.s. 'Gujarat' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Saturday the 12th instant and unregistered upto 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 13th instant.

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan per s.s. 'Ginyo Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively to-day (Wednesday) the 9th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s.s. 'Dempo' via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 10th instant.

"Bombay Standard"

The Manager "Bombay Standard" writes:—

On Mr. K. Srinivasan, the Printer and Publisher of the "Bombay Standard" filing a declaration necessitated by the change in the place of printing the Chief Presidency Magistrate postponed orders till Wednesday.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Show Boat" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"The Great Zeigfeld" Daily at 2, 6 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"It's Love Again" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Gayabi-Sitara" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jivan Lata" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON TALKIE—"Faoladi Mukka". Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p. m.
MAJESTIC—"Savkari Pash" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Saed-e-Havas" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"A Girl from Lahore" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"The King Steps Out" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Dancing Pirate" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"Bullets or Ballots" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Jahanara" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ONLY LADY VISITORS FOR URDU GIRLS' SCHOOLS

Schools Committee Decision

At an adjourned meeting of the Schools Committee held on Tuesday evening, Mr. A. L. Curtay moved: "That the School Committee's Resolution No. 596 of November 1, 1935, allowing male members of the Ward Local Committee to visit the Urdu Girls' Schools be rescinded and that the original Rule No. 17 of the Rules framed by the Schools Committee for the guidance of the Local Committees, be retained."

"Rule No. 17 referred to, which was re-adopted, was that only lady members of the Local Committees shall visit the Urdu Girls' Schools."

The above resolution which was seconded by Mr. I. S. Patel was passed by the meeting which transacted, besides, other routine business.

PARSI NEW YEAR GATHERING AT SIR C. J. HALL

On Sunday last, the Parsi New Year Day, a unique Parsi gathering was held under the chairmanship of the well-known Parsi Educationist and Social Worker Mr. Eruch Rustomji Golwalla at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

The programme was made up of an instructive and interesting Drama written by Mr. Phirozegar entitled "Joothi Jagat." The Chairman, Mr. Golwalla eulogised the work and services of Mr. Phirozegar who had contributed liberally to the various charities by the help of his popular plays. In conclusion the Chairman wished the community a Happy and Prosperous New Year. After a vote of thanks to the chair by Khan Saheb Dadachanji, Mr. and Mrs. Golwalla were garlanded.

HACK VICTORIA OWNERS' ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the above named Association was held on Sunday, 6th inst. at 9 a.m. at the Association's office, Bellasis Road, under the Presidentship of Mr. Mirza Akhtar Husain, B.A. LL.B. and the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

1. That a public meeting be held to obtain the moral support of public and the grievances of the owners be placed before the public and police.
2. That to write to the Commissioner of Police to give certain new Stands and to abolish unimportant stands.
3. That to request the Commissioner of Police to extend the period of Trail by two months.

After thanking the President and the members that were present the meeting was dispersed.

JHABUA REPRESSION CONDEMNED

(From A Correspondent)

BOMBAY September 7.

An emergency meeting of the Rajputana Madha Bharat Sangh was held on the 6th instant under the presidentship of Mr. R. P. Persai at the Marwadi Library, to consider the future programme of the League and to congratulate the workers of Jhabua State and Sikar.

At the suggestion of Mr. Premchand Kadia a sub-committee consisting of Messrs. R. P. Persai, Ajit Sharma, Kalantri and Kadia was appointed to prepare a scheme for the future work of the League.

Mr. Fatehchand moved a resolution congratulating the Jhabua State workers, on their arrests and Baba Narsingh Das, who is now undergoing imprisonment in Sikar, and also condemning the repressive policy followed by Jhabua, Sikar, Jodhpur and Lunaru State authorities.

The resolution after being seconded by Mr. Kalantri was adopted unanimously.

A typical scene outside a Parsi Fire Temple on Sunday when the community celebrated Pateti.

MURDER TO PREVENT OUTRAGE ON WOMAN

Government's Appeal Against Acquittal

A murder to prevent a threatened outrage on a woman was held to be inexcusable by the High Court in the absence of other measures which might have been effective for the purpose.

The point was decided by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Sen on Tuesday in allowing the Government's appeal against the order of the Sessions Judge of West Khandesh who acquitted Soma Sadhu Koli and his wife Jasoda of the charge of murdering one Pandu, the Revenue Patil of Daswel village.

The deceased who was a leading person in the village was determined, it was stated, to commit rape on Jasoda, the second accused, and went to her house in a drunken condition on December 9 last. Jasoda and her husband tried to dissuade him, but he would not change his mind.

MURDER IN SELF-DEFENCE.

The deceased then went out, and, in the meanwhile, the couple decided to kill him. According to plan, Jasoda went to the adjoining 'nala' where the deceased had gone, and killed him with the help of her husband who followed her.

Both the accused admitted the murder but pleaded that the act was done in self-defence to prevent the threatened outrage on Jasoda.

"JUSTIFIED."

The assessors were of opinion that the murder was justified in view of the fact that the accused apprehended danger and violence to the person of Jasoda. Agreeing with their view, the Sessions Judge acquitted both the accused.

The Government then appealed to the High Court against the order of acquittal.

Dewan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown, and Mr. A. A. Adarkar for the accused.

JUDGMENT.

Their lordships, in the course of their judgment, did not accept the view of the Sessions Judge that it was futile for the accused to have recourse to public authorities and that there was an urgent necessity for them to take the law in their own hands and that nothing short of death was sufficient to prevent the threatened outrage on Jasoda.

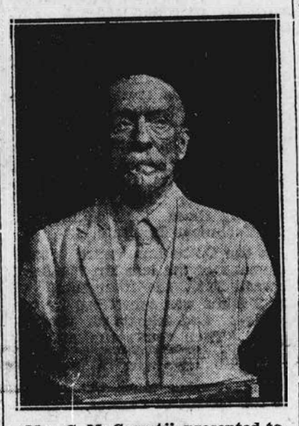
Their lordships observed that granting that the deceased was an influential and powerful man and a bully, it was incredible that if Soma, the first accused, had raised an alarm, they would not have obtained the help of friends and relatives or the authorities. If the accused had taken all measures to obtain assistance and yet failed, and the deceased had then forced his way, then the case would have stood on a different footing and the murder would have been justifiable homicide. But the accused had not tried to obtain any such help. They planned to murder the deceased, set a trap for him and took him unawares.

RIGHT OF PRIVATE DEFENCE.

Under these circumstances, their lordships thought that the accused could not plead the right of private defence to justify the murder, and the case could not be brought under any of the exceptions to the section relating to murder. Although it was a hard case for the accused, the law could not be stretched to such an extent as to be in their favour in the situation that confronted them.

Their lordships, therefore, convicted both the accused of murder and sentenced them to transportation for life.

Their lordships, however, thought that in view of the circumstances, this was a fit case for the Government to exercise their right of clemency, if so advised.



Mrs. C. M. Cursetji, presented to the Alexandra Girls' Institution a portrait bust of the late Mr. C. M. Cursetji. It was recently unveiled by Mr. Khareghat. The work has been executed by Mr. Shamrao Mahatre, son of the well-known sculptor Mr. G. K. Mahatre.

TRANSPORTATION FOR MURDER

High Court Over-rule "Not Guilty" Verdict And Enhance Sentences

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court sentenced Kaluji Motiji, an agriculturist of Ahmedabad District, to transportation for the murder of one Ranchhod Sika.

Two other persons, Himatsing (son of Kaluji) and one Devisingh Banesing, were sentenced by their lordships to 4 years' and 3 years' rigorous imprisonment respectively for causing grievous hurt to the deceased's cousin Mavsingh.

These orders were passed on a reference by the Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad who disagreed with the jury's verdict finding the first accused not guilty of murder and the other two accused not guilty of abetment of murder.

The jury, however, found accused Nos. 2 and 3 guilty of grievous hurt, and they were sentenced to 2 years' and 3 years' respectively by the Sessions Judge.

The High Court, however, enhanced their sentences as stated above.

FACTS OF THE CASE

On November 19 last the deceased Ranchhod and his brother Karsan were in their field, while their cousin Mavsing, was working in a field near by. The three accused, armed with spears and other weapons, went to Mavsing's field. Seeing them, Mavsingh ran to where the deceased and his brother were sitting. The accused pursued him and attacked him, inflicting several injuries. The first accused then attacked Ranchhod who died.

The motive for the offence was enmity arising from previous litigation between the parties.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

"Satya Mitra" Parsi New Year Number

The Parsi New Year number of "Satya Mitra" contains within its moderate compass, a number of interesting articles in Gujerati and English, a few of which can be briefly referred to here. Mr. J. R. B. Jeejeebhoy, who has specialised in delving into the dim past, for the delectation of readers of special numbers, narrates the story of a Rajput pretender to the throne of Nawanagar. The incident mentioned under the caption "A Raja's pranks in Bombay," happened in May 1797. Dr. S. A. Banker in his article dwells on the current political situation of Europe, under the heading "Patriots All," saying that "unfortunately the world has produced patriots who think the world advances by war." Khan Saheb J. D. Kanga speaks of the "ideal aim of education," while Principal S. R. Davar writes on "What is wrong with our University?" The work of Kamal Attaturk receives a meed of praise in a two-page article. Mr. N. S. Golwala writes on "Zebunissa." Mr. M. U. Ansari writes on "Mirza Galib," the famous Urdu and Persian poet of Delhi. Among other articles on diverse subjects are those from Dr. D. H. Mehta, Dr. (Miss) Jerbanoo A. Mistry, Sjts. S. M. Desai, K. J. B. Wadia, A. E. Bengali, K. J. Dubash. A charming frontispiece and illustrations are an additional attraction of this number which is sold at the popular price of four annas.

Motorists And Tramway Passengers

It is not the first time that the City Coroner has suggested an amendment to the Police Act so as to compel the motorists to stop the cars at the tramway stations where the tram cars halt. During the last ten years many fatalities have occurred at tramway stations where passengers have been run over while alighting from the tram cars or before they get inside them. The City Coroner has time and again drawn the attention of the Government and the Police authorities towards the need for amending the Act so that the public may alight with safety and cross the road without any danger to their limbs or lives. Unfortunately, nothing has been done so far and every day those who have to wait for the tram cars at different places in the city know how risky it is when strings of motor cars pass by without allowing them even a few seconds to get inside the tram cars. Even the passengers, who wish to get down fear to do so due to the heavy traffic of cars and sometimes the tram drivers get uneasy because of the delay. It is time the Government and the Commissioner of Police enforced the rule as recommended by the City Coroner.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Awful weather was the general comment in the suburbs. For the last four days the sun was hardly seen to shine over our suburban skies which has made the suburbanites stay indoor and Juhu, lands' End, and other popular suburban resorts were all forsaken.

Yesterday having the same feeling I thought I would go and spend a few hours at the Bandra Talkie House restarted about a fortnight ago. I learn it has received only a temporary licence ending some time in the last week of September.

Looking at that crowded house it really surprised me, and I made it my business to go into further details. I soon got into conversation with a gate man who's English was enough to send one crazy but from whom learnt that, owing to large crowds being turned back, the management had to hold a special show at 2 p.m. on Sunday.

So I once more bring to the notice of the authorities that the suburbanites really need a talkie house at their very threshhold which would save time money and at the same time give them a rich entertainment.

STABBING AFFRAY.

Bandra has a Dharamsala somewhere midway from the junction of Ghodbunder Road and the Station Road. The Dharamsala is a black stone building.

Yesterday with a police escort I visited this place and on going in the interior I was surprized at its interior. . . . Oh what a filthy place.

This Dharamsala, I understand, is meant to shelter the poorer class of people for a night or two, but looking at the situation I find that it is not seldom full of Mavalis who have made it their permanent residence.

Last night a stabbing affray occurred in this Dharamsala and this place has been the scene of many fights.

I am sure this trouble could be put an end to if the Municipality sought the help of the police and drove the Mavalis and let deserving people make it their resting place for not more than a period of two days and get the filthy place cleaned up at least once a week.

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FOR ONE WEEK ONLY
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"IT'S LOVE AGAIN"
with
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ABU HASSAN
(THE SLEEPER AWAKENED)
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100 PLAYERS!
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From Saturday Sept. 12, at
THE CAPITOL
DAILY AT 6-30 P.M. ONLY
Prices: Rs. 5-12, 3-6, 2-4 and 1-2.
Plans Open. Book Now.

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FRANCHOT TONE
A COLUMBIA PICTURE
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DRAMA! ROMANCE! THRILLS! SPECTACLE!
PATHE DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1936

BURKING DISCUSSION

Many important adjournment motions in the Legislative Assembly were disallowed during the last few days either by the Governor-General or the President on trivial technical grounds, with the result that it has been impossible for the House to discuss vital grievances affecting the fundamental rights of the public. The Governor-General disallowed an adjournment motion to discuss the restrictions on Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan on the plea that it related to a matter which is not a primary concern of the Governor-General. On the same ground he also disallowed an adjournment motion relating to Mr. M. R. Masani's externment. Now, if his plea is valid, it may be used to smother discussion in the Assembly on numerous questions of policy affecting the country as a whole but which necessarily arise in some province or other and for that reason may not be regarded by the Viceroy as primarily his concern. This is hardly just to the public or consistent with sound constitutional principles.

Abuse Of Discretionary Power

It should be noted in this connection that the rule on which the Viceroy takes his stand does not forbid his allowing the motions in question. It only gives him discretionary power to disallow them. In burking discussion on the restrictions on Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and Mr. Masani he has abused his discretionary power. For these restrictions affect a citizen's fundamental rights and are being imposed in pursuance of a policy recently initiated by the Government of India. It is amazing, therefore, that the Viceroy should so far absolve himself or the Government of India from responsibility for the policy as to think it is not worth a discussion in the Assembly. Be it noted here that when leave was sought for the adjournment motion about Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and when the President asked Government if they had any objection, the latter urged none. They did not object, as did the Law Member on Tuesday with regard to the motion about Mr. Masani, that it was not primarily the concern of the Government of India. It is clear that the Viceroy has abused his discretionary power to stifle discussion on an inconvenient issue.

Wreck It

The Viceroy's action in disallowing the resolutions in question is consistent with the spirit in which the administration is at present carried on in this country. Repression is still rampant, and the most elementary rights of the citizens are being invaded in the name of Law and Order. If an attempt is made at least to raise a discussion on such assaults on civil liberties, even that attempt is nullified on one frivolous plea or other. Even where Congressmen are engaged in constitutional pursuits about working the new Constitution, all possible difficulties are thrown in their way, of this very discription being the restrictions on Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and Mr. Masani. When one considers all this, one cannot but be struck by the mockery of the official glorification of the new Constitution. As the elections draw near, more and more Congressmen may have to reckon with official high-handedness in their propaganda. Government seem determined to prevent the show of the new Constitution from being exposed by the Congress. Mr. M. S. Aney has given notice of a resolution asking the British Government to suspend that Constitution and summon a Constituent Assembly to formulate a new scheme. We shall not speculate now about the fate of the resolution, if it is at all allowed by the Viceroy. But this much is certain that even if the resolution is passed Government will not suspend at once the new Constitution. Congressmen and their supporters will have to wreck it before Government suspend it.

The Only Hope

While the mass of the people the whole world over is deeply anxious to defend and preserve peace, Governments are surely and steadily heading towards war. The tragedy is that they are now doing so almost inevitably. The initiative, of course, was taken by Fascist and pseudo-Fascist States. But they could not help it. They would have been untrue to the very reason of their being if they had not advanced along the path of militarism—unless compelled to leave it. That compulsion which, it was the duty of "democratic" Governments to exercise, was never exercised. In fact the so-called democratic Powers have done practically everything to encourage and participate in the rush to world destruction. They betrayed the League of Nations, reducing the one international institution that could possibly, have acted as a bulwark against war to an impotent farce. And they started the quest for security in unilateral armament. The result is that even a Socialist Government has resolved to ask its Parliament for 4,000 million francs to achieve security through increased armament. Leon Blum himself is not to blame. But the meaning of the Cabinet's decision is clear. The earlier betrayal of the League and of the real principle of security is coming home to roost and the Socialist Government cannot help it. The tragedy, as we suggest, lies in the inevitability of the arms race on the part of Governments. There is only one hope for peace. The mass of the people should assert itself with purpose and determination. And it should do so now.

Racial Favouritism

Replying to a question in the Legislative Assembly about the recruitment of Europeans to the Indian Medical Service, Mr. Tottenham, the Army Secretary, stated that the principle on which the recruitment of Europeans was based was "that British officers and their families should have reasonable opportunities of securing medical attendance from doctors of their own race". If that is the principle, it is obviously one of racial preference, as distinct from preference by merit, and is grossly unjust to Indians. In defence of the principle the Army Secretary urged: "If there are British officers taking British food and their sons attending British schools and their families going to British churches, I do not see why they should not be killed or cured by British doctors." The analogy is untenable. If British officers must prefer race to merit, let them pay for their prejudice and engage private doctors of any race they like, but let them not have the right of foisting unwanted British doctors on the Indian taxpayers on mere grounds of race.

A YEAR OF PARSI CHARITIES

Half A Crore Donated

(BY R. B. PAYMASTER.)

The last Parsi year had to its credit many remarkable charities. Chief among them is that of the late intrepid world-traveller, Sir Jehangir H. Kothari, who left by his will nearly the whole of his large fortune for the amelioration of the lot of poor orphans of different parts of the world. The will was contested some months ago, and a consent decree was ultimately obtained, whereby nearly Rs. 20 lakhs are likely to go towards this cosmopolitan charity.

The Parsi Panchayet of Bombay comes next with an accumulation of nearly seven lakhs in charity as follows:—

Rs. 3,14 005 from the people of Bombay.

Rs. 2,74,450 by mofussil Anjumans deposited with the Central Institution.

Rs. 1,06,000 by those Institutions of Bombay that manage their funds but deposit the same with the Panchayet.

Trusts

Next come the three large trusts of the Tatas—the late Mr. Jamshedji N. Tata and his two sons, the late Sir Dorabji Tata and the late Sir Rattan Tata, whose benefactions altogether amount to about Rs. 5 crores altogether, yielding a net annual income of at least five lakhs

These are followed by the remarkably well-managed N M. Wadia Charities, with a trust of about a crore of rupees for cosmopolitan objects of which Mr. R. P. Masani is a trustee as well as Secretary. This trust has spent this year Rs. 2,77,599 in cosmopolitan charity, leaving nearly two lakhs to the capital account.

Then comes the Parsi Panchayat of Surat with Rs. 2,15,374 received in charity for its different funds, including those for its Industrial and Technical Institute.

At the Oothamna (third day's) ceremony of the late Mr. Manockji Cowasji Petit the total sum of Rs. 2 lakhs was subscribed by the relatives and friends of the deceased. Then comes the Ardeshir S. Patel's charity which gave this year the totas sum of Rs. 1,20,700 towards various charitable objects for the benefit of Parsees.

Karachi

Two sums of a lakh of rupees each were given for charity at Karachi, one by Mr. Bomonshaw H. Minocher Homji for founding a Parsi General Hospital in that growing city and another by an anonymous Parsi donor. The sum of Rs. 85,293 has been subscribed towards the Golden Jubilee Fund of the Cama Hospital for Women and Children, and Mrs. Hamabai J. K. Mehta comes next with Rs. 69,734. The Poona Dastur High Schools have been exceptionally fortunate in securing every year large sums from Parsi Funds. This year the Boys' School gets rupees sixty thousand and odd at the persuasion of its Hon. Secretary, Sardar Pheroze H. Dastur, retired Presidency Magistrate.

Mrs. Bapsy Sabawala

Mrs. Bapsy Sabawala has by her box collections on Parsi New Year's Days for the last seven years collected the sum of Rs. 55,954 in all, which is utilised towards the building of Pateti Blocks for poor Parsis in the Dadar Parsi Colony, where her philanthropic mother, Dowager Lady Dhunbai C. Jehangir, has provided several similar buildings out of the proceeds of Fancy Fetes organised by her with the help of the other members of the Victoria Mary Gymkhana amounting to nearly four lakhs.

The Jeejeebhoy Dadabhoy Trust Fund, managed by Sir Byramji Jeejeebhoy with other Trustees, has donated Rs. 51,327 towards various educational and other purposes during this Centenary year of the Colaba Agiary. The late Bai Shirinbai M. Cama founded and managed two Convalescent Homes at Bandra. These secured Rs 42,964 for the Homes for Males and Females (including children) besides the sum of half a lakh for a building by an anonymous Parsi, as also a large sum for the Home for Females. The "Jame Jamshed" daily has thrown open its columns for several funds for the benefit of the Parsi community. Towards these funds the sum of Rs. 42,798 was received altogether during the year, besides a large sum towards the fund started by Lt.-Col. S. S. Vajifdar for the Parsi special Ward in the Sir J. J. Hospital.

There are at least 13 other funds which have received sums exceeding Rs. 20 thousand in cash besides a large number of those under that sum.

There are several large Charitable Trusts and institutions that have spent as usual thousands in charity during the year, but since their reports have not been pub-

(Continued on Page 14.)

Our London Letter

Die-Hard Press Distrusts Egyptian Treaty

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, Aug. 29. (By Air Mail.)

I think no summer holiday in Britain in recent years could show so many developments abroad with their inivitable repercussions at home as the holiday of 1936. The holiday-makers are devoting more of their time to the discussion of the Treaty of Peace with Egypt, the campaign for a Popular Front, the civil war in Spain, the Stalinite "Purge" in Moscow, Hitler's fresh decrees to build up a strong army and Moscow's fears of Germany's steady and sure aim of attacking the workers' fatherland. The past few summers, unlike the present one, had been spent in the exploration of spots for sunbathing where no politician cared to land himself or to a remote corner of the British Isles, where newspapers had no other function than to parade pictures of sunbathers themselves.

Anglo-Egyptian Treaty

On Sunday evening thirteen Egyptians arrived in London for the sole purpose of signing with Great Britain a new treaty, which the majority of the people look upon as a treaty of peace and close alliance between the two countries. After fourteen years of tragic misunderstandings, obstinacies and futile diplomacy of the British Government, a piece of political document envisaged by the Egyptian people is now available. The Treaty has received the warm support of the British press, except that of the "Morning Post" and the "Daily Mail," which on such historic occasions are guided by the political philosophies of Lord Lloyd and Lord Rothermere in keeping with their traditional policies. The British Government for reasons best known to themselves almost played into the hands of these critics of the treaty inasmuch as their effort to broadcast the event were hesitating and half-hearted. It is still to be explained that though the Treaty was signed in a pompous manner in the famous Locarno Room, the speeches made on the occasion on behalf of the Egyptian and British delegations were not broadcast in this country, though they were heard in Cairo and other parts of Egypt. Similarly, was there any technical difficulty which caused a delay of forty-eight hours in making the text of the Treaty available to the general public?

Nahas Pasha's Role

There is no doubt that as the Treaty must be ratified by the British and Egyptian Parliaments, there will be fierce criticism of it from the diehards in the two countries. Rothermeres and Lloyds are in plenty in this country, though their counterparts in the nationalist Egypt are but few. The Egyptian delegation represented all sections of the thinking Egypt and its leader, Nahas Pasha, the Prime Minister, has, unlike Mr. Cosgrave, a reputation for being honest rather than astute. This qualification will carry him in the light of his past sacrifices for the sake of his country, a long way in obtaining enthusiastic support to the Treaty on his return. Nahas Pasha had come to Britain when Mr. Arthur Henderson was Britain's Foreign Secretary in a Labour Government. He refused to relinquish, on that occasion, the claim of his country to participate in the Soudanese Government and soon after his return to his homeland he assured his countrymen that he would rather cut off his right hand than accede to the British plan.

The terms of the Treaty show that Nahas Pasha has faithfully carried out his word. Instead of getting tired and dejected by the persecutions and handicaps created for him and his followers by the dictatorship of Sidky Pasha, mainly due to the intrigues of the late King Fuad, Nahas Pasha carried on his fight and found Sidky Pasha signing, with him, the memorable document in the historic rooms of London.

British Press Comments

The terms of the Treaty, as I stated before, have been hailed as forming a charter of freedom for Egypt and as a document which safeguards Britain's Empire possessions abroad. But though the military clauses of the Treaty appear to give Britain all that her War Office, the Admiralty and the Air Ministry could reasonably desire to ask for, the diehard critics have dubbed the whole document as Mr. Anthony Eden's fresh attempt to submit to the wild threats of the Egyptian nationalists. To the "Morning Post," it is "a charter of insecurity" because it thinks it affords no assurance of a permanent unity of feeling among the Egyptian people, still less does it afford the assurance that five, ten or twenty years hence the contract will be honoured by their successors. "The Mystery Treaty'" as the "Post" calls it provides "plenty of opportunity for mischief, too, in the impending acceptance of Egypt into membership of the League of Nations." Naturally to this school of British politicians the Treaty looks more like the beginning than the end of the trouble.

One significant feature of the British comments is the attitude of Lord Beaverbrook's newspapers. For once the two press Lords have agreed to differ. "The Daily Mail" and the chain of newspapers maintained by Lord Rothermere are trying to show the holes in the document whereas Lord Beaverbrook's public organs of expression, which are too many indeed, are backing the Treaty. Once again his Lordship has proved himself to be a Sagacious imperialist for permitting to let the "Evening Standard" assert that "the desirability to Britain of a firm understanding with a country adjoining the Suez, a vital link in Imperial communications, needs no emphasis." It adds: "Britain's interests and Egypt's now march together. The new treaty is based on the recognition of that fact, and should make a substantial contribution to the welfare and safety of both peoples."

A Question

However, the man in the street in Britain is asking one question persistently: Why did the British Government adopt a policy of "hush hush" and not allow the voice of the Egyptian Prime Min-

(Continued on Page 12.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A SERIOUS MENACE.

General Metaxas has now formally announced what has been general knowledge all the world over. He has practically declared war on "Communism" and openly proclaimed that "The parliamentary regime has definitely ended so far as Greece is concerned." This is Italy's history repeating itself in Greece. Like Signor Mussolini, General Metaxas has gently but firmly pushed the King into the background and installed himself into the seat of dictatorial power. A Fascist dictatorship is always a menace to peace. Fascist Greece is much more so in the present circumstances because it gravely affects the military position in the Mediterranean and it constitutes a serious breach in the anti-Fascist Balkan bloc.

THE LESSON OF RUSSIA.

The article on "Educational Development in Russia", by our Moscow Correspondent, Abdul Aziz Azad, which appeared in our yesterday's issues, deserves to be carefully read by those who are interested in planning a system of national education for our own country. It reveals how, by persistent endeavour, the Soviet authorities achieved in twenty years the amazing miracle of 96 per cent. literacy in a country which was most educationally backward in the pre-Revolution period. The numerical aspect of this achievement is phenomenal enough. But what is of still greater interest is the principle which underlies the Russian system of education. "The work of educating the citizen is the duty of the State and cannot be entrusted to private proprietors to be made the source of making money or to depend on charity." Thus, alone, can education be brought to every home and every child given equal opportunity for cultural self-realization. Admirable as this principle is, however, it can only be practicable in a country with a Government fully responsible and responsive to national opinion.

DEPLORABLE

The Indian public cannot agree with the Home Member of the Bombay Government that the adjournment motion relating to the "unsatisfactory attitude" of the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan as regards the Ambernath strike was out of order. Mr. Bakhle did not, we are sure, want to discuss the legality of the orders issued by the Magistrate but their executive aspect. As an executive officer, was he justified in adopting a panicky policy which palpably loaded the dice against the workers? That was the question which it was the right of the Council to have canvassed on the floor of the House. The Home Member's opposition, while, of course, intelligible enough, was regrettable. But definitely deplorable is the fact that only twenty-three members in the Bombay Council were found to stand up for the cause of the workers. In another sense, however, the incident is welcome. Coming as it does on the eve of the elections it ought to serve as a valuable warning to the electorate.

RECEPTION TO HOCKEY HEROES

There could be no two opinions about the Bombay Municipal Corporation's resolution to give a public reception to the Indian Olympic Hockey Team. The resolution was passed, as it deserved to be, unanimously. The team has brought honour to the country and, what is more, has shown the possibilities for India in the sphere of sports and athletics, if only she gives the necessary systematic training to those who wish to excel in that sphere. It is to be hoped that Government will not be so graceless as to withhold the necessary sanction for the modest sum of Rs. 300 for the reception. The Corporation will do well to appoint a thoroughly representative committee, including the sporting interests in the City, to organise a fitting reception.

THE ELECTORATES' DUTY

As the elections to Provincial Assemblies are drawing near, the bureaucracy is revealing its hands. The Viceroy's assurances have been forgotten, perhaps they were never meant by the bureaucracy to be remembered. But the Congress President has done well in his statement on the Punjab Government order against Mr. Masani to draw public attention to the subtle campaign that has been embarked upon against the Congress. Paralysis of political activity and prevention of effective Congress work are a consummation which the opponents of the Congress would dearly and devoutly hope for. But they will, we are confident, hope in vain. The electorates, we trust, know what answer to give to the new campaign.

"Towards Brighter Bombay"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You have started a well-organised campaign headed "Beautiful Bombay" and I am very glad to read the same. I am a resident of Mahim. There is a lovely peaceful sea-shore known as the Mahim Shore. This is a very favourite place with us and it is just as favourite as Chowpatty or Juhu, though it is in many respects even superior to either of these. Now the Municipal authorities have sold this public recreation ground and three-storied buildings are to be constructed so as to choke the lungs of the northern parts of Bombay. This act on the part of the Bombay Municipality is entirely unjust, and is depriving the public of their health and recreation. The buildings are so constructed as entirely to stop the public from visiting this lovely place at high tide.

This act on the part of the Municipality should be set aright at-once by the members of the Bombay Corporation. What right has the Municipality to deprive the public of their health and happiness, when in fact it is supposed to look after their welfare? The most favourite and peaceful sea-shore, a shore which will compete with only Juhu (and I daresay it is better than Juhu, being nearer and safer for Bombay public,) is to be utilised for the construction of three-storied buildings! I think the matter should be dealt with at once and the public given their rightful shore for recreation. This act on the part of the Bombay Municipality will not be tolerated by any sensible person.—Yours, etc.

M. C.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

Mr. Yusuf, a B. N. Railway Superior Service employee of Bilaspur, has been suspended from service because he did not add the words "His Excellency" when saluting His Excellency Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, Acting Governor of the Central Provinces when the latter visited Bilaspur recently, but simply said: "Good morning Mr. Raghavendra Rao."

—Nagpur Report.

* * * *

Thus Anglo-India: "It is not from any Privy Council rulings that we derive our right to hold our opinions and to differ from those of other people."

No. Of course not. "We" derive it from Pax Brittannia, don't we?

* * * *

But to proceed. "It is," continues Anglo-India, "a natural right, and is not confined to the law-courts, Parliament or the public platform."

Possibly, quite possibly. But it IS confined within the Cr. L. A. Act, Section 144 Cr. P. C. etc., which does make some difference, doesn't it?

* * * *

"I find some difficulty in understanding how the Bar Association, as such, can justify itself in taking direct part in politics by presenting an address to the President of the Congress."

—Mr. R. L. Yorke, I.C.S., Sessions Judge of Meerut.

He would. We sympathize with the learned judge. And, of course, we are fully conscious of his limitations.

* * * *

According to a press report, "Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the leader of the Independent Party, has arrived in Simla."

The "arrival" of his party, however, is still keenly awaited.

* * * *

Five Muslim members (the special correspondent of Bori Bunder naturally referred to them as the Muslim members of the Assembly) have solemnly denounced "the exhibition of temper" on the part of Congress M.L.A.'s in walking out as a protest against the President's ruling.

We need do no more than name the Hon'ble members:—Sir Muhammad Yaqub, Haji Abdullah Haroon, Sir A. H. Ghaznavi, Sir Muhammad Yamin Khan and K. B. Fazli Haq Piracha!!!!!

* * * *

No you mustn't. As a matter of fact this is no matter for laughter, but for tears.

And we most sincerely and profoundly sympathize with Sir Abdul Rahim.

* * * *

As a measure of "security rendered necessary by the dangers of war, the French Cabinet proposes to spend 4,000 million francs "for better equipment of land, sea and air forces," etc.

Whose turn next in the circle?

* * * *

Dissensions are reported among defenders of San Sebastian, Socialists and Anarchists clashing seriously.

Ideologies must be defended and vindicated at ALL costs.

* * * *

In preparation for putting down the Arab revolt, the Colonial Office announces that the supreme military control of Palestine is to be entrusted to Lieut.-Gen. J. G. Dill.

The alliterations—Palestine-Punjab, Dill-Dyer—we hope are merely accidental and not futuristically symbolical.

* * * *

Mr. W. S. Morrison, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, will preside over the inaugural meeting of the International Committee to supervise non-intervention in Spain.

The choice of the President is a tribute to the genius and traditions that have made Britain so great.

* * * *

The two burglars met.

'How's trade?' asked one.

'Fine', said the other. 'I opened a new burglar-proof safe last night'.

'What was in it?'

'Nothing'.

'But I thought you said trade was fine?'

'So it is. The safe belonged to the fellow who makes them, and now he's paying me to keep quiet'.

Ending Disorder Without Delay

British Government's Policy To Pursue Effective Action

Impartial Justice To Arabs And Jews Assured

LONDON, Sept. 7

The Colonial Office announces that the supreme military control of Palestine is to be entrusted to Lieut.-General J. G. Dill.

The announcement of the appointment contains the statement that the campaign of violence with which Arab leaders are attempting to influence the policy of the British Government cannot be allowed to continue.

More rapid and effective action must now be taken in order to bring the present state of disorder to an end with the least possible delay.

The statement, after announcing that additional division of troops is being sent to Palestine, adds that the British Government is in full accord with obligations laid down by the League mandate. It was their earnest desire to carry out their policy with impartial justice to both Arabs and Jews, and work for peace and progress of a country which was specially dear to both races.

It is the constant aim of the British policy specially to maintain relations of friendship and confidence with the Moslem people. For this reason, apart from all others, they would have wished to avoid, by all possible means, a course of action which is now forced upon them, but no Government, least of all a Government exercising mandatory responsibilities, can allow themselves to be deflected from its course by violence and outrage.

It is still hoped that when the disturbers of peace in Palestine have been brought to realise that their present actions are inimical to true interests of all sections, Government is determined to exercise authority with impartiality and justice.

It will be possible for the Royal Commission to ascertain whether any legitimate grievances and fears for future exist on the part of either the Arabs or Jews and effect their removal with a view to establishing more cordial and peaceful relations between all concerned.—Reuter.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR PALESTINE

LONDON, Sept. 8.

Preparations for the departure of troops to Palestine are rapidly being completed. The necessary rolling stock will be concentrated near Aldershot in readiness for the transport of troops to Southampton.

At least sixteen troop-trains are required for this purpose, while four troopships are also being held in readiness.—Reuter.

Gen. Dill For Palestine

LONDON, Sept. 8.

General Dill left for Palestine this morning.—Reuter.

Troop train crowded with Leftist civilian volunteers, leaves Barcelona for Zaragoza to fight the rebels.

Three New Stamps of King Edward VIII issued to the public last month.

"PRAJA PARTY" WALK-OUT

Fundamental Differences With United Muslim Party, The Cause

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

A meeting which took place this afternoon at the residence of the Nawab of Dacca between representatives of the United Muslim Party and All-Bengal Praja Party, ended in a 'fiasco' as differences in regard to the fundamental issue between these two groups proved irreconcilable with the result that all the 15 members of the Praja Party who had tentatively joined the Bengal Muslim League Parliamentary Board, walked out of the meeting, headed by Moulvi Fazlul Huq.

A detailed statement will be issued to-night on behalf of the Praja Party by Moulvi Fazlul Huq explaining the reasons for their walk-out.

This message will confirm the news previously circulated by the "United Press" that Mr. M. A. Jinnah was not able to effect any real unity between these two Muslim groups.—United Press.

TRAINING OF DETENUS

Sarat Bose Suggests Way To Make Scheme Success

CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

Interviewed by the Associated Press upon the subject of the detenu training scheme recently announced by the Government of Bengal Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose said: "I have read with very great interest the press note issued by Government regarding the training which is being given to certain selected detenus. About this time last year I said that though I had not been able to work myself up to be enthusiastic over the Government scheme, yet I felt that, such as it was, is deserved a fair trial at the hands of the public and of the detenus themselves.

I also said that in order to make the scheme even a partial success, it was necessary (a) that no humiliating conditions or restrictions should be imposed on the detenus, either at the time of their selection for training or during the period of training; (b) that the scope of the scheme should be widened both as regards the nature and extent of the training to be given to the detenus and the number to be trained; and (c) that the detenus should be assured of adequate financial aid from the State on the completion of their training to enable them to set themselves up in business.—A. P.

Ex-Kaiser Welcomes Engagement

HAGUE, Sept. 8.

Queen Wilhelmina officially informed the Ex-Kaiser of her daughter's engagement. Flags were immediately hoisted at Doorn House. The Ex-Kaiser will be represented by his Aide-de-camp Count Moltke, at the religious service which will be held at Doorn.—Reutef.

FRENCH CREDITS TO POLAND

Protocol Signed During Gen. Smigly's Visit To Paris

LONDON, September 8.

French credits for Poland, totalling £27,000,000, are provided in the Franco-Polish Protocol signed during the visit of General Rydz Smigly to Paris.

It is learnt that half of it will take the form of military supplies and equipment, and the remainder will be distributed under three heads:

France, firstly to take over frozen debts to French interests in Poland; secondly, to provide money for completion of Gdynia-Katowice Railway and, thirdly, to make a re-discount loan to the Bank of Poland.

A second Protocol reaffirms the Franco-Poland alliance.—Reuter.

BELGIUM'S DEFENCES

Military Term Service To Be Extended

BRUSSELS, Sept. 8.

There is a possibility that Belgium will follow the Russian and German examples and increase the term of military service.

A mixed commission on the organisation of Belgium's defences has recommended that the term of service of the infantry be extended to eighteen months and other units to twelve months.—Reuter.

KING EDWARD AT BELGRADE

BELGRADE, Sept. 8.

King Edward broke his journey for an hour-and-a-half and visited Prince Paul. He is resuming his journey at 11-45 p.m.

Police precautions during the brief visit were very strict: even members of the British colony were kept 200 yards from the train. Journalists were not allowed on the platform.

His Majesty was met at the station, without ceremony, by the Prime Minister and members of the Legation staff.—Reuter.

KING EDWARD IN VIENNA

VIENNA, September 8.

King Edward arrived in a special train and was met at the Railway Station by Sir Walford Selby, the British Minister and Dr. Schmidt, the Secretary of State. His Majesty, looking bronzed and well, drove to the hotel. He was welcomed by a large crowd.—Reuter.

POSTAL REGULATIONS

Permissible Methods Of Conveying Correspondence Explained

SIMLA, September 6.

For the purpose of clarifying regulations about the posting of letters, parcels and other articles, the Posts and Telegraphs Department have issued a memorandum explaining the position.

This memorandum is headed, "Permissible methods of conveying correspondence".

To begin with, it is emphasised that the provisions of the Post Office Act would be contravened if any one establishes or works a regular service either personally or through messengers, involving either the collection from different addresses or letters and postcards for conveyance from one place to another place or their distribution and delivery at their destination to different addresses. It is further pointed out that the rules and rates or postage governing the despatch through the post of different types or articles such as letters, book packets, newspapers, and parcels, are different.

Postage Charges

The memorandum continues:—"The inclusion within one cover or bundle of different types of articles, normally renders the whole cover or bundle liable to postage at the rate prescribed for the most highly charged article included. Thus the inclusion of a letter within a book packet or a newspaper renders that article liable to be charged at the letter postage rate. Similarly, if letters are enclosed in a parcel, the parcel will be charged at the letter rate of postage.

"But to this general rule there are two important exceptions:

Rule 31 of the Indian Post Office Rules contains a general exception, providing that a parcel may contain only one letter provided it is addressed to the addressee of the parcel.

Exception 3 to Rule 181 of the Indian Post Office Rules is a special exception for official correspondence only, permitting, where more than one office file is included in one parcel, each file to contain a single official letter which was not on the file when it reached the officer despatching it.

"Thus if a cover contains no communication of the nature of the letter or contains only the letters permitted by the two exceptions mentioned above, it can be sent at parcel rates of postage.

"If it contains letters not covered by these exceptions, it must pay the letter rate of postage.

"A cover paying the letter of postage may contain any number of articles such as letters, book packets, newspapers or other articles provided they are all intended for the addressee of the cover. It is not permissible to enclose in one cover a number of letters or postcards or personal communications of the nature of letters intended for different addresses".—United Press.

G. T. EXPRESS DERAILED

Railway Traffic On Agra-Muttra Line Diverted

JHANSI, Sept. 8.

The Divisional Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway wires under the date September, 8:—

On the 7th instant at about 22/30 hours, 5 bogies and 3 or 4 wheelers of 50 Up Grand Trunk Express were declared derailed at Bilochpura between Agar and Muttra.

The main line has been blocked. The traffic is being diverted. Through running over the diversion is expected to start within 24 hours. Two passengers were slightly injured and immediate medical aid was rendered.

197 Down and 198 Up Peshawar Express of date were transhipped at the site, 49 Down Grand Trunk Express of date was diverted via Tundla.

50 Up Grand Trunk Express of date was transhipped. 5 Down and 6 Up Punjab Mails of to-day's date have been diverted via Tundla and the Passenger trains were transhipped at the site.—United Press.

POONA 'PLANE'S FORCED LANDING

Sequel To Bad Weather In Broach District

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 8.

A Leopard Moth aeroplane on its way to Karachi from Poona with two passengers had a forced landing in the village of Kavi, Broach District, owing to bad weather. The machine and the occupants are safe.

A relief 'plane has arrived here from Poona to carry the two passengers onward.—A. P.

DUTCH PRINCESS ENGAGED

THE HAGUE, Sept. 8.

The engagement is announced of Princess Juliana to Prince Bernard Zurlippe Biesterfeld.

Princess Juliana is aged 27 and Prince Bernard Zurlippe Biesterfeld is aged 25. The Prince is nephew of the last reigning prince of Lippe. Prince Bernard studied in the Berlin University, has resided in London and Paris and travelled in Morocco. He is at present living in Holland.—Reuter.

Alterations In St. Leger Probables

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Sept. 8.

The following alterations have been made in St. Leger probables:

Sirett rides "Plastercast"; Jones, "Pizarro"; Pat Beasley "Boswell".

Omit, Jubie, Precipitation, and St. Magnus. St. Magnus was scratched to-day.

New Secretary For Sir Raza Ali

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, September 8.

I understand that Mr. Ridley, I.C.S., Finance Secretary. Sind, is likely to be appointed Secretary to the Agent-General for India in South Africa vice Mr. Williams.

RUNS AMOK & KILLS THREE

Villager Eludes Police And Escapes After Exchanging Shots

LAHORE, Sept. 8.

Three persons were shot dead and another man seriously wounded by a Sikh villager, who ran amok armed with a gun.

The desperado who was assisted by two others terrorised the Rawalhargar village. (Kasur).

He had secured the gun following a day light robbery in which a woman and her son were seriously injured.

The three desparodoes attacked persons and in quick succession shot down two persons who happened to be their creditors and wounded another.

Accompanied by the police, villagers pursued the desperadoes, two of whom surrendered while the third man, the Sikh took refuge in a corn field.

A regular exchange of shots between the culprit and the pursuers followed. Meanwhile a Muslim villager believing that the Sikh had exhausted his ammunition rushed at him, only to be shot down.

Police reinforcements arrived and continued a night vigil which was marked by exchange of shots. The Sikh, however, managed to elude the police and escaped. He still remains at large.—A.P.

ORDERED TO QUIT KARACHI

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

Nine more undesirable persons have been externed from Karachi recently by the District Magistrate and the Additional District Magistrate. They are Govind of village Phot in Kathiawar, Bhagwandas of Shikarpur, Ramparsad of district Gonda, Ramchand, Karia, Hajam of Dolti, Chhaganlal of Rajkot Moosa, son of Chawan Sarayo in Jamnagar State, Babaram and Allah Bhachayo.

They have been externed and directed not to re-enter Karachi for two years.—United Press.

SOCIALISTS & PUNJAB BAN ON MASANI

BOMBAY, Sept. 8.

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party has decided, at an emergent meeting, to hold a public meeting shortly to record its protest against the action of the Punjab Government in banning the entry, into the Punjab, of Mr. M. R. Masani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party.

It is learnt that Mr. Masani will be visiting several places of the United Provinces before he returns to Bombay.—United Press.

Big Battle Prospect Over Company Bill

VARYING VIEWS ABOUT MANAGING AGENCY

Pt. Pant Pleads For Control By Shareholders

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, September 8.

From Lobby talks I gather that a five-cornered fight is likely to ensue on the Companies Bill. There is, firstly the extreme Socialist school represented by Mr. Paliwal, Prof. Ranga and Mr. Gadgil which seeks to abolish the Managing Agency System altogether and bring about Socialisation in Company Law. This school may find expression, but is hardly likely to make headway in the House.

Control For Share-holders

Secondly there is the important group represented by Pt. Pant, asked Mr. Satyamurti, which, while retaining the Managing Agency system, is anxious to secure as complete control over the funds and investments as possible for the shareholders.

Hudson-Mody Group

Thirdly there is the Hudson-Mody group which is expected to direct its attack against what, in certain circles, are described as "expropriatory" clauses. For instance, they want that the existing Managing Agents should be removed only by a special resolution of the company.

According to the fourth group the existing contracts should not be touched at all.

Bill Satisfactory

The last remaining section maintains that the Bill as has emerged from the Select Committee is in essentials satisfactory.

HOWRAH BRIDGE CONTRACT SCANDAL

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, Sept. 8.

The Assembly has at last come to grips with the main task before the House namely the Companies Bill. Taking exactly 60 minutes, the Law Member explained important changes proposed by the Select Committee. Technical, complicated, dull—this description which the Law Member himself gave to the issues raised by the provisions of the Bill, will probably apply an equal measure to the detailed discussion which will follow in the next three weeks but the Law Member coupled with it the warning that the Bill was undoubtedly of great importance. There are already over 100 amendments on the Order Paper.

SATYAMURTI MONOPOLISES

Mr. S. Satyamurti practically monopolised the question hour for all the 40 questions answered to-day were from him. The Howrah Bridge contract was one of the new subjects raised to-day. Sir M. Zafrulla pleaded that the matter was governed by a particular Statute, which gave no "locus standi" to the Government of India but made it clear, that though the Government of India was informed of the Bengal Government's decision communicated no opinion whatever.

The Law Member's categorical answer that there was no proposal to handover Berar to Nizam roused Sir Mahomed Yakub to activity, who asked "Was not Berar forcibly taken from the Nizam?" This provoked the retort from Babu Sri Prakas "Was not the whole of India forcibly taken from us?".

Mr. N. M. Joshi's persistence was responsible for the Chair's ruling to-day that interpellations merely referring to leading articles in papers were not permissible, and that definite points on which information was sought should be specified.

Mr. Joshi contended that unless contents of leading articles referred to were disclosed, it merely became "personal discussion" between Mr. Satyamurti and the Government Member.

For failure to observe ordinary precaution to state specific details in the motion itself three adjournment motions were ruled out by Chair.

COMPANY BILL DEBATE

SIMLA, Sept. 8.

Sir Nripendranath Sircar explained the major changes made by the Select Committee. He invited the House to suggest an improvement in the definition of the terms "Managing Agents" and "Manager".

As some doubts had been expressed regarding what the Select Committee meant, the Law Member stated that directors would retain the existing power to refuse to register the transfer of fully paid up shares. It was wrong to suggest that directors in England had not such power. The speaker's attention had been drawn to the difficulties which would be created for certain existing companies by the provision for appointment of one-third of the directors of the general meeting of the shareholders. For instance, certain Indian States and debenture holders have a right to appoint a number of directors. The Law Member was not certain whether all such cases of special directors would be covered by one-third of the directors not specified in the bill. Similar difficulty in the case of a company like the East India Cotton Company where directors are appointed by a special class of shareholders will have to be met.

THEIR REMUNERATION

The speaker next dealt with the changes made in respect of Managing Agents and said, as misconstruction had been put on the language used by the Select Committee, he made it clear that the remuneration for managing agents to be stated in the prospectus of the company must be a net percentage of the profit and nothing more. If the percentage was to be increased or any other form of remuneration was to be given, it must come up before the shareholders.

PROVISIONS OF BILL

The Managing Agents would have no power to issue debentures or except with the authority of directors, to invest funds of the company. Under the existing law, the minimum subscription required to be raised before a company was started was entirely in the discretion of the promoters. The Bill provided the amount which must be raised either by subscription or arranged by the Managing Agents before there could be allotment of shares. The Bill also made it obligatory on the company to publish Profit and Loss Account which the present act did not similarly provide. And Profit and Loss account should include the total amount paid whether as fees, percentages or otherwise to the management or directors as remuneration for their services and the total amount written off for depreciation. If a director is also a director of any other company then the amount received by him from the other company should be shown as remuneration of directors.

The Law Member drew attention to several other important changes in the present law and he was loudly cheered when he resumed his seat.

DAS OPENS DEBATE

Mr. B. Das opening the debate for the Opposition expresed general agreement with the report of the Select Committee. He said that the Law Member had rendered splendid service by amending the Companies Act. Mr. Das insisted that the industrial regeneration of India lay in the maintenance of the Managing Agency system under proper control which the Bill provided. He hoped that debate would be held in calm atmosphere.

Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar said that he was opposed to the Managing Agency system and

(Continued on page 14)

Two Lakhs For Ahmedabad's New College

SETH KASTURBHAI LALBHAI'S DONATION

(From A Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 8.

Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, President Ahmedabad Millowners' Association, has donated Rs. two lakhs for the Arts College to be named after his father Sheth Lalbhai Dalpatbhai to the Ahmedabad Education Society on condition that the Society starts a full-fledged college in June 1937 and collects rupees one lakh more from the public. The Governing Body of the Society in its meeting last night accepted the donation with thanks.

The Governing Body also selected the professors and assistant professors of different subjects and empowered the Special Committee and President of the Society, Principal A. B. Dhruva, to submit an application for affiliation to the University.

ASPIRATIONS OF SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION

Expansion Lies In Entrance Into Overseas Trade, Says Walchand

TWO STEAMERS FOR HAJ TRAFFIC

Presiding over the annual general meeting of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company on Tuesday, Mr. Walchand Hirachand, the Chairman of the Board of Directors reviewed the economic situation of the Company for the last year and said:—

As you know, the uneconomic basic rate of Rs. 7 per ton ruled during the first half of the year under review, but as the rates of freight showed an upward tendency all round, it was possible to secure a small increase in that rate at the beginning of this year which improved the working position of the Company. Moreover, Burma exported the same large quantity of rice to India and Ceylon of about 22 lacs of tons as it did last year and this circumstance, coupled with the absence of any substantial opposition of outside tonnage quoting very low rates as in the previous years, also contributed to the present result shown in the accounts.

INSURANCE PAYMENTS.

Turning to the accounts, it will be noticed that the Investments Reserve Account shows an increase of Rs. 1,593-12-0. As regards the Marine Insurance Fund, as the Company has been carrying its own risk to the extent of 12½ per cent., it had to meet payments in connection with the loss of the s.s. "Burmestan" and in regard to the grounding of the s.s. "Jalabala." This has depleted the Marine Insurance Fund and, as you will have observed from the Report, your Directors have recommended to appropriate Rs. 1,50,000 to the credit of that Fund. You will agree with me that this is a step in the right direction, particularly as the Company has continued to carry its own risk to the extent indicated above. I need not add that these and other arrangements have considerably assisted the Company in reducing its insurance bill by over a lac and eighty thousand rupees per annum as compared with the basis on which insurance was placed in 1933-34.

We recovered all our claims in connection with the loss of the s.s. "Burmestan." Further, the s.s. "Jalabala" went aground in February last in the Irrawaddy river owing to the negligence of the Pilot of the Rangoon Port Commissioners in charge of the vessel. She had, therefore, to be taken to Calcutta for repairs, which were carried out, as stated in the Report, on account of the Underwriters. The steamer was again put into commission in May last and the cost of repairs, etc. will be recovered from the Underwriters; the Company has already received the sum of Rs. 1,26,781-14-0 in part payment against that claim.

The Company's passenger service on the Coromandel run has been running satisfactorily and the traffic both in passengers and cargo remained, during the current year, at the same level as it was in the last year.

COST OF BUNKER COAL.

You must have read from the papers that a surcharge of 12½ per cent. has been imposed on the bunker coal at Calcutta which is likely to increase your coal bill during the coming year.

A shipping organisation needs a building to suit its own requirements and the Company has, therefore, taken a plot of land on the Ballard Estate on lease from the Bombay Port Trust on the usual terms and has decided to erect a building thereon suitable to its needs.

The policy of Indianising the sea service of the Company has continued to receive the same support as in the previous years. 59 Cadets have been taken as apprentices and 32 have been employed as Officers after they obtained their certificates of competency from time to time by the Company. To-day 24 Cadets are serving as apprentices and 23 as Officers on the steamers of the Company.

NEW STEAMERS

The s.s. "Jalaganga" and the s.s. "Jalayamuna" for which building orders were placed with Messrs. Lithgows, Ltd. last year, were delivered during the current year and are now engaged in the coastal trade of India along with the s.s. "Jalamani", ex-s.s. "Gambian," which was purchased by the Company during the current year. These steamers will enable the Company to maintain regularly their services on different runs.

Discussions have taken place between me, our representatives and several members of the Haj Committee both in Bombay and in Calcutta, and a desire was expressed that the Company should berth their steamers for the carrying of pilgrims to the Hedjaz during the coming season. With a view to meet the needs of our Mahomedan friends and to extend the operations of the Company in the Overseas Trade, your Directors have decided to convert the two new boats to meet the requirements of the pilgrim traffic and it is expected that they would carry pilgrims to the Hedjaz next year.

NEED FOR MORE TONNAGE

Some of the steamers owned by the Company have now passed the age not of 20 but even of 30 years. These steamers will have to be replaced for running our services efficiently. The Company has also to provide further vessels for the growing needs of the trade and the requirements of its different services. Moreover, it has also to build passenger vessels suitable to the needs of its passenger traffic. It is, therefore, essential that not only should the Company add further new tonnage to its existing fleet, but it should also see that both its cargo steamers and passenger vessels receive the fullest benefit of all such modern improvements as would conduce to their economic working.

These considerations led your Directors to issue 4,00,000 unissued shares at par to the existing shareholders in terms of the announcement already made. Experience has shown—and particularly the experience which the Indian Shipping Companies have received in the coastal trade of India—that they must have a substantial staying power to face any rate war that may be waged against them by the alien vested interests and the existing financial position of the Company, coupled with the further capital that it is likely to receive, will enable it not only to meet its present needs, as referred to above, but it will also strengthen its potential power to face any struggle into which it may be drawn against its will.

BOMBAY-EUROPE SERVICE

Indian shipping, as you know, has no share whatsoever in the Overseas Trade at present. The general outlines of a scheme for the starting of a fast passenger service between Bombay and Europe have met with the approval of your Directors and the same are being finalised in all their different aspects. You are aware that the passenger traffic emanating from and coming to the port of Bombay is fairly large and has been growing year after year, and I am sure it will increase further with the growing spirit in the country of going abroad for various purposes. We are called partners in the Empire. When we ask for Swaraj, one of the potent objections flung in our face is that we do not know how to defend ourselves! If we want to build up our shipping so that it might be of great help to us when we have to defend ourselves on sea, we are told British Shipping will do that!! It seems to me that British statesmen want to call us their partners to suit their own political ends, but where economic interests are concerned, the partners have only to bear the burdens, but not to share the profits.

Only a few weeks ago, British shipowners and the British press demanded the recognition of the principle, that as the Soviet timber found an important market in Great Britain, such timber or, at any rate, a substantial part of it should be carried in British bottoms. Shall we not, therefore, say that as British goods find an important market in India those goods or, at any rate, a substantial part of them should be carried in national ships? Moreover, the large passenger trade emanates from India itself and it is India that pays over Rs. 55 lacs per annum towards the passages granted under the Lee concessions. It is, therefore, reasonable for India to expect that Government Officers receiving the benefit of these concessions should travel by steamers owned, controlled and managed by Indians. Entrance into the Overseas Trade is the natural direction wherein lies our future expansion and with the growing spirit of nationalism in the country and both with your support and the support of the public, it will not be long before Indian shipping will be flying its flag in the Overseas Trade.

The Directors' Report and the statement of accounts were adopted at the meeting which lasted for nearly five hours.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru performed the opening ceremony of the works of the Hindustan Tyres Ltd. during his recent visit to Bombay. Photo shows him opening the full circle mould from which the tyre is taken out.

Interests Of Traders Linked With Indian Freedom

CONGRESS PRESIDENT DISARMS FEARS OF COMMERCIAL CLASS

HAPUR, Sept. 8.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru commenced his whirlwind tour in the Meerut District this morning. After addressing two meetings at Alipore and Baxar villages, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru reached Hapur at 9, where he was greeted by nearly 25,000 people. He was taken in a procession to the office of the local Traders Association where an address and a purse of Rs. 500 were presented to him by the local traders.

Replying to the address, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru cleared the misunderstanding prevalent among the Commercial class regarding their relation with the Congress, in view of the President's socialist leanings, and observed that the fundamental interests of the traders were linked with India's freedom.

Later he addressed another big public meeting where another purse of Rs. 500 was presented. He was also presented another sum of Rs. 1,000 by Mr. Peareylal, a prominent Congressman for the advancement of the national education.

Pandit Jawaharlal then left for Ghaziabad where at a meeting he was given a purse of Rs. 151 for the Kamala Memorial Fund. From there he left for Meerut.—United Press.

Meerut Bar And Congress President

ASSOCIATION MUST TABOO POLITICS?

Dist. Judge's Letter To Members

MEERUT, Sept. 8.

Can a Bar Association take direct part in politics? And can that body present an address to the President of the Indian National Congress?

These questions are expected to be decided by the Chief Court of Meerut.

The issue is the off-shoot of a unanimous resolution adopted by the local Bar Association to present an address of welcome to Pandit Jawaharal Nehru, President of the Congress, and the invitations, in that connection, extended to the local Judicial Officers by the Association.

Mr. R. L. Yorke, I.C.S., District Judge, being unable to accept the invitation, wrote to the Secretary of the Bar Association:—

"I find some difficulty in understanding how a Bar Association can take direct part in politics by presenting an address to the President of the Congress?"

Mr. Yorke is stated to have further said to the President of the Bar Association, that he intended to report the matter to the Chief Court for necessary action and suggested that words "President of the Congress" be deleted from the invitation cards.

The Bar Association called an emergent meeting to consider the letter of Mr. Yorke and decided to present an address to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.—United Press.

MEERUT'S WELCOME TO PRESIDENT

Jawahar Gives Congress Message To Audience Of 50,000

MEERUT, Sept. 8.

The Meerut City wore a gala appearance to-day on the occasion of the visit of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who arrived here this evening and was taken in a huge procession, almost unparalleled in the history of Meerut, to the Town Hall through the main thoroughfares.

The whole city was gaily decorated with national flags, festoons and electric bulbs.

CIVIC WELCOME

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was presented with addresses on behalf of the Municipality, District Board, citizens, Bar Association and students.

He gave the Congress Message to a huge gathering of nearly 50,000 people and appealed to them to support the Congress in the coming elections.

REPLY TO DISTRICT JUDGE

Replying to the Bar Association address Panditji gave a suitable reply to the District Judge who wanted the Bar Association to invite the Congress President in his personal capacity, and not as the President of the Indian National Congress.

He said that he was an office-bearer of the Congress and there was no meaning in inviting him in his personal capacity.

Half-a-dozen purses were presented to the Congress President. The amount of the purses totalled several thousand rupees.—United Press.

THAKERSEY WOMEN UNIVERSITY'S NEW PREMISES

(From Our Correspondent)

Vile Parle, Tuesday.

It will be remembered that V. D. Thakersey Women's University headquarters which commenced its career under Prof. O. K. Karve, had been transferred to Bombay by way of a compromise.

The University will shift from October next to the Carnagi Road—a byelane to Queen's Road No. 314 buildings.

I understand that the Bombay Government as a mark of their appreciation of the work and the progress of the Thackersey University have decided to give them a grant of Rs. 50,000 whilst the Government of India too may give a similar grant to help it in the realisation of its progressive ideals.

PRINCIPLES OF LAW DISCUSSED

Shamdasani-Velinkar Duel In Court

What were considered to be applications involving important principles of law were discussed by Mr. P. D. Shamdasani and Mr. S. G. Velinkar, on Thursday, before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, at the resumed hearing of the case in which Sir Hugh Golding Cocke and three others, Auditors of the Central Bank, were charged with issuing a false balance-sheet.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar appearing for the Central Bank made a counter-application on Thursday in which he stated that he had received a copy of an order dated September 2, 1936, on the application made by Mr. Shamdasani, the complainant in the case, giving him the liberty to inspect relevant accounts, more particularly "Miscellaneous Adjustment Account," kept in the Books of the Bank, namely Sundry Ledgers.

Th order to give liberty to the complainant to inspect the relevant accounts, more particularly the "Miscellaneous Adjustment Account" and further to give liberty to take copies of any entries in the relevant books for the purpose of producing relevant and material evidence to prove the case of the prosecution, was made on an application made by the complainant under section 6 of the Bankers Books Evidence Act 1891.

Mr. Velinkar submitted that the sundry ledgers referred to in the order consisted of three bulky volumes each containing over eleven hundred pages and comprising hundreds of accounts relating to the transaction and business of the Bank.

He further stated that each page contained hundreds and hundreds of accounts which could not possibly have any bearing on the case and that the complainant had not asked for specific entries. Further the complainant's application contained an omnibus requisition to give him the liberty to take copies of the relevant entries.

The only object of the complainant in applying for inspection, in spite of the fact that the books had been actually produced in court in compliance with the order of the court, was to have a roving inspection of the books of the Bank and any such inspection, he submitted, would not only be detrimental to the Bank but also objectionable to its constituents.

The applicant, in view of the above circumstances, said that the Bank was competent under clause 3 of Section 6 of the Bankers Books Evidence Act, either to offer to produce the books or to give notice of its intention to show cause against the order made by the Magistrate.

Order Ceased To Operate

As the books had been produced, as required by the complainant and the Court, the order for inspection ceased to operate and the applicant submitted that that order had to be vacated.

Mr. Shamdasani argued under authorities which he cited that the Court was competent to make an order as the Court did in the case.

As far as the application on behalf of the Bank was concerned he contended no notice required by Law had been given him and the clause on which the applicant relied could not be applied as that clause was applicable only in cases in which books had not been produced or any attempt to resist the production of books was made.

With regard to the merits of the application, the applicant had not said a word to show that the requisition was irrelevent.

Mr. Velinkar further submitted that there was nothing easier than for Mr. Shamdasani to call upon the Bank to produce entries of which he had certified copies.

Mr. Shamdasani: But I want the whole account.

And when the books had been produced how could they be given for inspection and which was the relevant account and who was to judge the relevancy.

Mr. Shamdasani contended that no order had been made by the Court to produce all the books. The order was to produce books as and when required.

Mr. Velinkar: (Loking into his notes). There is only one specific instance where the Court has asked to produce books and the Bank had produced.

The Court agreed that no general order had been made.

Mr. Shamdasani, then, contended that if the books had not been produced, then he should have the liberty of inspection. "Anyway, Your Worship, Mr. Velinkar cannot have it both ways" he added.

The Court then drew the attention of the applicant that no notice had been given to Mr. Shamdasani.

Mr. Velinkar: Let him have it now.

Mr. Shamdasani: Who are you to give me notice? I have not heard of a barrister giving notice.

It was anyway competent to the Court, Mr. Shamdasani said, to restrict the order to only "Miscellaneous Adjustment Account" and Mr. Shamdasani said he would be satisfied with it.

Notice To Be Given

The Court made an order that notice might be given to the complainant as had been claimed by him.

Further hearing was postponed till September 7.

Mr. Shamdasani appeared in person, while Mr. Velinkar appeared for the accused.

Relief Measures Unsatisfactory

COUNCIL CARRIES ADJOURNMENT DESPITE GOVT. OPPOSITION

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 8.

The Bombay Council resumed its session this noon, Mr. Hooseinali Rahimtoola presiding.

After interpellations were over, Dr. Wad rose in his seat and began reading the text of the adjournment motion he wished to move.

The President reminded the member of his talk before the Council met and Dr. Wad sat down.

Mr. Bakhale at this stage, rose to ask what the procedure was in regard to the adjournment motion. He stated that some motions had previously been disallowed on the floor of the House. Mr. Bakhale wanted to know therefore why the matter was disposed of between the member (Dr. Wad) and the President.

Mr. Tairsee "It is begging the question. The matter has not yet been disposed off".

The President stated that under Chapter 7 of the standing orders a member was required to obtain the previous permission from the President which he had not got.

INADEQUATE FAMINE RELIEF

Dr. Vad's motion having thus dropped Mr. Chaturbhai Patel rose to notify an adjournment motion to discuss the matter of unsatisfactory and inadequate famine relief in certain parts of the presidency.

The Finance Member was upon his feet to have his say in opposing the motion when Mr. Bakhale again rose to a point of order saying that in case of adjournment motion the Government member could not say anything beyond whether he opposed it or not.

The President said he thought that Government members were always allowed brief statements. Mr. Bakhale said that the practice did not obtain elsewhere

When the president asked him about yesterday's happenings. "It was a mistake Sir, submitted Mr. Bakhale. The President said that such statements were allowed.

Opposing the motion Khan Bahadur Cooper said that it was premature. The Government had already issued a Press Note stating all that they had done, they were doing and they intended to do to give relief to the famine stricken.

RAINS IN DOHAD AND JHALOD

Proceeding the Finance Member referred to the telegram just received by him intimating that there was five inches of rain fall during a single day at Dohad and Jhalod respectively. It is likely that conditions may change", said Khan Bahadur Cooper and said that if even after some time members found that Government did not do well in the matter they might bring such a motion later during the current session. Finally, he stated that the Government were watching the situation very closely and that they would lose no opportunity to give every possible relief to the famine stricken. When the motion was put to the House, 28 members supported it.

The President then intimated that the adjournment motion would come before the House at 4 p.m.

ELECTED UNCONTESTED

The uncontested elections of Messrs. Bhailal Patel and Shaikh Abdul Aziz to the Public Accounts Committee and of Bhailal Patel and Dr. Collaro to the Finance Committee were then announced. The House then resumed consideration of the Bill amending Local Boards Act, to remove election petitions hearing anomaly and was engaged with it till it rose for tea at 3-30 p.m.

When the House met at 4 p.m. after tea Mr. Chaturbhai Patel moved his adjournment motion. He stated that the scarcity of rains was responsible for failure of crops due to which both the farmer and the labourer had suffered. The speaker stated that it was high time that the Government announced famine and arranged for adequate relief.

"WAIT AND SEE" WON'T DO.

Rao Bahadur Navale, Deputy Speaker, supporting the motion said that in Ahmednagar District there had been no sowing at all due to want of rain. He protested against the "wait and see" policy advised by the Finance Member and said that if relief were really to be given it was necessary that it was given in right earnest when it was most needed. He stated that Kharif crops had already failed and even if rains favoured another four months would be required before the Rabi crops comes to hand. But the agriculturists could not hold on so long.

The Rao Bahadur further complained that Rs. 50,000 worth of relief, already announced, was quite inadequate and exhorted the Government to make a grant of fifty lakhs of rupees from the Famine relief.

Khan Bahadur Alibhai Patel and Mr. Saklatwalla supported the motion, the latter advising the Finance Member to take the House into confidence and to inform it of all that they had done in the matter.

Khan Bahadur Abdul Latif suggested that "tagai" loans should be given in cash to the farmers and not in the shape of fodder bought.

MEASURES IN SOUTHERN DIVISION

Mr. J. A. Madan, Commissioner, Southern Division, was the first to speak on the motion from Government side. He narrated in detail, with facts and figures the relief measures that Government had so far adopted in several districts in the Central Division. He said that Government had already moved in regard to questions like "Kadbi" and other fodder storage, grazing and other facilities for cattle, irrigation facilities to those growing fodder and the like. He assured the House that Government were alive to the situation and would certainly like to do all they could to relieve the famine-stricken.

"NO CENSURE ON GOVT."

Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed thought it was unwise for the Finance Member to have opposed this motion. The speaker thought that the motion was not moved with the object of censuring the Government. The House, on the other hand, wanted to know what the Government was doing in the matter and to strengthen the hands of Government to provide further and additional relief. Government, therefore, thought Sir Rafiuddin, ought to have welcomed the motion and invited discussion.

Mr. Collins, Commissioner, Northern Division, next explained the situation in his Division. After his speech Mr. Chaturbhai Patel (mover of the motion) applied for closure but it was not accepted and Mr. Madhavsingh Jorbhai was allowed to have his say in Gujrati.

Closure was once again applied for and was accepted at 5-45 p.m.

"PREMATURE MOTION"

Replying to the debate Khan Bahadur Cooper reiterated that the motion was premature. He referred to an occasion when rains in the first fortnight of October had considerably changed the famine situation by giving bumper harvests. Kharip crops observed K. B. Cooper, were not the deciding factor in the presidency and so Rabbi crops could be well depended on. He said that telegrams reporting good rainfall were coming to him. One of latest of them said that 2.40 inches of rain fell in a night at Nandgaon (Nasik). He said that under the circumstances, Government were doing all they could and in that light he was obliged to the House for the suggestions made.

MOTION CARRIED

The Finance Member having finished his reply by five minutes to six, the motion was put to the House and ayes were declared to have carried it.

A surprise was sprung on the House when, contrary to expectations, the Finance Member did not challenge division. The House was then adjourned to Wednesday.

General appreciation was expressed by a number of members at the Finance Member's straight attitude in neither talking out the motion (which for him was very easy) nor challenging a division but taking the defeat bravely.

Adjournment Motion In Bombay Council

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Sept. 7.

In the Bombay Council Session, which commenced to-day, Hon. Mr. Husseinalli Rahimtoola presiding, after the preliminary business including interpellations was over, Mr. Bakhale wished to move an adjournment motion to discuss the unsatisfactory attitude to the workers of the Western India Match Factory by First Class Residential Magistrate of Kalyan, and Second Class Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Kalyan Prant, in issuing orders under sections including 144 Cr. P. C. Twentythree members supporting.

The motion of leave was granted for moving it after the recess to-day.

Mainly About Motion Pictures

Kumari Jamuna in "Maya" to be released at the Minerva.

WHAT LEADS TO MEDIOCRE FILM PRODUCTION

Drama Depends On Artistic Treatment Of Materials

(By V. M. Inamdar, B.A., Hons.)

It is therefore incumbent upon the producer, when the choice falls upon a romantic story to exercise due moderation and to see that he does not take liberties with the situation but accords to it a treatment which it legitimately deserves, and which it necessarily requires for a full elucidation of the topic chosen. Such a situation cannot afford to be a mere luxury or a super-imposition from without but must be one to conduce in a healthy manner to the effective reproduction on the screen of the passions that throng in the story chosen for presentation. It is also noteworthy in this connection that love in modern times, under the modern conditions has surely received an unjust treatment when we see in so many society pictures things represented on so exaggerated a plane as one can never find in actual life. The apathy of the modern educated girl to be won over and be subjected to the so-called slavery of being a wife in the ancient manner, augmented by her supercilious dilettantism in life along with the case of the other girl made to marry the man she does not love has been the common ground for the fighting film producers, and has certainly been led to a ridiculous extreme. What we want the producers to realise is not that a stereotyped falling back upon the same repeated aspects of romantic love is not of any avail, but that in every case such a choice should be directed by some higher motive whether social, religious or ethical. The value therefore depends upon the interpretation put on the incidents, and the suggestions which they are made to convey. Mere imitation cannot take us a long way. Love as a force in life can be caught hold of in its various and innumerable manifestations and if treated with due insight and ingenuity, keeping in view the unforseen possibilities of romantic suggestion is surely a subject out of which many a first rate product can be made.

COSTUMES NAD MAKE-UPS.

The last thing that requires to be noted is with regard to the costume and the general make up of the characters. These two things constitute more than half the making of a picture. However well conceived the plot may be, and however effective its presentation on the screen, a picture is bound to fail in its appeal if particular attention is not paid to this important part of the producers' business. The production of a mythological picture especially demands a special attention in this respect. The bare fact that the producer has selected an episode from the remote past makes it incumbent upon him to be faithful in the reproduction of what he has chosen, as also in presenting the men and women of those times as men and women specifically belonging to those times. The legendary characters are not to be shadowy figures of an ancient past, uncongenially garbed in the dress of the latest cut of the 20th century. The Puranic men and women must be products of their own time in each and every respect in habits and manners, in customs and conventions. But what we find generally in mythological pictures is a curious mixture of grievously standardized convention, and old world sentiment introduced in altogether alien surroundings. Cases of mythical women adapting modern methods of life in matters

(Continued on Page 3.)

Mr. E. Billimoria and Madhuri in "Lahari Lala" forthcoming at the West-End (Ranjit).

Syt. Bhargava plays the comic role in "Romantic India" (Rajput Films).

"GAYABI-SITARA"

At The Globe

Saroj Movietone's different short of thriller "Gayabi-Sitara" the "Mysterious Star" is drawing crowded houses this week at the Globe Talkies.

You must have seen many a thriller and many a stunt-picture but Saroj Movietone's new production "Gayabi-Sitara" strikes quite a different note in the world of stunt-thrillers. It tells of mysterious and blood-curdling exploits of a bravado who saves a beautiful girl from the rushing tornado of a villain—who under the garb of a saint becomes the terror of the country. There are thrills resulting from aeroplanes crashing down on earth from high skies and other thrilling situations. Main stars are Miss Khoorshed, the nightingale of the Punjab, Miss Zebunnisa, Mr. Shuklal, Mr. Prabhashankar, etc.

You cannot afford to miss this picture at the Globe

"MANZIL" OR 'GRIHA-DAHA"

A film critic from the North writes: "I have rarely seen a better-acted or more brilliantly dialogued picture than this adoption of Sarat Chandra Chatterjee's famous novel "Griha-daha" or "Manzil".

New Theatres once gave us a brilliant social piece like "Devdas"—and but there is a more sumptuous melodrama "Manzil" that can really claim as one of the most cleverly written drama as far as Indian screen is concerned.

The story of "Manzil" has deft—the deft which we rarely find in our usual screen stories. But here we see that New Theatres' talented artiste like P. Barua who displays all the inner faculties an artiste really possesses. Because the director Barua knows his theme well, because Sjt. P. Barua understands all the characters of Sarat Babu's novel, because Barua, has lived with them, loved them and lastly, nourished these characters—and that is why I mantain that "Manzil" is a drama

(Continued on Page 8.)

NEW THEATRES' NEW ONE

"Maya"

One cannot deny the fact that fabrication of the present factory made Indian movie which constitutes about ninety per cent. of India's output commences with the same sort of stuff in characters and dialogues, songs and treatment (if at all one can name the 'bluff' as treatment). But one can hardly use the above statement when there is New Theatres Limited (Calcutta)—an entirely different sort of producing studio in India. New Theatres Ltd., has changed the strata of the present Indian pictures. It's ace-directors Sjt. Nitin Bose, Sjt. P. Barua, Sjt. Hemchunder positively can claim the honour of introducing new technique in Indian films. They have produced pictures that have been successful from every point of view. You cannot forget "Chandidas" "Devdas", "Dhup-Chhaon"! Now you will see as great a picture as previous productions.

New Theatres' latest picture under production is "Maya"—which is being directed by Sjt. P. Barua. A quite unusual story which lays bare the soul of an Indian wife—is brilliantly composed into a motion-picture-song. All the human weaknesses—loves, hates, miseries and temptations are the elements that form the psychological pattern of situations. You must have seen many a plot as far as Indian moving pictures are concerned, but Sjt. Barua has chosen a peculiar psychological drama which would make his talents shine through his own special treatment. You will positively fall in love with the melodious music the story of "Maya" has. All the liting songs, all the musical effects and all the syncopating notes which background of the picture proudly comprise of, are the unequivocal elements.

And what about the characters? You will see your favourite star Jamuna in a role—more human than that of Parvati in "Devdas". And there are Pahari Sanyal, Nawab, K. C. Dey, (blind singer) and noted dancer Azurie, and Nemo.

This great social drama "Maya" will be released at the Minerva Talkies, shortly through Calcutta Film Exchange. Sjt. Baboosheth Mamojee of C. F. E. is now in Calcutta and is expected back in Bombay in the Middle of the current month.

"JAWANI-KA-NASHA"

You have seen all the glorious social hits from Madan studios—Calcutta. But now, you will see a social picture that is quite different from the past ones. It is "Jawani-ka-Nasha" from Tollywood studios (Calcutta). It is a touching story of a young, wealthy and God-fearing gentleman who by his villainous companion takes to wine and woman. But he sincerely loved the girl—a songstress—who was nothing but a fallen woman. What happens then? You must see the baffling-situations on the screen when the picture will be released at the Globe shortly.

There are your favourite stars—Khalil Ahmed, Miss. Akhtari, Kaisar Faizabadi. Don't fail to see this social drama at the Globe.

Kumari Sardar in "Savkari Pash" at Majestic.

RECORD SUCCESS OF "AMAR-JYOTI"

11th Week At Krishna

Prabhat's spectacular Sea Romance, which is certainly the proud specimen of Art and technic—"Amar Joyti" has been drawing record crowds of different communities for the last Eleven Weeks at Krishna Talkies. In spite of rains, for the last 5 days, there has been surging crowds blocking the thoroughfares round about Krishna Theatre.

It was undoubtedly a huge spectacle, the equal of which had never been witnessed before at any of the theatres in this city. This is in itself a conclusive proof that this picture is something out of the best ones produced in India. Technically as well as artistically "Amar-Jyoti," is of an exceptionally high standard and the leading stars such as Durga Khote, Shanta Apte and Kumari Vasanti of "Mahatma" fame, give the most touching and convincing portrayal of Soudamini, the pirate Chieftainess. Nandini, the Princess and Reka, the lovely daughter of Soudamini's adviser, respectively. "Amar-Jyoti" in the first spectacular marine picture with the details of sea-faring life brought out most vividly. The excellent execution of ship collisions, pirate battles coupled with wonderful back-ground music, delightful songs by Shanta Apte and Kumari Vasanti, grand settings, fantastic costumes compel admiration for the ingenious brains working behind the scenes. "Amar-Jyoti" is undoubtedly the finest achievement of the Indian Screen, the credit of which goes to the most popular screen Director Mr. V. Shantaram. This picture which is certainly a triumph of Art, beauty and technic, should on no account, be missed. And at the same time "Amar-Jyoti", will certainly bring greater recognition of India at the International Exhibition to be held at Venice. Of course, our hats off to Director Shantaram for this unique achievement.

Sabita Devi in "Jivan-Lata" at the Imperial.

Kumari Shanta Apte in "Amar Jyoti" at the Krishna.

Question Of The Week

WHY ARE INDIAN STUDIOS SO DIFFIDENT ABOUT TOPICALS?

"ACHHUT KANYA"

At The Roxy

There are film fans and film fans. Some of them are keen on seeing every picture—good, bad or indifferent. But there are others who use greater discrimination and go to see only good, clean and wholesome films. Instead of seeing several uninteresting pictures, they make better use of their time and money by seeing a good picture several times. For, really speaking it is only by repeating a visit to a good picture that its finer points can be appreciated. There are so many little details subtle delicacies of dialogue, fleeting tender moments and some exceptionally brilliant flashes of acting—which one is liable to miss while seeing the picture for the first time. Then, if there are some really fine songs, they are enjoyed again and again each time the film is seen. And hence we have a large number of discriminating film fans who are never content to see a good picture once but who insist on repeating their visits.

"ACHHUT KANYA."

It is this class of film-goers that is really the mainstay of an exceptionally brilliant film like "Achhut Kanya" which is now approaching the end of its 8th week at Roxy. Several lakhs of Bombay fans have seen this picture already so that there is hardly anyone who has not seen it at least once. The reason, thus, why even now it is drawing crowded houses is that people are going to see it for the second, third or even fourth time. There are some who have made it a point to see it once every week. One fan, in a letter to Ashok Kumar, claimed to have seen the picture a dozen times already. The reason which he gave was that he liked to hear the songs of Devika Rani, Ashok Kumar, and Chandrapabha again and again. No one can blame him, either!

"PRABHU KA PYARA"

Has Entered Sixth Week At West End Talkies

From 11th September begins Ranjit's sensational hit "Lahari Lala" a Jayant Desai Production starring lovely Madhuri and E. Billimoria. The subject has its special novelty in double role characterization for Mr. Billimoria who has put a wonderful performances both as a famous novelist as well as Lahari Lala the talk of the town. Miss Madhuri appears in an entirely different role, she loves the writer and hates criminal in him but she has not allowed her hatred to supercede love. You will enjoy mystery that surrounds the telephone call from an unknown girl who is none but your favourite star Madhuri.

Intricate plot, wity dialogues and directorial punches combined together have made this picture most lively and enjoyable. Hilarious comedy has definitely added to the entertainment value of the picture.

Next is "Jwala Mukhi". It deals with the social problem of modern life where in ideas of young clash with the catholicism of the old people. Fine treatise portrayed and picturised by Mr. Madhok in a well-knit plot will be an outstanding entertainment as well as the subject of educational value.

Mr. Jayant Desai has well nigh completed his new social picture starring Madhuri and E. Billimoria while Mr. Shah has begun shooting his new subject "Flower Girl" starring inimitable Gohar.

Ranjit intend to go for outdoor shooting in November.

S. Vazir And Kumari Gulab in "Girl From Lahore" at the Novelty.

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A volunteer corps of Spanish women rebels on guard with their male colleagues at the Franco-Spanish frontier at Annaguy-Calvarios. (By Air Mail).

Indian News From Here And There

ADDRESSED GOVERNOR AS "MISTER"

Bilaspur Railway Official Suspended ?

(From Our Correspondent).
NAGPUR, (By Mail)

This morning's "Independent," a local Congress English weekly, publishes a sensational story that Mr. Yusuf, a B. N. Railway Superior Service employee of Bilaspur has been suspended from service because he did not add the words "His Excellency" when saluting His Excellency Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, Acting Governor of the Central Provinces when the latter visited Bilaspur recently, but simply said "Good morning Mr. Raghavendra Rao."

His superior officers who were present on the station thought that this was an insult to the Governor and accordingly suspended Mr. Yusuf.

The same journal understands that His Excellency Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, will not resume work as Home Member but will resign his office and seek election to the provincial Assembly.

CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN IN SIND

Sub-Committee Appointed To Raise Fund

(From Our Correspondent).
KARACHI, Sept. 7.

A meeting of the Sind Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board was held yesterday at Hyderabad.

Applications from candidates seeking Congress ticket in the forthcoming elections were disposed of. Applicants from seven constituencies were given Congress ticket.

Heated discussions took place regarding Karachi constituencies in the meeting ultimately adjourned to Sept. 19 at Karachi when the applications invited from the remaining constituencies will also be considered. The meeting also decided to raise an election Fund and appointed a small sub-committee for the purpose.

A meeting of the Sind Provincial Congress Committee was then held. It chalked out the programme for Gandhi Jayanti beginning on September 26 and in accordance with the appeal of the Congress President it was decided to observe September 13 as a Political Prisoners' day.

VILLAGERS RESIST 100 DACOITS

(From Our Correspondent.)
DOHAD, (By Mail)

The Dohad-Jhalod Peasants Union has reliably learnt about dacoity by more than 100 dacoits, at Timachi, a Jhalod village, near Kushalgadh State limits when Patel Hari's house was raided and corn and cattle were taken away.

The village people opposed the Dacoits and snatched back the stolen property. Four dacoits were severely injured and one died. The dead body is lying in the Annas River.

LOYALTY BY ORDER

School Children's Parade On Occasion Of U. P. Governor's Visit

(From Our Correspondent).
GHAZIABAD, (By Mail).

Never was loyalty bred by order. This is a simple truth and it is a pity that the henchmen of the bureaucracy in this province do not yet seem to realize it. It was certainly reprehensible to know through the letters of Dr. Bhagwan Das and Mr. Narayan Das Gupta published in the press that boys and girls were made to line up the routes in drenching rain and scorching sun on the occasion of the recent gubernatorial visits in some parts of the United Provinces. This sort of unwarranted initiative on the part of officials remains upto this time undefended.

It reminds me of a similar circular with regard to troop marches that was issued by the Commissioner, Meerut Division, about a year back, requiring the chairmen of the local Boards to inform their educational authorities that it was desirable that the children in schools be offered an opportunity of seeing the troops march past. This circular was equally strange and was referred to by Mr. Satyamurti on the floor of Assembly at Delhi, but the Government sought shelter in their proverbial refuge 'no information.'

PRITI-BHOJAN TO PARMANAND

Exhortation To Jain Youths To Do Their Duty

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Sept. 6.

Sjt Parmanand Kapadia was received at the Ahmedabad Railway Station early in the morning and was garlanded by youths. He was taken direct to Ravishankerbhai Raval's Bungalow. Great enthusiasm prevailed amongst Jain youths in the evening at the Priti Bhojan with Sjt. Kapadia about 350 persons, including ladies were present.

After Dinner, Sjt. Parmanand, giving a short speech said that youths should wake up and do their duty to the motherland. Thus the function was over amidst great joy.

WORK DONE BY RECEPTION COMMITTEE AT FAIZPUR

Bombay Congressman Satisfied

(From Our Correspondent).
FAIZPUR, (By Mail)

Mr. Balasaheb Kher, a well-known Congressman of Bombay, visited Faizpur on Friday last to express satisfaction at the site in Faizpur and the work of the Reception Committee till now and made some valuable suggestions for the arrangements of the session. He, accompanied by Mr. Marathe, the secretary of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, visited the Harijan Boarding Savda conducted by Mr. Ukhabhai a local Congress worker. Mr. Kher motored to Yawal and addressed a public meeting on Harijan uplift. He then proceeded to Dhulia.

Mr. S. R. Bhagwat, chief officer of the Poona Municipality arrived to-day to consult plans of the session. Sjt. Appasaheb Patwardhan of Ratnagiri also had arrived to-day. Sjt. Sahastrabudhe Kaksaheb Kalelkar and Dhotreji are expected to-morrow. Preparations for the meeting of the reception committee are going on.

SEVERE DROUGHT IN KATHIAWAR

(From Our Correspondent).
RANPUR, Sept. 6.

Mr. Hargovind Pandya, the secretary of the Saurashtra Seva Samiti issues the following statement to press. There is severe drought in Kathiawar and complete failure of all crops even gir. Usually having heaviest continuous monsoon rains, this year, Kathiawar suffers from water scarcity. I know instances of starved persons, committing theft for grain. Fodder scarcity is intense. The States should lose no time in declaring famine conditions and including incidental concessions should also organise relief works, if they intend to save farmers and peasants. Vast public funds in the States' capitals and towns lying moribund should now be harnessed for immediate extensive relief measures.

The Saurashtra Seva Samiti members and other workers of Bhal and Kathiawad are requested to give information.

An emergency general meeting will be called for consideration of this acute problem.

MUSLIM UNITY IN BIHAR

Jinnah Invited To Visit Province

PATNA, (By Mail)

"The political situation in Bihar, as far as the Mussalmans are concerned, is such that the well-wishers of the community should not take rest till they have succeeded in bringing the different Muslim groups on one platform like Bengal, so that all may jointly pursue one constructive programme for the common good of the community and the province," says Mr. Haider Imam, President of the Majlisi Ittehadi Millat Bihar, in a Press statement.

Continuing Mr. Imam says: "The recent negotiation for fusion and coalition were perhaps made half-heartedly, and, therefore, they had failed to produce any satisfactory result. We should not allow these negotiations to be dropped; on the other hand, we must try once again to bring about at least some unity of work for good common purposes among the different Muslim political organisations. Bengal's lead in this respect will be extremely welcomed.

Mr. Imam has written to Mr. Jinnah requesting him to come to Patna to exercise his influence towards a settlement of the political differences prevailing among Bihar Moslem parties.—A.P.

INDEPENDENCE STILL OUR GOAL

Kamaladevi Gives Lie Direct To False Propaganda Against Congress

CALCUTTA, Sept. 5.

"A unique occasion is provided by this campaign for the millions to show to the world that they stand by the Congress in the fight against Imperialism and in the struggle for the freedom of the country", observed Srimathi Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya inaugurating the Congress Election Campaign in Malabar at a public meeting held under the auspices of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee in the local Town Hall last evening. Mr. M. P. Narayan Menon presiding.

"The Congress Election Manifesto" she continued, "gives the lie direct to the enemies of the Congress who say that the spirit of Congress has been subdued and the Congress is too tired to fight the battle of freedom. Independence is still the goal of the Congress and the Congress has determined never to relax the fight till the goal is achieved. Only the methods and tactics of the fight might change from time to time."

Continuing, Srimathi Kamaladevi said that, many fighters of freedom who had broken away from Congress, were returning again to its fold. "We welcome their return", she said, "but let them have a becoming modicum of humility about them and cease talking frowningly of the need for discipline in the Congress organisation, when they address Congressmen who have stood by the Congress through thick and thin. Let them also be good enough not to spread false impressions about the aims of the Congress."

She further pointed out that the reconverted Congressmen, the other day declared that "the Congress was only against British Imperialism and that it would tolerate Indian Imperialism." In fact, she said there was no distinction to choose from in the matter of Imperialism. Inperialism was not based on principles of nationalism, it was an economic machinery that subsisted on the sweat of the masses. The Congress was clearly against it.

Mrs. Kamaladevi proceeding added that some people said that the Congress was for wrecking only the safeguards provided in the new Constitution and not for wrecking the constitution itself. The Congress manifesto gave the lie direct to this statement.

Concluding she observed, that all people might not be able to court imprisonment and hardships in the fight for the country's freedom, but in the election campaign all had an opportunity to take part in the fight and demonstrate their loyalty to the Congress.—United Press.

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Sovereignty Of Egypt Recognised

Provisions Of 17 Articles That Make Up The Treaty Of Alliance

The Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of alliance just concluded is considered to be a great contribution to the factors making for world peace.

Prominent among the 17 Articles are provisions for Egyptian Independence, the Defence of the Suez Canal, the future of the Sudan and a combined effort for the abolition of the Capitulations.

The text of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of Alliance, which was signed at the Foreign Office consists of 17 Articles several of which are followed by long annexes and various appendices. A preamble states the object of the treaty. Their Majesties the King of Great Britain and the King of Egypt—

Being anxious to consolidate the friendship and the relations of good understanding between them and to co-operate in the execution of their international obligations in preserving the peace of the world;

And considering that these objects will best be achieved by the conclusion of a treaty of friendship and alliance, which in their common interest will provide for effective cooperation in preserving peace and ensuring the defence of their respective territories and shall govern their mutual relations in the future;

Have agreed to conclude a treaty for this purpose.

The names of the plenipotentiaries on both sides are then set forth, with the statement that they, "having communicated their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed as follows":

ARTICLE 1.—The military occupation of Egypt by the forces of his Majesty the King and Emperor is terminated.

ARTICLE 2.—His Majesty the King and Emperor will henceforth be represented at the Court of his Majesty the King of Egypt, and his Majesty the King of Egypt will be represented at the Court of St. James's, by Ambassadors duly accredited.

A SOVEREIGN STATE.

ARTICLE 3.—Egypt, intends to apply for membership to the League of Nations. His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom, recognising Egypt as a sovereign independent State, will support any request for admission which the Egyptian Government may present in the conditions prescribed by Article 1 of the Covenant.

ARTICLE 4.—An alliance is established between the High Contracting Parties with a view to consolidating their friendship, their cordial understanding and their good relations.

ARTICLE 5.—Each of the High Contracting Parties undertakes not to adopt in relation to foreign countries an attitude which is inconsistent with the alliance, nor to conclude political treaties inconsistent with the provisions of the present treaty.

ARTICLE 6.—Should any dispute with a third State produce a situation which involves a risk of a rupture with that State, the High Contracting Parties will consult each other with a view to the settlement of the said dispute by peaceful means, in accordance with the provisions of the Covenant of the League of Nations and of any other international obligations which may be applicable to the case.

ARTICLE 7.—Should, notwithstanding the provisions of Article 6 above, either of the High Contacting Parties become engaged in war, the other High Contracting Party will, subject always to the provisions of Article 10 below, immediately come to his aid in the capacity of an ally.

The aid of his Majesty the King of Egypt, in the event of war, imminent menace of war, or apprehended international emergency, will consist in furnishing to his Majesty the King and Emperor on Egyptian territory, in accordance with the Egyptian system of administration and legislation, all the facilities and assistance in his power, including the use of his ports, aerodromes and means of communication. It will accordingly be for the Egyptian Government to take all the administrative and legislative measures, including the establishment of martial law and an effective censorship, necessary to render these facilities and assistance effective.

THE CANAL ZONE.

Article 8.—In view of the fact that the Suez Canal, while being an integral part of Egypt, is a universal means of communication as also an essential means of communication between the different parts of the British Empire, his Majesty the King of Egypt, until such time as the High Contracting Parties agree that the Egyptian Army is in a position to ensure by its own resources the liberty and entire security of navigation of the Canal; authorises his Majesty the King and Emperor to station forces in Egyptian territory in the vicinity of the Canal, in the zone specified in the annex to this Article, with a view to ensuring in cooperation with the Egyptian forces the defence of the Canal. The presence of these forces shall not constitute in any manner an occupation and will in no way prejudice the sovereign rights of Egypt.

It is understood that at the end of the period of 20 years specified in Article 16 the question whether the presence of British forces is no longer necessary owing to the fact that the Egyptian Army is in a position to ensure by its own resources the liberty and entire security of navigation of the Canal may, if the High Contracting Parties do not agree thereon, be submitted to the Council of the League of Nations for decision in accordance with the provisions of the Covenant in force at the time of signature of the present treaty or to such other person or body of persons for decision in accordance with such other procedure as the High Contracting Parties may agree.

The annex provides that without prejudice to the provisions of Article 7, the numbers of the British forces to be maintained in the vicinity of the Canal shall not exceed, of the land forces 10,000, and of the air forces 400 pilots, together with the necessary ancillary personnel for administrative and technical duties. These numbers do not include civilian personnel, e.g., clerks, artisans, and labourers. The areas over which the forces will be distributed are specified; and necessary lands and durable barrack and technical accommodation, including an emergency, water supply and reasonable amenities, are to be provided for them by the Egyptian Government, with certain contributions from H. M.'s Government. The two Governments will appoint representatives on a committee to which all questions relating to the execution of these works will be entrusted.

ROADS AND RAILWAYS.

In pursuance of their programme for the development of road and railway communications in Egypt and in order to bring the means of communications in Egypt up to modern strategic requirements, the Egyptian Government will construct and maintain the following roads, bridges, and railways:—

Roads.—Ismailia-Alexandria, via Tel-el-Kebir, Zagazig, Zifta, Tanta Kafr-el-Zayat, Damanhour; Ismailia-Cairo, via Tel-el-Kebir, and thence continuing along the Sweet Water Canal to Heliopolis; Port Said-Ismailia-Suez, a link between the south end of the Great Bitter Lake and the Cairo-Suez road about 15 miles west of Suez. In order to bring them up to the general standard of good-class roads for general traffic these roads will be 20ft. wide, have by-passes round villages, etc., and be made of such material as to be permanently utilizable for military purposes.

Railways.—Railway facilities in the Canal Zone will be increased and improved to meet the needs of the increased garrison and to provide facilities for rapid entrainment of personnel, guns, vehicles, and stores. The line between Zagazig and Tanta will be doubled; the Alexandria-Mersa Matruh line will be improved and made permanent.

Arrangements are made for the ultimate withdrawal of British troops from parts of Egypt other than the Canal Zone, and for differences of opinion between the two Governments as to the execution of these and other provisions to be submitted to an arbitral board.

PASSAGE OF AIRCRAFT.

Areas available for the training of British forces are defined, and regulations laid down for the control of the passage of aircraft either side of the Canal. It is further agreed that, in view of the fact that the speed and range of modern aircraft necessitate the use of wide areas for the efficient training of air forces, the Egyptian Government will accord permission to the British air forces to fly wherever they consider it necessary for the purpose of training. Reciprocal treatment will be accorded to Egyptian air forces in British territories. The Egyptian Government will secure also the maintenance and constant availability of adequate landing grounds and seaplanes anchorages; and give all necessary facilities for the passage of the personnel of the British forces, aircraft, and stores to and from the landing grounds and seaplane anchorages.

Permission is not to be unreasonably withheld from the British military authorities to send parties of officers in civilian clothes to the Western desert to study the ground and draw up tactical schemes.

The King of Egypt authorizee the King and Emperor to maintain units of his forces at or near Alexandria for a period not exceeding eight years from the date of the coming into force of the treaty, this being the approximats period considered necessary for the completion of the barrack accommodation in the Canal zone, the improvement of the roads and railway facilities.

DEFENCE OF THE SUDAN.

ARTICLE 9.—The immunities and privileges in jurisdictional and fiscal matters to be enjoyed by the forces of his Majesty the King and Emperor who are in Egypt in accordance with the provisions of the present treaty will be determined in a separate convention to be concluded between the Egyptian Government and his Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom.

Article 10. Nothing in the present treaty is intended to or shall in any way prejudice the rights and obligations which devolve, or may devolve, upon either of the High Contracting Parties under the Covenant of the League of Nations or the Treaty for the Renunciation of War signed at Paris on August 27,1928.

ARTICLE 11.—While reserving liberty to conclude new conventions in future, modifying the agreements of January 19 and July 10, 1899, the High Contracting Parties agree that the administration of the Sudan shall continue to be that resulting from the said agreements. The Governor-General shall continue to exercise on the joint behalf of the High Contracting Parties the powers conferred upon him by the said agreements. The High Contracting Parties agree that the primary aim of their administration in the Sudan must be the welfare of the Sudanese. Nothing in this article prejudices the question of sovereignty over the Sudan.

Appointments and promotions of officials in the Sudan will in consequence remain vested in the Governor-General, who, in making new appointments to posts for which qualified Sudanese are not available, will select suitable candidates of British and Egyptian nationality.

In addition to Sudanese troops, both British and Egyptian troops shall be placed at the disposal of the Governor-General for the defence of the Sudan.

Egyptian immigration into the Sudan shall be unrestricted except for reasons of public order and health.

There shall be no discrimination in the Sudan between British subjects and Egyptian nationals in matters of commerce, immigration, or the possession of property.

The High Contracting Parties agreed on the provisions set out in the annex to this Article as regards the method by which international conventions are to be made applicable to the Sudan.

The annex lays down the general principle that international conventions shall only become applicable to the Sudan by the joint action of the Governments of the United Kingdom and of Egypt, and that such joint action shall similarly also be required if it is desired to terminate the participation of the Sudan in an international convention which already applies to this territory. Conventions to which it will be desired that the Sudan should be a party will generally be those of a technical or humanitarian character.

CAPITULATIONS.

Article 12.—His Majesty the King and Emperor recognizes that the responsibility for the lives and property of foreigners in Egypt devolves exclusively upon the Egyptian Government, who will ensure the fulfilment of their obligations in this respect.

Article 13.—His Majesty the King and Emperor recognizes that the capitulatory regime now existing in Egypt is no longer in accordance with the spirit of the times and with the present state of Egypt. His Majesty the King of Egypt desires the abolition of this regime without delay. Both High Contracting Parties are agreed upon the arrangements with regard to this matter as set forth in the annex to this Article.

The object of arrangements set out in the annex is (i) to bring about speedily the abolition of the Capitulations in Egypt with the disappearance of the existing restrictions on Egyptian sovereignty in the matter of the application of Egyptian legislation (including financial legislation) to foreigners as its necessary consequence; and (ii) to institute a transitional regime for a reasonable and not unduly prolonged period to be fixed, during which the Mixed Tribunals will remain and will, in addition to their present judicial jurisdiction, exercise the jurisdiction at present vested in the Consular Courts. At the end of this transitional period the Egyptian Government will be free to dispense with the Mixed Tribunals.

As a first step, the Egyptian Government will approach the Capitulatory Powers as soon as possible with a view to (a) the removal of all restrictions on the application of Egyptian legi-

(Continued on Page 13.)

Signing of the New Anglo-Egyptian Treaty in the Locarno Room of the Foreign Office in London. Photo shows Nahas Pasha, the Egyptian Premier, who headed the delegation, speaking. Seated at the head of the table is Mr.Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Minister.

MAIL ROBBERY NEAR CALCUTTA

Armed Men Kill Sorter And Decamp With Insured Covers

CALCUTTA Sept. 8.

News has been received at Calcutta this morning, that a daring robbery was committed in a running train on the Eastern Bengal Railway at about 10 p.m. yesterday night.

It is said that some armed robbers entered the mail van and decamped with the mail bag containing insured covers of considerable value.

The mail sorter who put up a resistance was fatally stabbed.

As this incident took place in the running train a hue and cry if any raised by the mail sorter, could not be heard and the tragedy was noticed by the guard only when the train stopped at the next station.

The value of the insured articles robbed has not yet been ascertained.

DAGGER LEFT BEHIND.

Further enquiries show that the robbery took place near Chaudanga station on the Eastern Bengal Railway about 100 miles away from Calcutta.

The incident took place on this Serajganj Passenger Train which left Sealdah station about 8-30 p.m. The miscreants, it would appear, in a hurry to jump off from the running train with the booty left the blood-stained dagger inside the mail van.

EMPTY MAIL BAG FOUND.

Vigorous police investigation led to the discovery of an empty mail bag in a jungle, near about Chaudanga station. The body of the mail sorter who was the victim of the outrage was removed to Chaudanga morgue. No arrest is so far made and the amount looted has not yet been ascertained.—United Press.

For being in possession of 1,465 tolas of contraband opium smuggled from Ujjain in the Gwalior State into the British India, two Pathans were sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each by a First Class Magistrate at Khandwa.

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Bhils Appeal To Assembly Members

Urge Government Should Be Moved To Declare Famine

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

DOHAD: September 6.

In Jhalod yesterday a special meeting of the Jhalod Taluqa Relief Committee was called when the following resolutions ware adopted by the Committee:—

1. The Committee condemns the grave silence and inaction on the part of Mr. M. H. Mehta, the representative of Panch Mahals in Legislative Council, when the whole area of Dohad and Jhalod Taluqa is under great distress of famine.

2. The President of the Legislative Assembly, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Professor Ranga Iyer and Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah should be immediately made aware of the situation at Dohad and Jhalod that has arisen due to prolonged drought and that no steps have been taken by the Government even though the Commissioner paid a special visit to this district, to make an early declaration of famine, and requesting them immediately to move the Government to make an urgent declaration of the famine and opening of works.

Employment Bureau

By Employment Bureau department has been opened by the Dohad-Jhalod Peasants Union and this branch is gathering information from the villages and recording the names of those who have no employment. Letters have been written to various mills, workshop and mines at Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bombay and many other places requesting them to employ these peasants as wrokers.

All-India Kisan-Day was observed here at Dohad-Jhalod Nagarala Rampura Varod Rallati and other villages when Sjts. Harilal Shah, Ramanlal Seth, and Chotalal Shah explained the resolutions sent by the All-India Kisan Committee. A resolution approving the Kisan Manifesto was adopted.

The Dohad-Jhalod Peasants Union have opened a cheap grain shop at Dasala a village 8 miles away from Dohad, and informed the villagers of nearly 20 villages round about to purchase their corn from that shop.

Yesterday night there was rain with showers at intervals during the whole night about-88 cent. The withered crop have not benefitted by this rain.

The Bhills of Gundikheda, a village 14 miles away from Dohad in Dohad Taluqa, who were given maize of inferior quality which could not be used as food by certian merchants, went to the Mamlatdar, Dohad, who sent them with the maize to the police to inquire into the case and file complaints against the merchants in case the maize is found to be uneatable.

It is heard that after receiving the report from the doctor Government Dispensary the police filed complaints against the merchants before the First Class Magistrate Dohad.

RELIEF MEASURES STARTED IN DOHAD

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, September 6.

The Dohad Taluqa Relief Committee, which was elected under the instance of the Mamlatdar of Dohad, met to-day, in the Mamlatdar's Kacheri and passed resolutions to send Sjts. R. D. Pandya, a local pleader, and Pandurang Vaniker, a life member of the Bhil Seva Mandal and members of the committee to Bombay and other places for collection of funds, and to start activities such as the cheap grain shops in the villages of Dohad Taluqa, through Bhil Seva Mandal.

The Bhil Seva Mandal has already on its own behalf opened cheap grain shops in some of the villages. It is understood that when the question of co-operation with this committee by the Mandal was raised the other day by one of the members, Sjt. Vaniker expressed entire willingness on behalf of the Mandal to co-operate.

Dohad Wants Ten Inches Of Rain

Number Of Bhils Flocking To Relief Works Evidences Gravity Of Situation

(From A Correspondent.)

DOHAD, Sept. 7.

The seriousness of the situation in the Bhil Tract of Dohad and Jhalod can well be guaged by the fact that the number of labourers has gone to one thousand on the third day of the relief work started by the Taluka Local Board, which is on the outskirts of the Jhalod Mahal, near river Anas.

It is reported that more than 200 labourers had to go back disappointed not being engaged as the implements were not sufficient. At this rate the wage bill would come to Rs. one hundred per day and the District Board has sanctioned a very meagre sum so the work will not be continued for a longer period.

The number of labourers on the P. W. D. Test works is daily increasing and to-day it is more than three thousand five hundred; and on the well-deepening works of the Bhil Seva Mandal it has gone to more than 500 and it is estimated that with the increase of well works it will reach to more than a thousand.

Reports of small thefts of grain and cattle due to starvation are pouring in from the villages of the interior parts.

On the 6th inst. 88 cents of rain was recorded here but it has no bearing on the agricultural situation. For sowing of Rabi crops at least 10 inches of rain is required for which there is no hope as the sky has cleared off to-day.

It is understood that the scheme put forward by the Municipal President, who somehow got it sanctioned by the Municipality for the supply of water to Dohad town from Muwalia Tank, is not favourably received by the Collector as it is not feasible.

DISTRESS IN AHMEDNAGAR

Bombay's Aid Sought For Relief Of Starving Agriculturists

Mr. P. Narayan Kajle has issued the following appeal:

As a result of the terrible drought, the Kharif crops have completely disappeared in the district of Ahmednagar.

Famine and distress are stalking abroad in the province. Well water even is scarcely available, as most of the wells have gone nearly dry. The district is devoid of fodder, prices of corn have leapt up and the poor peasant is in great distress. The cattle are dying for want of water and fodder.

The bulk of the farmers are leaving the district and migrating to other provinces. The agriculturists need all the help that can be given by anybody in these circumstances. The Government and the Ahmednagar District Famine Relief Fund Trustees are making efforts to meet the present crisis, but their help would not be adequate. When a house is on fire all must help to extinguish the flames. The firemen alone may not be able to do much.

Service To Brethren.

This appeal is primarily intended for such of the residents of Bombay who may have their homes in the Ahmednagar district or whose kith and kin may be living in the Ahmednagar district and who may be very naturally anxious and eager to render what help and service they can to their brethren in their sad plight.

The work is public in character and requires the co-operation of all, and if all such men who feel interested in this work come together and confer, means and ways could be discovered of being useful to the people over there. All the people, therefore, who originally belonged to Ahmednagar but at present are residing in Bombay or its suburbs for one reason or another, are requested to write me on the following address giving their full name and compiete address, so that it may be possible to convene a meeting of these people for some suitable day. Let us all unite in this cause of humanity without any thought of caste or creed.

The address is 160A, New Foras Road, Bombay No. 7, Tel. No. 42765.

Children's Art Contest For Pushkin Anniversary

In connection with the preparations now being made for the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the death of A. S. Pushkin, the famous Russian poet, who has been compared with Shakespeare in popularity in Russia, a children's competition on illustrations for Pushkin's poems, which will be printed in large numbers, has been recently conducted.

Exceptional talent and original interpretation have been exhibited in many of these drawings, and of the 37 prizes awarded in the contest first prize went to a 16-year-old collective farm boy from the Kirow District for his illustrations to two of Pushkin's most popular works: "Dubrovsky" and "Eugene Onegin." Over 5,000 illustrations were entered during the course of the competition. These will be exhibited at a special exhibition in the Bubnov House for Children's Art Exhibition to be opened in Moscow for the Pushkin celebrations.

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"SINGULAR STATEMENTS" OF WITNESS

Magistrate Decides To Inspect Place Of Accident

BOMBAY: Tuesday.

An officer of the Motor Vehicle Department must be called to give evidence in all cases where a death is caused in a motor accident.

This was the statement of the Police Prosecutor in answer to the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court's question as to why Inspector Rabbit was called to give evidence in the case in which Rattansha Cowasji Kavarana is charged with causing the death of Daji Atmaram, an Excise Naik, by a rash and negligent act.

The officer was called to put in his report on the condition of the car when examined by him.

The Magistrate observed, this officer had volunteered several statements which appeared to him to be very "singular."

Mr. Thanavala stated that his statements were based on theory and not on the facts disclosed by the prosecution evidence.

These observations were made when the defence Counsel, Mr. Kanuga, in the course of his address relied on the statements made in evidence, tendered by Inspector Rabbit, who was called by the prosecution.

The officer had stated that the brakes must have been in good condition before the accident and that judging from the skid marks on the road, the car must have been travelling at 20 to 25 miles an hour.

For the prosecution Mr. Thanawala contended that the brakes of the car could not have been in an efficient condition, as the car was an old model and was registered when the Y series was issued.

Prosecution Council also urged that the prosecution witnesses had stated that the speed of the car was fast and was about 35 to 40 miles an hour.

Mr. Kanuga said that Inspector Rabbit had not lent his support to the prosecution contentions and had in fact contradicted the prosecution witnesses.

Why Was He Called?

Magistrate:—Yes that is so. Why was he called?

Mr. Thanawala:—Only to put in his report.

Magistrate:—But he volunteered several statements which appeared to me to be very singular.

Mr. Thanavala:—I have written instructions that in all motor accidents where the death of a person has been caused, an officer of the M. V. D. must be called.

Magistrate:—What for?

Mr. Thanavala:—I don't know, Sir. If I don't do it, it means explanations and sending in a report.

Mr. Kanuga, in the course of his defence address urged that the road was wet and when the accused attempted to avoid a collision with a victoria which emerged from a side lane, his car went on the wrong side and thereafter skidded and struck against the Excise Naik.

He contended that it was a pure accident and that the death of Daji Atmaram was a misadventure.

"Conclusively Proved"

Mr. Thanawala for the prosecution said that the evidence led by him conclusively proved that the accused was driving at a very fast speed and his breath was smelling of alcohol when picked up after the accident.

Even if a victoria emerged from the lane, there was ample time for the accused to avoid a collision with that vehicle. But the accused dashed off and drove in a reckless and rash manner.

The evidence of Inspector Rabbit, he said, was mere theory but there was the evidence of three independent men who were present on the scene. They all stated the car was being driven at a very fast speed.

He asked the Court to convict the accused under sections 279 and 338 I.P.C.

To Visit Spot

The Magistrate observed that it would be best to visit the scene of the accident and the case was adjourned to Sept. 15.

VILLAGERS DROWNED

KANGRA, Sept. 7.

Twelve villagers netting fish in a Nigulkhad Hill stream in the village of Dalota, in Palanpur Tehisil, have been drowned when a mountain torrent burst on them with incredible suddenness.

It appears that noticing the first signs of floods three members of the party scrambled ashore, but believing that the flood was not serious others went up on a young 'pipil' tree standing in the middle of the stream and continued fishing. The spate proved too strong for the tree which gave way throwing the men into the raging stream.—Rescue was impossible.—A.P.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued From page 6)

ister or any of the other twelve delegates to be heard in this country with reference to this memorable alliance established between the two countries? When the so-called Indian reforms were under discussion, were there not a series of talks to "express different points of views"? Perhaps it is one thing to let "different points of views" being heard and another to let the united voice of the Egyptian people be known in Britain.

The Bazaribagh District Political Conference will be held at Domchanch, Bihar, in the last week of November, 1936. Among others Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan will attend.

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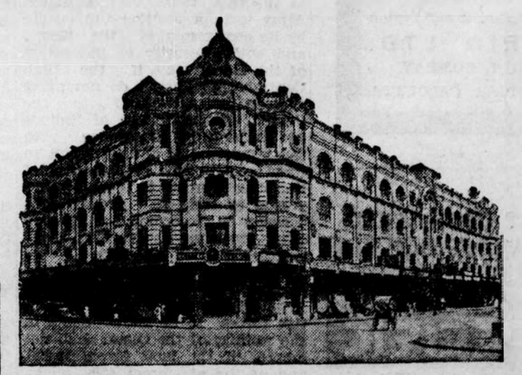

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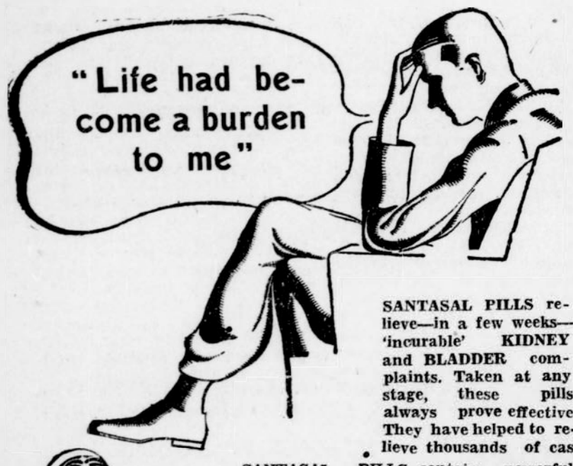

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Restoration Of Speed Limit On City Roads

Corporation Discusses Safety Problems At Night Session

The alarming number of motor accidents in the city resulting in increasing number of fatalities, formed the subject of a debate for nearly an hour in the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Tuesday night. The House, in a jovial mood, discussed, serious questions like speed limit, rash and negligent driving, deaths and injuries to pedestrians.

Speed Limit For Bombay

The Civic Body decided to recommend to the Government Traffic Committee, through the Municipal Commissioner, to consider the desirability of restricting the speed of motor cars and other vehicles with a view to minimise accidents and danger to citizens.

Park And Play-ground

Another resolution asking the Commissioner to report on the feasibility of converting the Mumbadevi Tank into a well laid out park and playground for children was also passed.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the Mayor, was in the chair.

The Corporation met at 9-20 on Tuesday night and dispersed after 2 hours' deliberations. Out of 114 members of the body, only 40 members were present. None of the women Corporators attended the meeting.

Sir Jehangir Boman Behram moved the following resolution:

"That in view of the numerous motor accidents recently reported in the newspapers the Commissioner be requested to move the Government Traffic Committee to consider the desirability of reimposing speed limit restrictions on motor cars and other vehicles in the city and to move the authorities concerned to frame regulations in that behalf so as to minimise the accidents and danger to the citizens".

In the course of his speech, Sir Jehangir said that recently there had occurred innumerable motor accidents in the city, sometimes resulting in the death of the victims.

In Bombay the roads sense had not yet developed and the only way of preventing or reducing the number of accidents was by restricting the speed of motor cars and other vihicles.

Mr. D. S. Babreker seconded the proposition.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai opposing the proposition said that the facts got at Police Courts showed that limiting the speed of cars would not in any way reduce the number of accidents.

Mr. Goverdhandas Morarji opposed the resolution and said that any amount of restrictions on the speed-limit of cars would not be of any avail. He traced the responsibility of motor accidents in the city to those who issue driving licences at random.

Mr. Goregaonker completely sympathised with the intentions of the mover of the resolution, but he thought that the subject was not being approached in the proper way.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji said that the Corporation sometimes indulged in the luxury of advising people who knew their business best. The above resolution was one such instance. He was of the opinion that most of the accidents were due to rash and negligent driving and not due to increased speed. He was in favour of having declared areas, where speed-limit might vary in different areas according to congestion instead of restricting the speed-limit to the whole city.

Mr. B. N. Karanjia opposed the resolution and thought that the recommendation to the Traffic Committee would serve no purpose.

There was some heated discussion between Sir Jehangir and Mr. Karanjia at this stage when Sir Jehangir used unparliamentary language and was called upon to withdraw or express regret by the Mayor which he did.

Sir Jehangir in replying to the debate said that he did not think that fast driving was different from rash and negligent driving. He concluded by saying: "I, at least, as a citizen of Bombay, have done my duty."

The resolution was put to vote and carried by 26 to 5.

AMENDMENT TO ACT

During the early part of the night sitting, Mr. Dost Mahomed Khairaz moved that the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee consider the advisability of amending the Municipal Act in such a way that the Municipal Commissioner should give a definite reply one way or the other to the questions put to him under the Rules for Interpellations. He gave an instance when the speaker asked for some information when he got a vague answer. The only method by which a Corporator could express his feeling on the subject was either to move a vote of censure against the Commissioner or to secure the amendment of the Act.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji, who seconded the resolution, thought that nothing would be lost in sending the resolution to the Committee.

COMMISSIONER'S EXPLANATION

Mr. I. H. Taunton, the Municipal Commissioner, said that he might have been stupid or might have spoken without sense while replying, but it was not the fault of the rules. The Commissioner was bound to reply to questions put to him except in two cases,—one, when he thought that replying would be detrimental to the interest of the Corporation and, secondly, when he had not sufficient notice. The occasion to which Mr. Dost Mahomed had referred was when he had asked a supplementary question. The speaker could not give a definite reply off-hand. He had to make enquiries before he could give a definite reply. He suggested that the best method to elicit information was to repeat the question on the next occasion.

Sir Boman-Behram suggested that the mover should withdraw his resolution.

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan was in favour of sending the resolution to the Committee.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai thought that it required the skill or art of cross-examination to elicit the necessary information from an unwilling Commissioner and hence he thought the fault was with the Corporator who framed questions and not with the Commissioner.

RESOLUTION LOST

Mr. D. Khairaz said that ever since the new Commissioner had taken charge he had not received satisfactory replies. He, however, wanted permission of the House to withdraw the resolution. Permission was not granted. The resolution was put to vote and lost.

Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel then moved the following resolution:—

"That the attention of the Municipal Commissioner be invited to the broadcast talk: 'A Day in the life of the Mayor' by His Worship the Mayor from the Bombay Studio on 1st June 1936 regarding the question of improving the sanitation and other amenities in the city and he be requested to report what steps should be taken to give effect to the suggestions contained therein."

Mr. Patel said that there were places like Dharavi in the city which were a disgrace to the city.

Mr. D. S. Babreker seconded the resolution.

Mr. Goregaonker thought that the resolution was very wide, vague and indefinite. The resolution was put to vote and carried.

NEED FOR MORE OPEN SPACES

Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel then moved the following resolution:—

"That the attention of the Municipal Commissioner be invited to the very great deficiency in open spaces and public playgrounds in C Ward wherein the area of such spaces per head of population is only 0.76 square feet against 13.61 square feet in Bombay City as a whole and 544.5 square feet in London and he be requested to report at an early date the measures he would suggest for providing more open spaces in this very congested area of the City.

"That the Commissioner be also requested to report, after consulting the Trustees of the Mumbadevi Temple, as to the desirability and feasibility of filling in the Mumbadevi Tank and providing thereon a well laid out park and play-ground for the children of the locality leaving at the same time sufficient spaces with adequate water facilities for the performance of the religious rites by the orthodox Hindus who at present use it for that purpose."

Mr. M. N. Talpade seconded the resolution.

NARIMAN'S AMENDMENT

Mr. K. F. Nariman moved an amendment that the deficiency was all over the city in general and the 'C' Ward in particular. The amendment was accepted by Mr. I. S. Patel.

In the course of his speech Mr. Nariman said that congestion was not only in 'C' Ward, but practically all over the city. Recreation grounds were equally necessary in other parts of the city. It had been found that the Municipality had been encroaching on all available land, for building or other purposes. Now it was too late in the day to complain about the space which had been taken over for building purposes. He referred to the latest complaint coming from the Mahim citizens. If the Commissioner wanted the city to be a fit place to live, it was up to him to see that no more high constructions were brought into being near sea shores, thus preventing breeze and good views, etc.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai thought that it was absolutely necessary for the Commissioner to find out at least half a dozen open plots in the 'C' Ward for the use of children. He also suggested that it was essential to remove the Suttavalas from the Mumbadevi area before the Tank area was converted into a recreation ground.

Mr. Goregaonker also spoke. The resolution was put to vote and carried. The Corporation adjourned till Monday.

BABY'S COLDS
Best treated without dosing—Just rub on
VICKS VAPORUB

Baroda News

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, Sept. 8.

A Merchants Association was formed at Navsari with Mr. Jagmohandas Kapadia as President.

The Mehsana District Merchants Association's meeting held recently protested against the bill for forming a Conciliation Board for settling farmers debts and urged its abolition.

The Baroda Government has appointed a committee to devise ways for removing unemployment prevalent amongst the educated people.

SOVEREIGNTY OF EGYPT RECOGNISED

(Continued from Page 11).

slation to foreigners and (b) the institution of a transitional regime for the Mixed Tribunals.

To this arrangement his Majesty's Government, as the Government of a Capitulatory Power and as an ally of Egypt, are in no way opposed, and will collaborate actively with the Egyptian Government by using all their influence with the Power exercising capitulatory rights in Egypt.

It is understood that, in the event of its being found impossible to bring the arrangement into effect, the Egyptian Government retain full rights unimpaired with regard to the capitulatory regime, including the Mixed Tribunals.

REVISION AFTER 20 YEARS

ARTICLE 14.—The present treaty abrogates any existing agreements or other instruments whose continued existence is inconsistent with its provisions. Should either High Contracting Party so request, a list of the agreements and instruments thus abrogated shall be drawn up in agreement between them within six months of the coming into force of the present treaty.

ARTICLE 15.—The High Contracting Parties agree that any difference on the subject of the application or interpretation of the provisions of the present treaty which they are unable to settle by direct negotiation shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Covenant of the League of Nations.

ARTICLE 16.—At any time after the expiration of a period of 20 years from the coming into force of the treaty the High Contracting Parties will at the request of either of them, enter into negotiations with a view to such revision of its terms by agreement between them as may be appropriate in the circumstances as they then exist. In case of the High Contracting Parties being unable to agree upon the terms of the revised treaty, the difference will be submitted to the Council of the League of Nations for decision in accordance with the provisions of the Covenant in force at the time of signature of the present treaty, or to such other person or body of persons for decision in accordance with such procedure as the High Contracting Parties may agree. It is agreed that any revision of this treaty will provide for the continuation of the Alliance between the High Contracting Parties in accordance with the principles contained in Articles 4, 5, 6, and 7. Nevertheless, with the consent of both High Contracting Parties, negotiations may be entered into at any time after the expiration of a period of 10 years after the coming into force of the treaty with a view to such revision as aforesaid.

ARTICLE 17.—The present treaty is subject to ratification. Ratifications shall be exchanged in Cairo as soon as possible. The treaty shall come into force on the date of the exchange of ratifications, and shall thereupon be registered with the Secretary-General of the League of Nations.

(To Be Continued.)

VEERASHAIVAS SUPPORT CONGRESS

"Reforms Unacceptable" Gadag Conference Resolutions

(From Our Correspondent)
HUBLI, Sept. 7.

The Nationalist Veerashaivas Conference met at Gadag on Sunday, under the Presidentship of Vetranggowda and discussed the desirability of inaugurating the National Veerashaiva Party, with a view to counteract the propaganda against the Congress, by men posing as sponsors of the well-being of the community and to expose their hollowness effectively and to strengthen the influence and the prestige of the Congress, by bringing into the Congress fold more Veerashaivas. The meeting lasted for about 7 hours. In the end it unanimously appointed a committee with a panel of twelve members including the president, empowering them to consider finally and decide the matter.

PUNJAB GOVERNMENT ACTION CONDEMNED.

Among the other resolutions, adopted were:

A resolution condemning the action of the Punjab Government in arresting Mr. Masani, the General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party; A resolution, emphatically condemning the resolution passed in the All-India Veerasiva Mahasabha held at Raichur, under the presidentship of Minister Kambli, to the effect that the coming reforms must be fully utilised, despite their being condemned as unacceptable by all political parties in the country.

Another resolution condemning the Government's unjust and uncalled for action, in inflicting Marathi Language in the Canarese speaking area in the outlying parts of Karnatak.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 63 POINTS UP

Effect Of Bullish Bureau Report

GOLD EASY BUT WHEAT AND BASE METALS FIRM

BOMBAY, September 8

On Tuesday cross rates registered a sharp break.

NEW YORK COTTON VERY FIRM

New York cotton opened firm and prices witnessed a big rise after the publication of the Bureau Report which was regarded as bullish.

GOLD EASY AND SILVER QUIET

London gold was easy and silver was quiet.

WHEAT FAIRLY STEADY

Wheat was fairly steady on scattered support. Base metals were firm.

SECURITIES STEADY

The London Stock Exchange was active on improved demand. Giltedged socurities were steady.

BULLISH BUREAU REPORT

The American Cotton Bureau Report estimating the crop at 1,11,21,000 bales as against 1,24,81,000 in the previous report was considered bullish. Naturally prices advanced sharply in New York, Liverpool and Bombay.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York, Sept 8

Previous closing	11.51
To-day's opening	11.62
Difference	+.11
To-day's closing	12.14
Difference	+.63

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, Sept 8

Previous closing	6.30
To-day's opening	6.29
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.60
Difference	+.30

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 221-0

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept 8

The following were the opening ranges:—

October (11.73/11.73) 11.62/11.60
December (11.74/11.73) 11.60/11.59
January (11.78/11.77) 11.64/11.63

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept 8

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American October (6,31) 6.25
American December (6.22) 6.18
Egyptian October (10.26) 10.21
Egyptian November (10.11) 10.06

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept 8

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 213-8 and 214-12 before the Bureau Report, and Rs. 221-12 and Rs. 218-12 after the publication of the Bureau Report. The rate at 11-30 p.m. was Rs. 220-8 with New York futures 60 points up.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Sept 8

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

Tin (£191 1/2 buyers £191 3/4 sellers. Firm) £191 3/4 buyers £192 1/4 sellers

Lead (£17 15/16 buyers £18 sellers. Strong) £18 1/8 buyers £18 3/16 sellers. Firm

Electrolytic Copper (£43 to £43 1/2) £43 to £43 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 1/2
India Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-9
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9) 1-9

JUTE

New Crop September October (£17 5/16 sellers) £17 1/4 sellers
Dunlop Sept. (£20 1/4) £20 1/4 sellers
Lightning September (£19 sellers) £19 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 11/16) 7 5/8 buyers
Forward (7 3/4) 7 11/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay Sept-Oct. (£12 3/4 sellers) £12 3/4 sellers
Linseed Calcutta Sept Oct (£13 5/8 sellers) £13 11/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata September (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 7/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal October (£15 13/16 sellers) £15 5/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Sept 8

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 9 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 8 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 8 9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 8 9
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7 9 0
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7 9 3

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Sept 8

	Rs a. p.
Wheat September	5 0 0
Wheat January 1937	4 15 0
Linseed September	7 9 9
Linseed May 1937	7 8 9

The tone was quiet.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept 8

Previous closing	5,03 23/32
To-day's opening	5.04 11/16
To-day's rate (at the time of New York cotton closing)	5.05 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept 8

Previous closing	5.04 3/16
To-day's opening	5.04 1/4
To-day's closing	5.05 9/16
Difference	+.01 3/8

FRANC RATE

London, Sept 8

Previous closing	76.57
To-day's opening	76.56
To-day's closing	76,78
Difference	+.21

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept 8

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.04 1/4 and then improved to 5.04 9/16 subsequently rising to and closing at 5.05 9/16 on fairly good support.

Franc opened at 76.56 and weakened to 76.63 and on further selling declined to 76.70 and closed at 76.78.

SILVER CABLES

London, Sept 8

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India bought. China sold. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept 8

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 9/16d.	19 5/8d.
Forward	19 9/16d.	19 5/8d.

The market was quiet.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept 8

Gold per fine ounce (£6-18-1 1/2) £6-17-10 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Sept 8

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent,
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Sept 8

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.77 5/8) 5.78 5/8
New York on Bombay	(38.05) 38.05
Berlin on Bombay	(0.94 5/8) 0.94 5/8
London on Milan	(64.06) 64.18
London on Shanghai	(1-2 15/32) 1-2 15/32
London on Kobe	(1-2 1/16) 1-2 1/16

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept 8

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 1,11 5/8. Prices advanced on scattered support influenced by higher outside cables.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept 8

Liverpool wheat opened steady with October at 88 3/4 and December 88. The market was fairly active on scattered buying and some covering purchases on better foreign cables.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Sept 8

11-30 p.m.

	Rs. a. p
Silver ready	48 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	48 13 0
Silver 2nd settlement	48 14 0
Gold ready	34 0 9
Gold 1st settlement	34 0 9
Gold 2nd settlement	34 1 0
Sovereigns	21 12 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Sept. 7.

October	88 1/4d.
December	87 1/2d.
March	84 1/2d.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Sept 8

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/8 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept 8

3-30 p.m.

General business was good. Oils were firm on renewed buying. Internationals were strong and active. Industrials were generally firmer. Minings were better.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£84 7/8) £84 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 1/8) £107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 3/4) £109 3/4
5 per cent Indian Loan (£118 7/8) £118 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£107 1/4) £107 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/8) £115 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-9) 20-9
Marks and Spencer Ord (£4 1/2) £4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 7 1/8) dol 7 1/8
Musical Industries (22-10 1/2) 23-3
Princhin Johnson (49-3 ex div) 49-3
Imperial Chemical (39-9 ex div) 39-9
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-9) 9-9
Woolsworth New Ford (149-6) 149-6
Realisation 1930 (£93) £93
Dunlop Rubber (36-3) 36-3
Unilever Ordinary (35-1 1/2) 35-1 1/2
Ford Motors (34-0) 34-6
Cables and Wireless (£6) £6
British American Tobacco (123-1 1/2 ex div) 123-1 1/2
Carreas A (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (168 3/4) 168 3/4
P and O S N Company Defd (26-9) 26-9
Distillers (109-6) 109-6
Bredford Dyers (7-9) 7-9
British Celanese (11-4 1/2) 11-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (53-6) 53-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (54-4 1/2) 54-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-6) 7-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-9) 35-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (£55 1/8) £56 1/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (8-7 1/2) 9-0
Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept 8

3-30 p.m

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£102) £102
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99) £99 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£117) £117
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£119) £119
4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£111 1/4) £111
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£115 1/4) £115 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£108) £108

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£111 1/8) £111 7/8

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-3) 20-6
Donaro Tea (47-6) 47-6
Empire of India Ceylon (30-0) 29-6

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-0) 28-0
Gula Kelampong (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-0) 32-0

JUTE SHARES.

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandy (58-9 ex div) 60-0
Burma Corporation (11-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (£14 1/2) £14 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (68-3) 68-3
Rand Imam (£9 1/8) £9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/8) £15 1/8
Gedule New (£10 3/8) £10 3/8
New Modders (40-6) 40-0
Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (38-1 1/2) 38-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£9 1/4) £9 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (45-9) 45-9
Anglo Iranian (93-10 1/2) 93-1 1/2
Burma Oil (101-3) 101-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (30-4 1/2) 30-4 1/2
Shell Transport (£111 7/8) £111 7/8
Royal Dutch (£39 5/8) £40

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£51) £51 1/4
L and S Ordinary (£28) £28
L N E R Defd (£6 3/4) £6 3/4
Southern Dutch (£23) £23
London Paris 5 per cent (£135 5/8) £135 5/8
London Transport 'C' Stock (£106 1/4) £107 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept 8

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 67 1/4) dol 68
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 39 1/8) dol 39 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 71) dol 72 1/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 140) dol 140 3/8

STOCK EXCHANGE FIRM AND ACTIVE

Foreign Exchanges Unsettled

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Sept 8

The Stock Exchange was firm and active in nearly all sections despite the unsettlement of foreign exchanges. Giltedged securities, Iron and Steels were chief beneficiaries from the satisfactory employment returns but minor gains were freely distributed throughout the market.

Among foreign exchanges gold currencies further weakened sharply in terms of sterling under the lead of the franc which despite intermittent support of the British control closed at 76,78 compared to 76.59 opening, while forward discounts also widened appreciably reflecting extreme nervousness.

There was considerable excitement in Liverpool cotton, valuesm soaring 47 points on bullish Bureau report but the advance was not fully maintained owing to profit taking.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals Firm But Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Sept 8

Jutes opened slightly easier than yesterday's closing but steadied up as the day advanced. In coals Bengal advanced further while others kept fully steady. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous disclosed no special attention. Government securities were steadier. Following were the closing quotations:

Securities: Three per cent Government paper 90 small lot, three and half per cent loan 1947/50 107/11 small lot, three and half per cent Government paper 99/10, four and half per cent loan 1955/60 120/1 small lot, five per cent loan 1939/44 108/11 small lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 WQ small lot, five and half per cent loan 1938/40 107/14 small lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid TYP, Reserve 134.

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan 3rd 88/8, Mymensingh Bahirab Bazar guaranteed 97, Shahdara (Delhi) Saharanpur 153 small lot.

Coals: Bengal 297/8, Burra Dhemo 3/1, Equitable 33/14, New Beerbhoom 13/10 small lot, Katras Jherriah 18/13, Standard 33/10 small lots, Talcher 1/7.

Jutes: Anglo India 416/8 small lot, Champdany 162 small lot, Howrah 54/6, Kamarhatty 513.

Miscellaneous: Indian Copper Corporation 2/15, Bhagalpore Electric 9/12, Patna Electric 18/14 ex rights, Rawalpindi Electric 26/10, Upper Ganges Electric 10/12, Burn and Co ord 270/8 small lot, Burn and Co. seven per cent pref 143 ex div, Indian Iron and Steel 11/9, small lot, Indian Steel And Wire Products ord 137, Indian Steel and Wire Products defd 46/12, Marshalls and Co 1/10, Calcutta Safe Deposit 1/8, premium, Kalimpong Ropeway 12/2 cum div, Titaghur Paper ord 2/12.

Sugars: Carew and Co. 23/12 cum right, Carew and Co new 20/4 small lots, Champaran 22/2 ex div, Champaran new 21/12, Rohtas 22/6, Ellen Barrie Tea 237/8.

Debentures: Three and one fourth per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 102/12, four per cent 1959 Bombay Improvement Trust 100/12—A. P.

MONSOON REVIVES IN PENINSULA

POONA, Sept. 8.

The depression over East Central Provinces was centred this morning near Bhopal. It has caused strong monsoon in the Central Provinces, and West Central India. The monsoon has also been active in Burma and East and North Punjab. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, the West United Provinces hills, West Central India, Central Provinces, Konkan; local in Upper Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, East Central India, East and North Punjab, North-west Frontier Province, Sind, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Malabar and the North Madras coast.

A few falls occurred in Assam, Bihar, East United Provinces, South-west Punjab, Kashmir, Gujarat and South-east Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall in inches are Khandwa 6; Bassein, Akola and Mahableshwar 5 each; Pachmarhi, Indore, 4 each; Hoshangabad, Badin, and Cocanada, 3 each; Rangoon, Kwa, Myitkyina and Chanda, 2 each.

FORECAST: Rainfall will continue to be widespread in Lower Burma and Central parts of the country, and extend in East Gujarat and East Rajputana. Local falls of rain will also occur along and near the Western Himalayas and the northern half of the Peninsula.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING.

Locally heavy rain will continue in Lower Burma, West Central Provinces, West Central India and extend to East Gujarat during the next 48 hours.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 8-9-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +034 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.8 degrees 0.2 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.6 deg. 0.1 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 91 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 11 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 169 miles.

Velocity of mavimum gust of wind during 24 hours 25 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rain in 24 hours 0.12 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 2.15 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 52.54 inches.

Weather Remarks.—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 8-9-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.1 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.86 inches, and a compensated aneroid 29.66 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

"ONAM" FESTIVAL IN BOMBAY

Interesting Function At Muzaffarabad Hall

A grand function was got up by the Keraliya Samaj of Bombay to celebrate the "Onam" ceremony on Sunday evening at the Muzafarabad Hall. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presided on the occasion.

An exhibition of all the products of Malabar was also held in the Hall.

Mr. George Jacobs, the President of the Keraliya Samaj, welcomed the audience to the "Onam" celebration and expressed the gratefulness of the Samaj in Mrs. Naidu having accepted the invitation to preside over the function.

Mrs. Naidu in a very humorous speech said that she was connected with Kerala in as much as she had a Keralite brother-in-law. "Onam" she understood was the celebration of the harvest festival She gave several anecdotes about the Harvest Festivals in the different parts of the world. She concluded by saying that the Indians would celebrate the festival of the harvest in a grand style only when they had achieved Independence.

Mrs. Lalitha Venkatram, then gave a few pieces of South Indian music accompanied by the "Veena'. Her voice and her fine handling of the 'Veena' evoked general appreciation and well-merited praise from Mrs. Naidu. She was presented with a gold medal on behalf of the Keraliya Samaj.

The Keralite girls then gave an exhibition of "Kolattam" which was very much apprec ated by the audience.

Mr. C. K. Subramaniam paid a glowing tribute to Mrs. Naidu who, he said, was an international figure. He thanked her for having accepted their invitation to preside over the meeting. He referred to Sreemati Lalita and said that she had not received the support that such a talented artiste ought to get.

ARYA MARRIAGE VALIDATION BILL

Plea For Accepting Original Draft Of Measure

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following resolutions were passed at a meeting of the local Arya Samajists, held on Sunday last in connection with the Arya Marriage Validation Bill which has emerged from the Select Committee and will come up before the Assembly in its Simla Session:—

This meeting feels satisfied to learn that clause 3 in the Bill relating to 'marriage' has been accepted by the Select Committee.

This meeting disapproves of the proposed deletion of the definition of 'Arya Samajist' from the Bill as recommended by the Select Committee.

This meeting is strongly opposed to the recommendations made by the Select Committee (by majority) in respect of the clause regarding succession, as the same besides being open to serious objections on other grounds, seek to deny to Arya Samajists the sacred Shastras in which they believe.

This meeting, therefore, urges upon the Government and the members of the Central Legislature to pass the Arya Marriage Validation Bill as drafted by Sjt. Ghanshyamsingh Gupta.—United Press.

Naib-Dewan's Term Extended

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, September 8.

As a sequel to a cable received recently from the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda, expressing his desire that Mr. Manilal B. Nanavaty do rejoin his duties, Mr. Nanavaty has resumed his duties to-day.

It may be mentioned that Naib-Dewan Manilal Nanavaty was permitted by Maharaja to retire from September 1.

Assembly Discusses Managing Agency System

(Continued from Page 7.)

wanted to keep it as much under control as possible.

MASANI'S ARREST

At this stage the President announced that the Governor-General had disallowed Mr. Mohanlal Saxena's adjournment motion relating to the externment of Mr. Masani from the Punjab on the ground that the motion related to a matter which was not primarily the concern of the Governor-General. The message was received without any demonstration, all members remaining seated.

Dr. Ziauddin asked Government why they were perpetuating the Managing Agency system when it did not exist in any other country in the world.

LIKE COMMUNAL ELECTORATES!

Sir N. N. Sircar intervening replied that the Managing Agency system, just as communal electorates, did not exist anywhere else in the world.

Dr. Ziauddin wanted to amend the Bill so as to force auditors to give an absolutely true picture of business and in case of subsidised industry, Government must appoint Government's director on the Board of companies receiving subsidy.

INDUSTRIAL MORALITY

Pt. Gobind Ballabh Pant while prepared to accept the Bill as modified by the Committee as an alternative to rejection, suggested the directions in which improvements could be made.

The provisions of the Bill, said Pt. Pant, were not more stringent than those embodies in the Company Law of the United States or other countries. Industrial morality in India was in no way lower than in other countries. The Managing Agency System was necessary in the present conditions of India and if only the Managing Agents or Directors could take a reasonable view, there would be no conflict between them and the shareholders. Pt. G. B. Pant desired a specific provision that at least two-third of the number of directors should be elected by the general body of shareholders.

Sir N. N. Sircar enquired:—"Do you want this retrospectively or only for companies formed after th Bill is passed?"

Pt. G. B. Pant:—Only for new companies.

Proceeding Pt. Gobind Ballabh Pant wanted provisions embodying the view that no director of a company which went into liquidation should receive any compensation, that no director of any company should enter into contract with another company except with the consent of the general body of shareholders and also that no Agent should be allowed to manipulate the shares of a company for his own profit. Finally, it should be open to any existing company to terminate arrangements with its managing agency at least after a lapse of five years from the Bill coming into force, provided the Agency had by then put in 30 years' of work.

ONLY LAWYERS WOULD BENEFIT

Mr. Sri Prakash opposed the Bill as merely complicating the law and overloading the statute book. He feared that only lawyers would benefit from this legislation. He asked: "Why not a penal provision compelling a shareholder to be present at general meetings and take interest in the affairs of the company?"

Prof. N. G. Ranga supporting Mr. Sri Prakasa's last suggestion suggested that third class travelling allowance be given to shareholders to attend meetings.

Further discussion will take place to-morrow.—A.P.

BOMBAY GETS HEAVY DOWNPOURS

Low-lying Areas Flooded: Welcome Relief After Drought

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Bombay experienced a heavy downpour of rain last night and for a short while in the morning, but it rained continuously throughout the day.

Shortly after 12 noon to-day, there was a heavy downpour which continued unabated for about an hour. As a result the low-lying parts of the City were submerged under water about two feet deep. Towards evening there were heavy showers and it continued raining throughout the night.

The bursting of the Monsoon this week with a vengeance, after a long dry period, has brought much-needed relief to citizens.

Bombay has been experiencing squally weather for the last four days, accompanied by rainfall more notably yesterday and to-day.

More severe downpours are required to wipe out the deficit of nearly 19 inches of rain. But the average rainfall for the month of September is about 11 inches and, therefore, nearly 8 more inches of rain is needed to fill the deficit.

A glance at the rainfall charts, indicates that in the past, excessive rains in September were not uncommon. The vagaries of the monsoon were such in the past, that in some instances, there was little rain in the month of July and less in the month of August, but there was an excessive rainfall in the month of September in some years.

On the whole, so the rainfall chart shows, there was little deficit in the annual rainfall, as far as Bombay was concerned, if the whole year's rainfall figures were taken into consideration. Such abnormal years, when there was too much or too little rain, were very few. In fact, in a period of about 100 years, there were only 4 years with about 20 years in between each year, when the rainfall was excessive. So also there were only 2 or 3 years during the past century, when rainfall was less than the average for the whole period.

More Rain Expected

In view of the deep depression, at present lying over Bhopal, it may be expected that during the next day or two Bombay may have more rain. Much depends on the development of the depressions at the head of the Bay of Bengal and during the monsoon season, it always happens that a series of these depressions develop, moving in a north-westerly to westernly direction across the peninsula. It is, therefore, too early to say, if Bombay will have a definite deficit in the normal rainfall.

Even if such deficit occurs, there is no need for alarm, as far as Bombay is concerned, as the reports from the Municipal engineers show that the lakes are full, thus assuring unrestricted supply of water in the city and suburbs.

Rainfall During 24 Hours

During the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. today, Colaba recorded a rainfall of 12 cents, Fort area 37 Cents Byculla 41 cents and Matunga 46 cents.

Rainfall since the beginning of June 1, 1936, was 52.14 inches at Colaba, 61.01 inches in the Fort area, 52.76 inches at Byculla and 53.97 inches at Matunga.

Maximum temperature during the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m., today, was 84.3 degrees and minimum temperature was 75.6 degrees. In both cases the temperature was normal.

FATE OF THAKKAR'S AWARD

35 Bhangis 'Sacked' In Broach

(From A Correspondent)

Broach. (By mail).

The Broach Municipality had dismissed 35 Bhangis from its employment on September 1.

This act was not approved of by Sjt. Amritalal Thakkar, who gave his award for the settlement of the Bhangi dispute. And while the retrenchment has been immediately effected, none of Sjt. Thakkar's recommendations such as increment of Re. 1 weekly, holiday, casual leave and provident fund have been given effect to by the Municipal authorities.

A YEAR OF PARSI CHARITIES

(Continued from page 6)

lished, it is difficult to state the exact sums.

Charitable Buildings

Not less than two dozen buildings, such as santoria, blocks in hospitals, etc. have been declared open not only in Bombay, but in various cities, towns, and even villages by charitable Parsis. Space does not permit even a bare enumeration of them.

A special feature of the year has been the provision of blocks containing two rooms each provided by the Trustees of N. M. Wadia Charity for the use of very poor Parsis, at rentals between rupees five and seven. Other buildings for a slightly better class of poor Parsis were also constructed.

Co-ordination Of Trusts

The Parsi Panchayat has succeeded in co-ordinating a number of Charitable Trusts and forming a Central agency for distributing charity.

Thus, altogether no less than half a crore of rupees must have been devoted by generous Parsees for improving the lot of their co-religionists in various directions.

SCALE-DOWN BUYING IN LIVERPOOL COTTON

BOMBAY: September 8.

On the eve of the second Bureau Report giving indicated total production of cotton in the States, condition indicated abandonment, indicated area left for harvest and indicated yield per acre, together with the amount of ginning to Sept. 1st, the New York and New Orleans Cotton Exchanges remained closed on account of "Labour Day."

All markets are expecting bullish report and the Liverpool market ruled steady with buying by Bombay Operators and Commission Houses.

Private crop estimates received so far are as under:—

	Crop Bales.	Condition.
E. J. Schwaback and Co.	**12,100,000**	**64.3**
Clement Curtis	**11,680,000**	**60.0**
Co.-ops.' Association	**11,590,000**	**—.-**
N. Y. C. Members	**11,705,000**	**60.8**
Fossick Bureau	**11,887,000**	**62.1**
Journal of Commerce	**10,980,000**	**59.3**
Garside	**12,010,000**	**62.2**

To-day's Bureau Report is generally expected to be a bullish document but there is a desire to sell if prices advance after the Bureau report as it is generally anticipated that the hedge selling will increase materially. The statistical position of cotton is sound but in view of the movement of the American cotton crop, the market is expected to remain quiet for some time. Under the circumstance we do not look for any material change in prices.

The Liverpool cotton futures market was expected to open at a decline of 9 points but the market opened very steady at a decline of 6 points with October 6.29. The market was quiet and awaited the Bureau report. There was light hedge selling and scattered liquidation which met fair Bombay and Commission House scale-down buying. Later the hedge selling was absorbed by local operators and trade. Prices fluctuated within a range of 4 points and finally closed at a net decline of 4 to 5 points. Middling American spot cotton prices were reduced by 9 points at 6.70d per lb.

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a decline of 5 points. At the close October was quoted 5.32 January 5.30 and March 5.30.

Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet with scattered selling. Sakels futures closed at a decline of 10 to 8 points with spot cotton 8 points down at 10.31d per lb. Uppers futures declined 2 to 3 points and spot cotton prices were lowered by 4 points at 7.58d.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular with mixed business. Sakels futures closed 4 points up to 4 points down and Asmouni futures were 2 points up to 4 points down.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Liverpool October Highest 6.32—03
Liverpool October Lowest 6.28—07

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Trade opinion anticipates decline in crop prospect of 650,000 to 1,050,000 bales.

America:—Activity fully maintained; cloth sales approximating output.

England:—Improved demand.

Continent:—Unfavourable outside Germany.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Quiet steady market awaiting Bureau. Expecting bullish report. Would sell on any advance.

Liverpool.—Operators waiting to sell at an advance in consequence of hedge selling.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool Sept. 7.

September	6.38—06
October	6.30—05
November	6.23—04
December	6.22—05
January	6.23—05
February	6.23—05
March	6.24—05
April	6.24—04
May	6.24—04
June	6.23—04
July	6.23—04
August	6.13—04
September	6.07—04
Middling spot	6.70—09

10-12 a.m. quotations.—

October	6.30
January	6.23

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept. 7.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£74
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£87 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 1/8
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£117
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£84 7/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£107 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69	£118 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 1/8
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	£15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£102 1/2
National Bank of India	£48 1/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Sept. 7.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe Jan-Feb. sellers	32/6
Wheat, Barletta Russo	Nominal
Wheat, South Australian Sept/Oct. sellers	38/6

LONDON SEEDS.

London, Sept. 7.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C. I. F. Sept. sellers	£11/15/0
Linseed, Calcutta London C. I. F. Sept/Oct. sellers	£13/12/6
Linseed, Bombay London C. I. F. Sept/Oct. sellers	£14/1/3
Rapeseed, Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Sept/Oct. sellers	£13/5/0
Castorseed, Bombay Hull C. I. F. Sept/Oct. sellers	£12/15/0

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Sept. 7.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

TRADE TENDENCIES

Bombay, Sept. 8.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern in their report issued to-day make the following observations:—

Beneficial rains are reported almost throughout the Bombay Presidency. The general feeling continues bullish and should the Bureau be around twelve million bales no material decline is anticipated. On the other hand, should the report be about 11,600,000 bales, a sharp advance to around Rs. 220 is expected. In this eventuality, we would recommend taking profit on longs, with a view to rebuying on setbacks.

SILVER was steady but business was small. Poor upcountry offtake and absence of any fresh American buying in London was offset by the cessation of Chinese selling and smaller stocks in London.

SEEDS.—Linseed was easier on selling by Calcutta operators. At night, there was a slight improvement on short covering following firmer Argentine advices. Wheat opened steady. Selling by Karachi operators was offset by local merchants buying. At night prices improved slightly on reports of prominent exporters having bought a large quantity in Karachi. Though general beneficial rains upcountry are reported the cheapness of prices and favourable parity combined with the reports that nearly 75,000 tons have so far been booked for London are sustaining factors. Liverpool wheat opened easy in sympathy with America and the recent local strength inducing profit-taking. Subsequently, prices hardened on good buying which is probably attributable to Plate interests.

Indian Cotton Figures

Since 1st Sept.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.

	This year	Last year.
Khandesh	...	84
Central India	664	98
Barsi and Nagar	...	4
Berar	480	152
Central Provinces	255	...
Total Oomras	1,379	338
Dholera	84	953
Rajputana	...	89
Sind-Punjab	415	563
Broach	118	...
Coompta and Dharwar	341	81
Westerns-Northerns	589	668
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	253
Egyptian and African	1,585	1,849
Total	4,511	4,814

American Cotton Figures

	1936-37	1935-36
F.P. Bales.		
Receipts to date 7-9-36	544000	647000
Receipts Yesterday 7-9-36	—	42000
Exports to date 7-9-36	263000	318000
Stock at Ports 5-9-36	1348000	1301000
Stock at Interior Towns 5-9-36	1218000	1179000
Stock at Liverpool 5-9-36	748000	591000
Visible Supply 5-9-36	3319000	3221000
Quantity in sight 5-9-36	885000	887000
Quantity out of sight 5-9-36	798000	787000

Bombay, Sept. 8.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Sept. 8.

B C RATES—	
T T D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D Sept-December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32 Jan 3/16
Banks buying 3 Mos.	1/6 3/16 Jan 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	265 3/4
Banks selling T T	263 3/4
Banks buying T T	261 1/2
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	575
Banks buying T T	585
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 5/8
Banks buying T T	77 3/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	56
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	55 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 3/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	93 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 7th instant	Closed
Japan/London 8th instant	1/2 1/16
Java/London 8th instant	7.38
Hongkong/London 8th instant	1/2 31/32
Shanghai/London 8th instant	1/2 3/8
London/Paris 7th instant	76.57
London/Belgium 7th instant	29.82 1/2
London/Switzerland 7th instant	15.46 1/2
London/Berlin 7th instant	12.53
London/Stockholm 7th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 7th instant	5.04 3/16
London/Amsterdam 7th instant	7.42 3/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold 5th inst	£6-18-1 1/2
Gold 7th instant	£6-18-1 1/2
Silver London Ready 5th instant	19 9/16
7th instant	19 9/16
Silver London Forward 5th instant	19 9/16
7th instant	19 9/16
Silver New York Ready. 5th instant	45
7th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 5th insant	9/16 p.c.
7th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos 5th instant	3/4 p.c.
7th instant	3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 7.

BROACH (Good Staple):—	
Fully Good	5.43
Fine	5.58
Superfine	5.73
OOMRA (No. 1 Staple):—	
Fine	5.44
Superfine	5.59
Choice	5.74
BENGAL:—	
Good	4.50
Fully Good	4.60
Fine	4.72

EXCHANGES.

London, Sept. 7.

T. T. London on:—	
New York (Closing rate)	5.04 3/16
Paris	76.57
Berlin	12.53
Madrid	nominal 43.62
Amsterdam	7.42 3/4
Brussels	29.82 1/2
Milan	64.12
Berne	15.46 1/2
Prague	121.90

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 7.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS

October	10.24
November	10.09
January	9.76
March	9.54
May	9.35
July	9.17
August	9.17
Middling Spot	10.31

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 3rd Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	This year	Last year
Europe	556	4,853
Japan and China	...	...
Coast Ports	320	759
Up-country by Rail	1,306	2,434
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	5,965	2,976
Total	8,147	11,022

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Sept. 8.

London Copper Cash (Buyers)	£38-17-6
Standard Copper 3 months	£39-2-6
Electrolytic copper	£43-10-0
New York.—	
Blue Eagle	9.85 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	9.75 cents.
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 32-14-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 40-8-0

Tone:—Firm.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Sept. 8.

Groundnut February	41 0/6
Castorseed September	33 3 0
Castorseed May	34 14 0
Cottonseed September	21 12 0
Cottonseed January	21 13 6

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 8.

Following a decline of 5 points in Liverpool cotton prices the local market opened to-day at Rs. 214/4 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 213/8 on scattered liquidation influenced by reports of beneficial rains from Gujarat and Kathiawar. The drought is broken and the crop is likely to improve. There is a general belief that the Bureau report due to-night will be bullish but often in speculative markets things do not happen as desired. The crop may be reduced but its effect on prices may be different.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of one point and the local market ruled quiet with selling by Indore operator. The local market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M 213/8.
Oomra D/J 192/4.
Bengal D/J 156/12.

U. S. Weather Forecast

Eastern Belt:—Generally fair to partly cloudy.

Central Belt:—Scattered showers.

Western Belt:—Mostly cloudy showers

FORECAST.

Fair.—Little change in temperature.
Partly cloudy, showers.
Showers probable.

TEMPERATURES.

Oklahoma City 102 degrees.

London Share Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 8.

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names.	Latest Prices.
Rostrman Gold Mining Ordinary	£0 7 3
Guest, Keen and Nettlefold Ltd.	1 15 0
Turner and Newall	4 17 3
Associated Electric Industries	2 15 0
Attock Oil	0 17 9
Associated Portland Cement	5 8 0
International Automatic Telephone	2 9 0
American Rolling Mills Co. dol	28.25
Beira Railways	1 3 3
United Br. Oilfields of Trinidad	0 13 10½
Marconi International Marine	1 15 9
Western Union Telegraph dol	90.00
General Electric Ordinary	4 14 9
Fairey Aviation Co. Ltd.	1 4 6
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	1 8 3
International Rlys. of C. America dol	6.00
Malayalam Plantations	1 13 3
British Burma Petroleum	0 8 4½
Soudan Plantation Syndicate Ord.	1 19 9
British South Africa (Chartered)	1 9 6
Pahang Consolidated Ord.	0 15 3
Indian Copper Corporation Ord.	0 4 0
Brazilian Traction Light and Power dol	11.875
The Lambert Company dol	16.75
Timken Roller Bearing Co. dol	63.50
American Can Company dol	125.50
General Foods Corporation dol	38.50
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0.10 9.49% p.a.

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept. 8.

September	212.60—100
November	205.90—50
December	204.20—120
January	203.30—80
March	201.20—40

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Sept. 7.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 214; Highest 215; Lowest 214; Closing 214 1/4.

Oomra D/J. Op. 192; Highest 192; Lowest 191 3/4; Closing 191 3/4.

Bengal D/J. Op. 155 3/4; Highest 156 1/4; Lowest 155 3/4; Closing 156 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-9-36) Rs. 6 3/4

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 21 3/4.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 4th Sept.	327
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	3,882
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,599
Increase	2,283

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Sept. 7.

3 per cent	87 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	99 1/8
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	107 7/8
4 per cent 1948/53	111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	117
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	119
5 per cent 1942/47	115 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	102 1/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	84 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	107 1/4

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Sept. 7.

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers 7 3/4

LONDON SILVER.

London, Sept. 7.

Spot	19 9/16
Forward	19 9/16

GOLD.

London, Sept. 7.

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £6-18-1 1/2

LINSEED OIL.

London, Sept. 7.

Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Sept. sellers	25/7 1/2
Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Oct-Dec. sellers	25/9

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 8.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 New Loan 101/3/0
3 per cent 1951/54 104/0
3 per cent 1941 104/8
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 99/11
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 107/13
4 per cent 1943 111/8
4 per ccent 1960/70 115/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 119/12
5 per cent 1939/44 109
5 per cent 1940/43 111/11
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 107/12

TAX FREE.

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 121/2
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 112/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125/8
5 1/2 per cent 1956 Mysore 167/9

CORPORATION LOANS TAXABLE

4 per cent B P T 1947 111/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 110/12
5 per cent M Deb 1959 119/4
6 per cent M Deb 1954 131
5 per cent S P T 1953 120/4
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1957 103/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper ruled easy and forward is quoted at Rs. 99/8/6.

PIECE-GOODS AND YARN.

Bombay, Sept. 4.

Grey, Unbleached—

	Per lb.	Rs. a. p.
Longeloth (Standard Quality)	,,	0 9 8
Longeloth (Fine Quality	,,	0 13 8
Shirtings	,,	0 9 3
Shirtings (Vegetable Quality)	,,	0 8 9
Leopard Cloth	,,	0 9 3
Dhoties (upto 1/2" nakhi Border)	,,	0 9 7
Dhoties (Calcutta, 5/8" P.B.)	,,	0 14 1
Drills	,,	0 8 2
Domestics	,,	0 8 1
Domestics	,,	0 8 1
White Bleached.—		
Longcloth	Per Piece	10 0 0
Drill	,,	8 1 0
Yarn.—		
4s (All Waste)	per lb.	0 3 7
8½s	,,	0 5 2
10½s	,,	0 5 7
12½s	,,	0 5 10
16s	,,	0 6 7
20s	,,	0 7 3
24s	,,	0 7 9
32s	,,	0 9 5
80s	,,	1 3 6

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Sept. 8.

C.P. 1 Fine	210/212
C.P. 2 Fine	203/205
Arvi Fine	203/205
Ellichpur Fine	203/205
Berar Fine	203/205
Khamgaon Fine	2/3/205
Mulkapur Fine	200/202
Khandesh Fine	200/202
Jalna/Sailu	200/202
Burwah Sanavad	202/204
Mathia	186/190
Broach	219/222
Dholleras	224/226
Punjab/American	209/219
Sindh-American	209/219
Cambodia	254/259
Compta	209/214
Westerns	209/214
Miraj	209/214
Jagadia Ankleshwar	242/246
Surat	246/249
Navsari	256/259
Kampala	346/351

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Sept. 8.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4,971
Linseed	29,409
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	1,295
Gingellyseed	989
Poppyseed	148
Groundnuts	3,755
Castorseed	1,093
Rice	48,863
Myrabollams	937
Cottonseed	1,338
Mowrasced	298
Gram	1,748
Joowar	756
Maize	93
Barley	260
Bajree	285
Indian Sugar	5,503 Tons.
Coal	3,827

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

B. I. S. N. Coy.'s s.s. Ormara of 2978 Reg. tons, Capt. D. J. B. Barling arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin, Alleppey, Cochin, Calicut and Mangalore with general cargo.

Volkart Bros. s.s. Silverpine of 3,191 Reg. tons, Capt. O. Fletcher, arrived from Montreal via New York, South African Ports, Port Louis, Mauritius, Singapore, Penang, Balawan and Colombo with general cargo.

Lloyd Triestino Coy.'s s.s. Tergestia of 3,708 Reg. tons, Capt. S. Marino arrived from Trieste via Venice, Fiume, Spalato, Brindisi, Port Said, Suez and Karachi with general cargo.

Graham's Trading Coy.'s s.s. Elysia of 4,211 Reg. tons, Capt. J. B. Caithness arrived from Glasgow via Liverpool, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said, Suez, and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

O. S. Kaisha's s.s. Shunko Maru of 5,027 Reg. tons, Capt. T. Urayama arrived from Karachi with general cargo.

Volkart Bros. s.s. Silveray of 2,626 Reg. tons, Capt. R. G. Tillmouth arrived from Vancouver via West Coast, U. S. A. Phillipines, Java, Singapore, and Colombo with general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

M. M. and Coy.'s s.s. Dalgoma of 3,571 Reg. tons, Capt. P. H. Beeching sailed for Karachi and Kathiawar Coast Ports with local and same bottom cargo.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Tijinca of 3,082 Reg. tons, Capt. T. Walter sailed for Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon in ballast.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Potter of 3,833 Reg. tons, Capt. H. E. Sanders sailed for Calcutta via Madras with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

The following steamer entered for Loading on 8-9-36.

S. S. Conte Verde (L. T.) for Europe and American ports.

SLIGHTLY BETTER ENQUIRY FOR STEEL SHARES

Hydro-Electrics Quiet

BOMBAY: September 8.

Reports of beneficial rains from Gujarat and Kathiawar failed to influence any impressive buying to-day in Share Bazar, which was open for one hour owing to approaching "Valan."

There was slightly better enquiry for Tata Steel Shares, which resulted in a small further rise in prices. Hydro-Electric Shares were quiet and silent liquidation under the belief that present prices discount all bullish factors. Cotton Mill Shares were fairly steady with limited enquiry. Cement Shares were quiet but steady.

It is said that new Cement Companies, which are under formation, will take a long time to put their production in the market. It is also said that shares of new companies at a price of cent. per cent. premium will be less attractive than holding Cement Merger Shares. The market opinion seems divided. The progress of industries is mainly due to manage currency and exports of gold. In foreign countries' Governments are spending huge amounts on armaments and thus find employment for the unemployed, but in this country there is nothing like Government help. The protection to the Textile Industry has failed to do any good as will be seen from the ruling quotations of our Mill Shares.

Money is cheap and there is abundant supply of it at cheap rates. This is the sustaining factor and mostly responsible for the present boom in shares. Our Steel Industry is a promising one and the facility of forward business on the local Stock Exchange is attracting buyers from all over the country.

Professional Operators are holding aloof, possibly the technical position of the market demands inaction or that there is nothing at the moment to build up a bullish account.

TEXTILE MILLS

BOMBAY, Sept. 8.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 9)	283 12
500 Bombay Cotton	10 0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	658 2
250 Bradbury	62 0
100 Century (nil)	126 4
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	226 4
100 Colaba (nil)	121 4
100 Coorla	90 0
250 David	60 0
125-50 I. Conty (Rs. 7-8)	385 0
100 Reserve Bank (2-3-5)	135 12
5 Union (As. 4)	5 6

CEMENTS

10 Bundi (Rs. 1-6)	35 2
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	125 10
160 Indian (Rs. 24)	483 12
40 Kanti def. (101-15)	2080 0
100 Katni ord. (Rs. 6)	353 12
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	270 0
100 Punjabs (Rs. 12)	25 6
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	481 4
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	XD 140 4

INSURANCE

15-100 Jupiter (As. 12).	13 8
15-75 New India (1-4)	44 4
200 Oriental (125)	5310 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7 6

ELECTRIC

100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	186 14
1000 Andhra Valley (45)	1,670 0
10 Ajmer (As 4)	13 14
40 B'bay Tram (2-8)	XR 155 5
100 Bombay Suburban	215 0
10 Broach	12 14
100 Karachi (4)	241 4
100 Poona (Rs. 4)	247 0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	200 0
100 Tata Hydro (4/8 plus 0/8)	191 15
100 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1,630 0

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	905 0
100 C. Province	99 8
100 Dhond Baramati	106 8
100 Gujarat	99 0
100 Mandra Bhon	103 4
100 Pachora Jamner	99 0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101 0
500 Tapty Valley (17/8)	775 0

MININGS

10 Shivrajpur (As. 6)	37 4
30 Tata Steel def. (Rs. 7-8	728 12
75 Tata Steel ord. (Rs. 6)	185 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	235 10
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10-2)	202 8
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15)	290 10
250 B'bay Burma	494 6
50 Bombay Burma (Com. (4)	165 10
8sh. B. B. Petrol (nil)	5-11
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	116 8
100 I. Bleaching (nil)	116 4
100 I. Radio defd. (12)	540 0
100 I. Radio ord. (15)	537 8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 2)	583 12
15 Scindia (As. 6)	19 3
30 Premier Const. (Re. 1-1)	82 0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	16 12

PREFERENCE

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1,535 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	316 4
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87 8
5 p.c. Central India	533 12
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146 4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13 0
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Hydro	163 2
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1.620 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	198 12
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	166 8
5½ p.c. Tata Mill	9 8
7 p.c. Vishnu	675 0

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Sept. 8.

Century (125/10) 126 123 125 126/4
Bom. Dyeing (658/2) 661 658 660 658/2
Kohinoor (218/12) 220 218 219 220
Central India (225/10) 226 225 226
New Great (125) 125 123 125/10
Simplex (63/12) 63/12
Swadeshi (170) 170 168 170 169/6
Bundi (35/4) 35/4 35/2 35 35/2
I. Cement (485) 483 485 481 483 482 483
Punjab (25/8) 25/8 25/6
Shahabad (480) 480 482 481
Andhra (1675) 1675 1670
Tata Hydro (193/12) 192 191/14 192/3 190/15
Tata Power (1636/4) 1632 1627 1628 1639
Tram Ord. (155/5) 155
T. Steel Dfd. (726/4) 726 722 728
T. Steel Ord. (185/4) 185/8 184/12 185/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (165/4) 165/8 165/12 166/8
Bellapur (201/14) 202 201 202
B. Steam (291/4) 291 290/10
B. Burma (495) 493 495 492 494 494/6

250 Dawn	287 8
I. E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0 2 6
100 Finlay (nil)	112 8
100 Kokak (Rs. 2-8)	190 10
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,620 0
100 Indore (nil)	35 10
100 Khatau	57 8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	220 0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	570 0
100 Madhavji	6 8
250 Madras United	25 0
1000 Morarji (nil)	600 0
250 Model	40 0
50 Mysore (Rs. 2)	85 10
200 New Great (nil)	125 10
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	54 0
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	262 8
25 Sassoon Silk (nil)	35 0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 60)	1.840 0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-8)	63 12
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	169 6
100 Swan (nil)	80 0
25 Tata (nil)	9 0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,165 0
1000 Western	800 0

BANKS

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	111 8
25-50 Central (As. 12)	33 14
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	131 8
50 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1556 4

Linseed And Wheat

BOMBAY, Sept. 8.

Our market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover. Good export enquiry for wheat from London at Karachi is holding the market but recent reports indicate beneficial rains. The tone of the market was quiet and we do not look for any runaway markets.

Linseed Sept. 7-11-3.
Linseed May 7-3-6.
Wheat Sept 4-15-6.
Wheat Jan. 5-3-6.
Wheat May 4-14-6.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 8.

Yesterday London gold prices were unchanged at £6.18.1½ Dollar Sterling cross rate was quoted 5.04 3/16 and London Paris exchange rate was 6 points up at 76.57. London Silver market was quiet but steady with prices unchanged at 19 9/16d. Montreal market was closed and Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1-2 3/8.

Our market was quiet with a limited turnover and prices moved within a narrow range.

	GOLD	SILVER
Ready	24-2-0	43-12-0
Bhadarva delivery	24-2-3	43-13-0
Bhadarva Teji Mandi	0-2-9	0-10 0
Aso delivery	24-2-3	43-14-0
Aso Teji Mandi	0-4-3	1-1-0

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Sept. 8.

	Rs. a. p.
Java ready	13 8 0
A/S. shipment	3 10 6
O/D. shipment	3 11 0
Kesar ready	13 0 0
Saraya ready	13 0 6
Spot Java	F.3.50

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REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 9 1936

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Four Adjournment Motions Disallowed

Towards Brighter Bombay

PROBLEMS THAT MUST BE TACKLED IMMEDIATELY

(BY: P. W. WAGH)

Nobody would assert that stray suggestions here and there or a casual campaign would change the face of Bombay all at once as if by a magic wand but what is required is continuous and sustained efforts by the Municipality, the public and the Government. A fixed plan of making Bombay Brighter must be a source of inspiration to all alike and this will require a thorough investigation and careful survey of various public services such as public cleansing, roads and transport, street lighting, medical relief, open spaces and playgrounds and a variety of other problems and last but not the least important, the question of slum service or slum clearance and the housing of the poor and the homeless. It is not my intention to go deeply in all these questions as it is for the experts in each line to suggest the best measures to remedy the evils but I feel it my duty to express my views, for what they are worth, on some of the problems that confront us in our daily life.

LITTER QUESTION

Modern cleasing problems are common to all countries but they differ in degrees, if not in kind, according to the standard of civilization and education attained by individual members of the community and in the case of Bombay, which is inhabited by a score of different communities, the problem of cleansing presents a very difficult solution and more so the litter question. From what I have seen for myself it is my firm conviction that if at all Bombay has ever to put on a clean and bright appearance, the litter question must be solved first and tackled firmly but wisely. Throwing of rubbish and kutchra on public roads must be regarded as a criminal offence and for this the hand of law must be made strong enough to deal effectively with the offenders. The Public Health Department, with thousands of scavengers, would effect little or nothing in the absence of public cooperation in this respect and it is the foremost duty of every responsible citizen who has the good of the city at his heart to try his utmost to minimise this evil. Fouling of streets and gullies is, in the main, responsible for the spread of diseases in the City.

IMPROVEMENT OF ROADS

The question of roads is akin to this litter question and, in spite of the proud boast that the city's roads are constructed with the best materials available, one is prone to be sceptical and enquire whether things cannot be improved to some extent so far as the result on public health is concerned. In olden times the roads used to absorb as much amount of rain as it possibly could and thus tend to lower the temperature and produce cool effects on the surrounding localities. The asphalted roads of our city flooded with rain water dry up earlier than our drenched clothes but in hot season they actually rediate such unbearable heat from within that walking on them becomes an ordeal for the poor pedestrians who are unable to spend anything for shoes and for the dumb animals. They are alright for those who can afford the luxury of a motor car but roads are meant as much for the pedestrians as the motorists and it is the duty of the Municipality to look to the convenience of both instead of one class of people to the detriment of the other. It is, therefore, for consideration whether the construction of these roads cannot be improved upon and the Municipal executive would do well to bring their minds to bear on this.

WASTAGE OF WATER

The so-called scarcity of water supply has been much made of nowadays in and outside the four corners of the Corporation Hall and schemes after schemes have been sanctioned on the promises held out by the executive which have not been fulfilled. But nobody has so far thought fit to tackle the question of the wastage of water. It must be remembered that the city has a copious supply of water so far, as every man, woman and child uses 70 gallons of water every day but side by side more than 30 million gallons of water is wasted every day. Certainly the executive cannot be held responsible in any way for this wastage but the public and especially some women folk and domestic servants who are in the habit of keeping utensils below the tap and wander about for hours together. I know there will be a hue and cry raised all over the city if a proposal is brought forward to meter the water supply of each and every house and I doubt very much whether the executive itself would think it worth while. I am not ignoring the fact that in some of the buildings there is an unequal distribution of water and the plight of those who live on the upper floors and who have to shout at the top of their voices to their more fortunate friends on the lower floors for water is really pitiable. But what I would like to emphasize is that if the amount of water that is wasted daily would be utilised for flushing the streets and the gullies twice instead of once Bombay would certainly enjoy better health.

FROM PILLAR TO POST

Turning to the question of drainage one is surprised to find that there is no co-ordination of work between the Public Health Department and the City Engineer's Department. There is always a noticeable tendency of one department to shirk its responsibility and throw it on the other and the tenant who complains of a choked up or overflowing house connection is driven from pillar to post and between these two dignitaries the tenant comes to an end and cause of nuisance exists unattended to, thus endangering the health of the inhabitants of the localities. I would request the authorities not to treat the complaints of the public in a light-hearted fashion, thus endangering human life.

OPEN SPACES

Open spaces and recreation grounds have become an exception instead of a rule in this city of ours which we style as 'Urbs Prima in Indis'. Every inch of a ground is being built upon with no consideration for the ventilation and light affecting other buildings nearby and whatever is left, like Chowpatty, is encroached upon by the hawkers who have turned a one-time beautiful sea-shore into a veritable menace to the health of the members of the public who have no other means of enjoying fresh breeze. What mother nature had given, human ingenuity has taken away and the people are deprived of what little they had. One cannot deny that the hawkers and squatters do form a part of our existence but at the same time to allow them to encroach upon open spaces and footpaths is a thing unheard-of and results in a number of accidents as the pedestrians are driven to the streets from the footpath by those hawkers. There is a misplaced sympathy for the hawkers and the stereotyped argument is always put forward that if we do not tolerate them the number of burglars in the city would increase by leaps and bounds. Hawkers do make an honest living by fulfilling the needs of the community who find it impossible to go to the markets for anything and everything but because of this their presence on the footpaths and open spaces should be connived at is an illogical argument.

BAD MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS

Turning to the question of the health of our city's children who form the backbone of the country one is surprised that a large number of them is suffering from one disease or another and the reason is not far to seek. Most of their time is spent in the schools and the conditions of our Municipal schools is deplorable, to use a very mild phrase. The buildings in which these schools are located were not meant for this purpose but for residence and, therefore, the rooms are ill-ventilated, dark and completely devoid of open spaces where the children could spend at least few minutes, if not hours, in healthy forms of recreation. It was amusing to note in this connection that one of the City Fathers had gone to the extent of suggesting that public roads should be closed for vehicular traffic for a fixed period during the day so as to admit children to play on them and this speaks more than enough for the absence of open spaces and playgrounds in the city. I cannot leave this subject without sounding a note of request to Government to see that the reclamation area is not turned into another Chowpatty within a few days. Signs are not wanting towards this and the sooner the Government adopts a firm attitude the better will it be for the health of the city.

PLIGHT OF THE POOR

Much has already been said and written about slum clearance or slum service and public housing and I, therefore, do not wish to dilate on these points. But it is a pitiable sight to see hundreds of our fellow-citizens housed amidst dirty and insanitary surroundings, hardly enjoying any breeze or light. In one room tenements a number of people huddle together thus giving cause for disease. Those who cannot afford the luxury of electric lights pass their nights with the aid of olden times lamps scarcely giving enough light to see each other's face, let alone reading and writing. More pitiable is the sight of those who make public footpaths as their rest-house with only the sky as their canopy and it is difficult to imagine the plight of these unfortunate people in rainy season. It is, therefore, a primary concern of the Municipality as well as Government to accommodate them in public rest-houses or Dharmashalas with ordinary amenities of light and air.

After everything is said and done the question that remains is whether Bombay can be made brighter within its present boundaries and whether it is possible to give relief to congested localities by means of expansion with a view to distribute the population on an equitable basis. There is no reason why the Municipal limits should not be extended upto Kurla on one side and Bandra on the other. Such a merger would certainly be welcome to the suburbanites as expressed by them on several occasions. They spend a major part of their time in the city enjoying all the civic amenities without having to pay anything towards the cost of maintaining these amenities. The terminal tax would have done something to remove the above complaint of the city's representatives but the Government of India turned down the proposal for no specific reason whatsoever. If the limits of the city were to be extended and the suburbs brought within the fold of the city a definite plan for housing would be feasible. No doubt, the Improvement Trust tried to tackle this question as far as it could, but, contrary to expectations, it has become a white elephant and has burdened the Corporation with heavy debts.

To conclude, it may be stated that Bombay is the nerve centre of all our economic, political and social activities and is the mainstay of the whole Presidency. It is, therefore, of vital importance that it should maintain its high position against all odds and let us, therefore, hope that the public, the Corporation and Government will all strive towards a common end of making it a healthier, cleaner and a Brighter City.

Mr. R. G. Patil, M.A., well-known Bombay University cricket player, sailed for England for further studies on the 5th inst. He has been sent by H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur.

Ban On Political Workers & Candidates

Assembly President Rules Out Three Motions

And Governor-General Believes Externment Of Masani Is Not Primarily His Concern

SIMLA, September 8.

The President announced that the Governor-General had disallowed Mr. Mohanlal Saxena's adjournment motion relating to Mr. Masani's externment from the Punjab on the ground that it was not primarily the concern of the Governor-General.

MOTIONS RULED OUT

Three adjournment motions were ruled out of order by the President to-day on the ground that they did not specify the points on which debates were sought.

One was by Sardar Mangal Singh, who referred by way of explanation to the imposition of restrictions on certain political workers in the Punjab, including two persons who are candidates for provincial election.

The second was by Mr. Syed Murtuza Sahib, who mentioned that the ban on certain Muslims in Lucknow from reciting songs in praise of the companions of the Prophet.

The third was by Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, who also referred to the cases of restrictions on political workers.

Mr. Mohanlal Saxena wished to move an adjournment motion to discuss the externment order on Mr. Masani from the Punjab.

Sir N. N. Sircar objected to the motion on the ground that the matter was not primarily the concern of the Governor-General in Council.

The President fixed 4 p.m. for discussion of the motion.

Sir N N. Sircar moved the consideration of the Indian Companies Bill as emerged from the Select Committee.—A. P.

UNFAIR TO PRESIDENT

Satyamurthi Deplores Law Member's Attitude In Assembly

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

Mr. Satyamurthi has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"I should like to invite the attention of the public of India to the position taken up by the Honourable the Law Member yesterday in respect of my Adjournment Motion regarding the activities of Local Government interfering with the election activities of Congressmen and all Congress organisations in the Provinces, especially in the North West Frontier Province.

"I am glad that a wrong practice has been set right by the President's ruling yesterday. Adjournment Motions can no longer be disallowed before they ripen into motions with the consent of the President and with the leave of the House, expressly or impliedly given. But the Law Member's attitude yesterday raises an important constitutional question.

When the President, holding my motion to be in order, asked if the Government had any objection the Honourable Law Member stated, "I have no objections to put before you at this stage." I invite attention to the words "before you."

Unfair To House.

It has been held in this House as well as in the House of Commons, that the President has got to hold an Adjournment Motion to be in order. It was, therefore, up to the Law Member in fairness to the President and to the House to State his objections, if any. But the Honourable the Law Member's attitude was much less than fair to the House.

The House has got to give leave, it may refuse leave, or give leave, and is not bound to state any reasons. The only two grounds on which the Governor-General may disallow adjournment motions are: (1) They are detrimental to the public interest or (2) they touch on matters which are not primarily the concern of the Government of India. My contention is that all relevent objections to any adjournment motion must be stated by the Government on the floor of the House. To decline to do so, and to simply go to the Governor-General behind the back of the President and of the House and get a fiat, disallowing the motion, is greatly unfair to the Chair and to the House, and, if I may add, even to the Governor-General. I hope this practice will now go."—United Press.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *Mystery Of The "Red Aces"*

HAW! SCOTLAND YARD!
SHH-!--- MORNING, INSPECTOR!
NO WONDER THEY'RE LAUGHING! FINE DETECTIVES WE ARE — WE HAVE THE KILLER IN OUR HANDS AND HE GETS AWAY!
BULLET
WADE, HOW DID THE MURDERER GET INTO WENTFORD'S HOUSE? HE LET NO ONE IN BUT OFFICER VERITY AT NIGHT!
HMM-
LYMAN ANDERSON
DONAVAN, LOOK AT THIS DESCRIPTION OF VERITY! THERE'S SOMETHING — WRONG!
8-11
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CONGRESS R. C. MEETING POSTPONED

FAIZPUR: Sept. 8.

Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, Chairman of the Reception Committee of the ensuing session of the Indian National Congress, announces that the meeting of the Reception Committee, previously announced to meet on September 13, has been postponed to September 20, in view of the fact that such a postponement will facilitate the work of the Reception Committee.—United Press.

An intercaste marriage between Seth Maganlal Gadabhai (Swetambar Jain) of Utari District Surat, and Kumari Laxmibai Digambar Jain of Ashram was celebrated at Akola on 7th instant at 7 p.m.

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